1 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 2 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 3 BEFORE THE HONORABLE JACK KOMAR, JUDGE 4 ---000---5 6 COORDINATION PROCEEDING SPECIAL TITLE (RULE 1550(b)) 7 ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER CASES) JUDICIAL COUNCIL 8 COORDINATION PROCEEDING NO. 4408 9 SANTA CLARA COUNTY 10 CASE NO. 1-05-CV-049053 (E-Posting/E-Service 11 Purposes Only) 12 LOS ANGELES COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT CASE NO. BC 325 201 13 14 ---000---15 16 REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS 17 DEPARTMENT NO. 12 18 JANUARY 22, 2015 19 ---000---20 21 22 23 APPEARANCES: 24 FOR PHELAN PINON HILLS: WESLEY A. MILIBAND, ESQ. 25 26 FOR THE WILLIS PLAINTIFFS: RALPH KALFAYAN, ESQ. LYNNE M. BRENNAN, ESQ. 27 FOR THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES: JANET K. GOLDSMITH, ESQ. 28

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1 SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA JANUARY 22, 2015 2 PROCEEDINGS 3 4 THE COURT: All right. Good morning and thank you for not complaining about 5 the eleven o'clock start time for this hearing. I appreciate 6 7 it. We have several matters on calendar. You've all 8 9 received or had an opportunity to examine the Notice to 10 Counsel setting forth our agenda. 11 I'm going to start with the first item, which is the 12 motion by the Blum Trust. The Court has issued a tentative 13 ruling. 14 Mr. Blum? 15 MR. BLUM: Good morning, Your Honor. Sheldon Blum 16 on behalf of the Blum Trust. What I would like to comment, Your Honor, is that 17 18 the beauty of making a Motion for Summary Judgement and 19 submitting documentation is in conjunction with oral argument 20 that's to be heard at a hearing, which is for today. And I 21 realize that this Court finds that there may be a defect in 22 the judicial notice document submitted, but I think it's a 23 matter of writing style. 24 I notice that in the judicial notice of statute, it 25 specifically requires the party to provide sufficient notice 26 of the request through the pleadings or, otherwise, to enable 27 such adverse party to prepare to meet the request and furnish the Court with sufficient information to enable it to take 28

1 judicial notice of the matter. That's exactly what the Blum 2 Trust did. In the judicial notice documents, both Evidence Code 3 451, 452, and 453 were cited. And those exhibits were 4 5 identified as one in the declaration of Sheldon Blum and they're also identified in the Memorandum of Points and 6 7 Authorities in support. Interesting that the reply brief also mentioned that 8 a Court's file is subject to judicial notice with hearsay 9 10 exceptions. And the 25 documents, which include both exhibit lists and judicial notice documents, all fit completely 11 12 within hearsay exceptions. We have an admission by the declarant. We have an 13 14 authorized admission under Evidence Code 1222. We have a declaration that is made in connection with the right title 15 16 or interest in property or a claim which is in issue under 17 Evidence Code 1225. 18 Under Evidence Code 1414, you have an admission that 19 relies upon authenticity by an adverse party. That's 20 important because our writing may be authenticated by 21 evidence that the party against whom it is offered at any 22 time had admitted its authenticity, or the writing has been 23 acted upon as authenticated by the party to whom it's offered. 24 25 When we're talking about deeds of trust, we've 26 got -- we have documents that are -- disposes of --27 conveyances are acceptable. We have official writings under 28 Evidence Code 1280. We have -- and also Evidence Code 1530.

We have recorded writings under Evidence Code 1532, which is the record of a fact, and in an office of a public entity, in the statute, authorizes such writing to be reported in that office.

5 And we have presumptions of signatures of public 6 employees, specifically under Evidence Code 1453. Signature 7 is presumed to be genuine and authorized if it is purported 8 to be the signature affixed in the official capacity of a 9 public employee of the United States or a public entity. We 10 also have the ancient writings under, for example, the two 11 well index cards because they're over 30 years old.

So I am a little uncertain as to why this Court would not consider those documents in light of the part of the Court's file they're admissions, they're official records, the recorded records, and there's no issue of its authenticity.

I would also comment that, with that in mind, if considered, you would find that the Blum Trust is entitled to a judgement as a matter of law. There hasn't been any controverted evidence, by declaration or otherwise, some other form of evidentiary matter which could reasonably give you inferences. There's just a running boilerplate list of objections for the evidence.

The purpose behind these kinds of motions is to avoid the trial and the expense. And when you're talking about consistent claims of place of use, talking of the way in which it's calculated by the applied crop duty with the water efficiency values, and we're talking about the highest usage between 2001 and 2011, this is the judicial benchmark.
 There's no question that Blum Plaza has established 531 acre
 feet per year.

And also, we have the declaration of Ali Sharudi (phonetic) who is our expert, that has specifically gone through all of the records and laid a proper foundation for that opinion to come in. It is uncontroverted. And, basically, the argument is whether the Blum Trust water rights are inferior or subordinate or non-existent to that of the public water suppliers.

And I clearly have established, through the evidence, and through written argument, that the Blum Trust water rights are either priority to the -- or superior to the public water suppliers or otherwise co-equal but certainly not subordinate.

16 And I also know that the Court has mentioned that there's a defect in proof by the cause of action not listing 17 18 an element. It's the burden of proof of the public water 19 suppliers to establish that their water rights are superior 20 to Blum Plaza, Blum Trust, or otherwise that the usage of 21 their water from whatever settlement they make is still at a 22 deficiency to the Blum Trust such that they then can try to 23 capture Blum Trust water rights.

That's been a serious defect in the element of the Complaint because we don't have that as a basis to say that there is a point so that we are able to capture it all from Blum Trust water rights, and that's important to keep in mind. I also want to point out that Blum Trust, as this Court has always been advised, has been treated unequal to that of others, and as a result, not being entitled to its due process. There's no reason or rational basis for Blum Trust not to have been part of that settlement group. Let's not overlook that in the event the place of use should be disputed, it's still viable.

But, more importantly, the Blum Trust has 8 correlative rights as well. If it doesn't come in under --9 10 if the Blum Trust can't be part of the settlement group as an 11 overlying land owner with a quantified right on usage in case 12 of overdraft or drought, then it certainly comes in under its 13 correlative right, in that we've established that we hold 14 title to the overlying land, which is situated above the 15 basin.

16 So there was a denial of the equal protection for not being a member of that and being singled out. And I know 17 18 this Court makes it sound as if that's not critical, but it 19 actually is because if you were able to glean from what the 20 public water suppliers' argument was, that Blum Trust can 21 establish self help since '51 through 2004, and, therefore, 22 has no self help and, therefore, no defense to the 23 descriptive right.

Yet, if you're a member of the settlement, you don't have to worry over that insurmountable burden of proof of establishing 60 years of self-usage and through two generations of farmers.

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So it seems to me that being a member of that

settlement group, you're avoiding the insurmountable burden 1 2 of having to prove self help because all you're showing is that you used the water between 2001 and 2012 to get a water 3 right. And, basically, that's exactly what the Blum Trust 4 5 has always attempted to do. So, in essence, Your Honor, we have a defect in 6 7 proof on a public water suppliers based upon my current 8 arguments, as well as that the unequal protection for eight 9 consecutive years has to be readdressed by this Court, and 10 that is simply allowing the 531 acre feet per year to come 11 in. 12 And yet, separate and distinct from that, there's 13 been nothing to refute, rebut, or dilute what's been said by 14 the expert, Mr. Ali Sharudi. So based on that declaration alone, Blum Trust is 15 16 entitled to a judgement as a matter of law. And I would wait for the response before I continue. 17 18 THE COURT: All right. 19 Counsel -- any of counsel in opposition like to 20 comment or argue? 21 MR. BUNN: Your Honor, Thomas Bunn for Palmdale 22 Water District. I don't want to argue. I want to submit on 23 the tentative, but I want to point out that the tentative 24 ruling, in its list of the names of the public water 25 suppliers, does not include Palmdale Water District, my 26 client. We did join in the opposition to the summary 27 judgement motion. We were one of the parties against whom 28 the Blum Trust sought summary judgement and, of course, we

1 did sue him. 2 So I would like to request the final ruling include Palmdale Water District in that list. Unless I missed it, I 3 looked through it a couple of times. 4 5 THE COURT: It does include the City of Palmdale, but not the Palmdale Water District; is that what you're 6 7 saying? 8 MR. BUNN: That's what I'm saying. 9 THE COURT: You filed your opposition? 10 MR. BUNN: The opposition filed by the public water 11 suppliers, including Palmdale Water District. 12 THE COURT: Well, technically, you're probably 13 included by the language that says, "Oppositions have been 14 filed or joined in by the public water suppliers, including, but certainly not excluding." We'll make sure that reflects 15 16 your position. 17 Thank you, Your Honor. MR. BUNN: 18 THE COURT: Anybody else wish to be heard? 19 Mr. Blum, do you want to conclude on rebuttal as to 20 what was just said? 21 There's nothing that I believe would be MR. BLUM: 22 important for me to say. 23 THE COURT: Thank you. 24 Mr. Blum, I know how hard you worked on preparing 25 your motion and the reply. I also know what your concerns 26 are about being -- having a fair opportunity to present your 27 case and to participate fully in these proceedings and to 28 have due process, as well as equal protection under the law.

And, of course, my judgement is you've not been 1 2 deprived of any of that by the Court. The Court has given you an opportunity to present, fully, all of your arguments 3 as well as your evidence, as well as your opinion as to the 4 propriety of the evidence, its admissibility, and so on. 5 The fact that a group of parties to this litigation 6 7 have entered into a tentative agreement to settle their interests, vis-a-vis each other, is entirely appropriate. 8 Any parties who wish to settle among themselves may 9 certainly do so. For whatever reason, to the extent that 10 11 they choose not to include other parties who may have a 12 similar interest in their settlement is beyond the scope of this Court's jurisdiction to deal with or to control. 13 14 If parties wish to settle among themselves, they may And in this case, there have been, so far, two 15 do so. 16 settlement proposals that have gone beyond just the discussion, the Woods Class and the Willis Class. The Willis 17 18 Class resulted in a judgement. That's totally different and apart from any adjudicative issues with your client. 19 That's

20 between the parties that sued the Willis Class initially, 21 sued Ms. Willis and others.

And the cross-Complaint that was filed by Mrs. Willis as a cross-Complainant against the public water suppliers and only against the public water suppliers, if I recall correctly, that settlement was approved by the Court. There were initial objections by several of the parties to that settlement on the basis of that, somehow or other, it was going to affect them. But, in effect, all it really did

was limit the public water suppliers in any response they 1 2 might make to water issues with regard to the non-pumper class. 3 The Wood's class, or Wood Class, more accurately, 4 5 has entered into a settlement agreement with a number of parties. That has yet to be approved by the Court. б It's 7 going to be set for preliminary approval hearing's time today. It's actually already been set for that but it's 8 9 being asked to be moved for good cause. 10 In terms of your request for judicial notice, the documents that you've requested, the Court notice have not 11 12 been authenticated, number one. And, number two, the 13 documents which you've requested, for the most part, could be 14 recognized with proper authentication and foundation, but the substance of the material in the documents is not admissible 15 16 for the truth of the matter asserted therein. There are very few exceptions where such facts 17 18 become not only noticeable, but are deemed proven as a result 19 of the Court taking judicial notice of those documents. 20 With regard to the public water suppliers' burden to 21 prove their water rights, you're absolutely right: They do 22 have a duty and a burden to prove their water rights with regard to the prescription with regard to your client's 23 24 property. That has not yet happened. 25 They are talking with others about settling their 26 claims to prescriptive rights. That's going to be, 27 presumably, part of the settlement, and that settlement only 28 relates to the parties entering into and not to your client,

1 so that your client still stands free of a claim till it's 2 proven. At this point, your client owns property. 3 4 Presumably, the property that you referenced, which as the 5 Court, I think, indicated in its decision, tentative decision, acknowledges your ownership but certainly not the 6 details that are contained within the non-authenticated 7 deeds, the non-certified documents. 8 9 So that both the details of the property and the 10 location of any wells on your property have yet to be proved. 11 That's one of the failures, but not the total failure, for 12 the reason if you read the Court's decision carefully, the 13 reason for the Court's ruling as it did in its tentative 14 decision. 15 There are no unequal rights that are being accorded 16 to you by this Court or this judicial process. You have 17 every right, under the law and the constitution, and the 18 Court is obviously going to ensure that those rights are 19 protected in every way and giving you an opportunity to 20 establish whatever those rights are. 21 There's no question that a property owner, and 22 overlying owner to an aquifer, has the right to a reasonable beneficial use, subject to whatever restrictions can be 23 24 proved by showing a contrary interest to another party. Ι 25 don't know how many acre feet you have produced on your land. 26 There's no conflict evidence to establish that at this point, 27 but your motion for summary judgement versus -- or I should

28 say summary -- alternatively summary adjudication does not

establish there is no issue of fact as to your claim.

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2 Having said that, it's not a determination that you have no water rights. It's not a determination as to what 3 limitations there may be on your water rights. It's only a 4 determination that you have not proved that, by the evidence 5 that you presented or attempted to present, that you have a 6 7 specific water right or that the public water suppliers have any prescriptive right. It has nothing to do in the 8 determination of the Court as to any of those things. It's 9 10 just that you haven't proved your case.

And I warned you before you undertook to file this rather large motion for summary judgement and summary adjudication that, in my experience, it's very difficult in a case such as this, particularly where there are controversies between parties, to be able to establish that you have a particular right and that there's no issue of fact as to that.

The thrust of your case -- the thrust of your motion is that you are part of a farming unit with Bolthouse. That's the thrust of your case. Therefore, because Bolthouse was pumping water and using it on your land because it was a farming unit, you have a right to a claim to that amount of pumping.

The facts are in dispute, and, clearly, the law is in dispute with regard to the claim of a farming unit, and I don't know how that's going to turn out because it's, to my mind, not adequately briefed. And because there's issue of fact, the Court doesn't have to make that decision at this 1 point.

So I'm going to affirm the tentative decision denying your motion for summary judgement or summary adjudication for the reasons that I've stated, both here in the decision and here on the record, but I felt it important to respond to your specific allegations here in your argument that you have somehow or other been deprived of your rights to due process and equal protection under the law.

9 That is not established by any evidence that has 10 been presented to the Court. So I really felt a need to 11 comment on that. It has nothing to do with your correlative 12 rights which are preserved, whatever those rights may be. 13 And the fact that this settlement that is proposed, both by 14 the so-called global settlement, as well as the Wood Class settlement, have, really, no bearing whatsoever on whatever 15 16 rights you might have.

Now, I have not read the proposed settlement, but I
can assure you that if it imposed upon your rights and you
were not a party to that settlement, the Court would not
approve it.

21 So having said that, I'm going to grant -- I'm 22 sorry -- deny the motion. I'm going to affirm the tentative 23 decision that I published.

24 MR. BLUM: Your Honor, may I just add one point? And 25 that is, it appears that this Court isn't taking into 26 consideration the declaration of Ali Sharudi.

27 THE COURT: Yeah, the Court is. I'm not taking that 28 as -- it's almost irrelevant because, first of all, Mr.

Sharudi is opining about a lot of things that are not within 1 2 his -- not properly within his opinion for him to look at and 3 consider. 4 The fact that there was pumping, the fact that it 5 was on somebody else's property is clear. Nobody is really arguing that, but it doesn't matter in terms of the Court's 6 7 decision in terms of the summary judgement or summary adjudication. 8 9 Thank you, Your Honor. MR. BLUM: Okay. 10 THE COURT: All right. And I do appreciate the 11 amount of work that you put in on this motion, but I can 12 assure you that the Court put an enormous amount of work in 13 reviewing and reading and considering your motion and 14 supporting authorities, as well as all of the opposition to 15 it. I'm not going to tell you how many hours I spent on it. 16 All right. So that's going to be the order. I thank you 17 very much. All right. The motion -- let's deal with Mr. 18 19 Miliband's motion, Phelan Pinion Hills Statement of 20 Decision. 21 MR. MILIBAND: Good morning, Your Honor. Wes 22 Miliband appearing on behalf of Phelan Pinon Hills Community 23 Services District. 24 THE COURT: Yes. Good morning. 25 MR. MILIBAND: So I did see the Court's tentative or 26 proposed Statement of Decision and, frankly, Your Honor, I 27 don't want to spend a lot of time this morning, but I would 28 like to make a few points, make some comments.

I did do a side-by-side, page-by-page comparison of 1 2 the proposed statement that was submitted by Mr. Dunn on behalf of District 40 and some of the other parties in 3 complete comparison to the Court's proposed statement. 4 Ι didn't really see a whole lot of significant change or, 5 really, any significant change, for that matter. So I really 6 7 do stand on the grounds that I put forth through the two particular filings which were from November 17th and from 8 December 18th. 9

10 Beyond that, though, I would like to make some 11 observations about it. One thing that was in neither 12 proposed Statement of Decision is, really, the fact that back 13 in early 2011, during the Phase 3 trial, when I was 14 attempting to present some evidence, the Court said, "We'll hear that another day," and that day was last November of 15 16 2014. Even following that, first with me in trial before, Your Honor, was before there was an overdraft finding. 17 And 18 then following that, through the Phase 3 decision was very 19 explicit language saying that the overdraft finding was 20 generalized and doesn't relate to any historical findings to 21 whatever type of water right a party may attempt to later on 22 prove.

That's exactly the position I was in when trying to prove a couple of months ago an appropriative right based on two different theories; one being the surplus issue, which we talked quite a bit about and there's been briefing on. The fact that's not addressed in the Statement of Decision, I think, is very problematic under a Phase 3 Statement of Decision, saying one thing almost charted on a course heading north saying this doesn't relate to historical findings, only now to be told that that finding of overdraft does preclude what I am trying to prove now; that there was surplus at the time Well 14 failed to produce.

I find that very problematic in terms of timing, and even when looking at the San Fernando that the overdraft finding had not been made yet, I was told I would have that opportunity later. When I get that opportunity, I'm told that that prior decision precludes that --

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THE COURT: That's actually not quite true.

MR. MILIBAND: How so, Your Honor?

13 THE COURT: The issue of whether or not you have any appropriative rights is going to be decided, presumably, 14 15 based upon your other causes of action. What you were asking 16 for in this decision was a quantitative appropriative right that was a priority over others. And you established that 17 18 you had that right because you did not establish that there was a surplus of water in the aquifer, the well-connected 19 20 aquifer. So that's still an issue that ultimately is going 21 to have to be decided.

The other thing I think you're doing is confusing an appropriative right with a prescribed right. And the question that is being asked here is what rights do you have as an appropriative, and I do not have a sufficient basis to make a finding as to that, based upon the evidence that you presented at your trial.

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What you did present was that you had been pumping

for a period dating back to your predecessor's pumping, which 1 was somehow around 2005, if I remember correctly. 2 MR. MILIBAND: Correct. 3 4 THE COURT: And you also established, through your expert, that there was a connection between the Butes 5 sub-basin and the rest of the aquifer, which is beyond 6 7 dispute, because the Court has heard all of the evidence anybody has ever offered concerning that, and your expert 8 9 certainly didn't disagree with that. 10 He recognizes there's a connection, and the only 11 question, really, is then what rights do you have, and I 12 don't have a sufficient factual basis to make that 13 determination right now. But, certainly, at some point, whether or not you're able to pump and how much you're able 14 15 to pump without limitation or without costs is going to get 16 decided in this proceeding. 17 So you've not been deprived of anything at this 18 point. You just failed to prove your contention that you 19 have a right to pump water for public purposes. That's all. 20 MR. MILIBAND: I appreciate the Court's comments. I 21 personally don't think I'm confused on the distinction 22 between a prescriptive right and appropriated right. That's why we made a very open-court, on-the-record decision last 23 24 August saying we are not pursuing that first cause of action. 25 But here, Your Honor, really, I understand what the 26 Court is saying. I, obviously, take issue and have 27 disagreement with that. 28 So beyond the surplus issue, that's really at the

heart of what I've been hearing since we had that 631.8 1 2 motion, is that you cannot have surplus -- by the finding. What I would still inquire and ask respectfully of 3 the Court is how the Court can say, in its Stage 3 decision, 4 5 that it's not making historical findings; but now, during 2014-2015, saying that that finding of overdraft in 2011 6 7 precludes any ability to be able to prove surplus. THE COURT: But I think the Court made a finding 8 that it was excessive pumping in excess of 50 years, not just 9 10 from 2005, what impact that might have on a particular 11 party's pumping was, what the Court was not determining in 12 the Phase 3 trial, and I was pretty specific in my Statement 13 of Decision with regard to that. 14 Because there's no question that there are variables throughout the basin, and whether somebody is pumping 15 16 somebody else's water is an issue that I can't address for everybody without hearing particular evidence concerning 17 18 that. And I think the parties may speculate a little bit. 19 We're entering into these settlements and doing so 20 because they recognize the difficulty and sometimes the 21 futility of attempting to establish evidence to support 22 claims like that so that there's no question in my mind that the parties are wise to settle this, because the Court's 23 24 finding, in terms of prescription, or lack thereof, could be 25 significant and have some economic consequences to a party, 26 and I think you appreciate that too. 27 But I just think that the problem is -- whether it's 28 a problem or not, I don't know. The Court is certainly not

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1	making any findings concerning prescription or anybody's	
2	right to curtail pumping by these proceedings or by your	
3	trial at this point. So there's some way to go on this	
4	matter before we reach a point where we are making that kind	
5	of decision.	
6	At this point, the only thing I'm certain of is that	
7	your client is pumping. They are pumping water in the	
8	aquifer. It's going outside the adjudication area. I suppose	
9	if I had a regret, it is that we did not extend the	
10	adjudication area co-extensive with the aquifer. I didn't	
11	think, at the time, nobody presented contrary evidence that	
12	the Mojave jurisdiction and adjudication pre-empted that	
13	issue.	
14	MR. MILIBAND: And the feeling wasn't even formed at	
15	that point.	
16	But, Your Honor, I would like to move on to a couple	
17	of other points. One is on public use theory.	
18	And Your Honor and I had some dialogue on November	
19	5th, last year, about the Peabody v. City of Vallejo case.	
20	And I've looked many times at that case and many times since	
21	we had our dialogue. That was one of the concerns I wanted	
22	to raise here, is the Statement of Decision does not address	
23	that theory that Phelan was advancing in support of	
24	establishing their appropriate water right.	
25	And more to the point is that that case, I believe,	
26	through Page 369 and again at 377, in that range of pages, it	
27	talks very specifically about how seven years earlier, 1928,	
28	and this is in 1935, the California Supreme Court rendered	

this opinion. It's talking about that landmark amendment to 1 2 the California Constitution Article 10, Section 2. So it's basically --3 4 THE COURT: You're just arguing again what you've 5 already argued. I appreciate you're not doing that. The Court is satisfied that it made a proper ruling with regard 6 to those issues of law, and that's reflected in the Statement 7 of Decision. I would also point out, as I indicated in my 8 Statement of Decision, that you don't have a right to 9 10 interrogatories to the Court, which is basically what you 11 submitted. 12 MR. MILIBAND: And it's certainly not the intent 13 there, Your Honor. I'm trying to get at it. 14 I would like to add something new about the Peabody case because that case, particularly at Page 369, talks very 15 16 specifically about how determinations are made on a case-by-case basis. It's not just a matter of whether water 17 is going to be wasted. It's other variables that are 18 19 articulated in that opinion about unused or lost. There is 20 evidence that supports those theories. 21 So the Court, on November 5th, was talking about the 22 scenario that was specifically fashioned by hand, and that particular case involved the City of Vallejo with water being 23 24 lost to the ocean. That's not, obviously, the very factual 25 specific circumstance here. That doesn't preclude 26 application of it. So I just wanted to raise that point --27 THE COURT: I think that the Supreme Court or the 28 Appellate Court or the legislature is going to have to deal

1 with that issue. The existing law was to the contrary in 2 this case. MR. MILIBAND: And just two other quick points, if I 3 4 may, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Yes. MR. MILIBAND: One is on the return flow issue, 6 7 which in these recent filings that I posted on behalf of Phelan -- and, again, not within the Statement of Decision --8 9 is the fact that their number one is not precedent set forth 10 by San Fernando. What that case was specifically doing was 11 talking about priority, which even my application suggests 12 that there is a native ground water return flow rider pumping 13 caliber that's phrased. 14 Beyond that are very specific California statutes within the Water Code Section 71610, which relates to 15 16 municipal water districts, which Phelan is not, but very clearly, in Phelan's governing statutes, I believe it's 6110, 17 18 also cited in our papers, said that Phelan has, in it, whole 19 water district powers. 20 Going back to the Water Code Section on the 21 substance, it talks very specifically about the right of that 22 agency, such as Phelan, to be able to recapture water. So that's not addressed in the Statement of Decision. 23 I think 24 it's very critical when evaluating and providing the analysis 25 for denying that particular cause of action. 26 So I have some other points on the Statement of Decision that I take issue with where I think it's covered in 27 28 the other papers I filed, but there are some things that I

1 think are inaccurate that I think are worth noting, just to 2 raise before the Court's attention. One such thing is that on the Court's Statement of 3 Decision that posted yesterday, Page 6, Lines No. 11 through 4 5 12, talked about impact and the interconnectivity, and there wasn't, really, any evidence whatsoever in which the evidence 6 7 during our trial, which was only really put forth through Phelan's witnesses and exhibits, that Phelan was having any 8 9 direct impact on the Landcaster sub-unit. 10 In fact, Mr. Harder's (phonetic) testimony, which I 11 have cited pretty thoroughly within the December 18th filing, 12 talks very, very specifically about how the Butes sub-unit 13 which Phelan's Well 14 is located, it had a very distinct 14 hydrogeological signature. 15 So this impact and interconnectivity, number one, I 16 don't even think it should be part of the evaluation as to whether Phelan has a water right. That might be a management 17 18 issue for later --19 THE COURT: Which lines are you talking about on 20 Page 6? 21 MR. MILIBAND: Yes, Lines 11 through 12, Your Honor. I want to confirm I'm correct on that citation. 22 THE COURT: Hydrological connection. 23 24 MR. MILIBAND: Correct, Your Honor. And then 25 starting with the next word, going to Line No. 11 and a half, 26 "Ground water pumping in a sub-basin can lower the ground 27 level in an adjacent sub-basin." That might be theoretically 28 true, but there's not any evidence that that's happening from

1	Butes to Lancaster, much less by Phelan's pumping that's 25
2	miles away.
3	THE COURT: I wasn't making a finding. That's just
4	a statement of law or statement of fact general.
5	MR. MILIBAND: So the next item, Your Honor, also on
6	Page 6, Line 20, deals with the exported where the Court
7	there, I think, by the language itself, starting at Line 19,
8	says, "The Court finds and determines that Phelan Pinon Hills
9	does not have water rights to pump ground water and export
10	it."
11	The export cause of action was the eighth cause of
12	action that I was hoping to include in this trial during our
13	discussions last August, but that was not part of the trial.
14	So I think that's particularly troubling that there's a
15	finding as to export, and that cause of action was not even
16	set for trial last November.
17	Next is at Page 7; on Page 7, Line 8.
18	THE COURT: I suppose that well, I'll let your
19	opponents raise the issue, but I suppose that what I was
20	really talking about is you don't have quantified water
21	rights because that was the thrust of your claim that you had
22	quantified appropriative rights. And that's the only finding
23	I was really making there.
24	MR. MILIBAND: And can the Court indulge me, if I
25	may, the difference between the Court's understanding of the
26	quantified appropriative right versus the unquantified
27	appropriative right? I didn't really glean that from the
28	Statement of Decision as there being a distinction within the

Court's analysis of quantified versus unquantified. 1 2 THE COURT: Go ahead. MR. MILIBAND: I was asking if the Court has an 3 4 understanding as to that distinction because I did not -- I'm 5 not aware of any such distinction --THE COURT: It's called the amount of pumping that 6 7 you're entitled to. MR. MILIBAND: Right, but this isn't making a 8 distinction between unquantified and quantified. 9 10 THE COURT: Well, actually, it does. Maybe not in 11 that sentence, but if you read the decision, the decision 12 here only determines at this time, Phelan Pinon Hills is not 13 appropriated without a priority as to overlying owners and 14 appropriators with prescribed rights, if any. It's the last sentence in the decision. 15 16 MR. MILIBAND: I see it on Page 12, Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Does that help you understand what I --18 MR. MILIBAND: It helps me understand the Court's 19 thinking, because I have read this thoroughly. 20 One other last item. On Page 8, Line 8, this is a 21 very significant fact where within Footnote 1, the Court is 22 noting that in its Phase 3 decision, the overdraft finding was from, essentially, 1951 to 2005. And what the evidence, 23 24 as it relates to Phelan's file, shows is that it had a very 25 small amount of pumping that started in 2005. I think 26 September or October, if I'm correct, 1.11 acre feet. 2006 27 was really the year, and for the stipulation of facts when 28 there was the production of water that was being applied for

1 municipal uses and for the public use. 2 So, really, the Phase 3 decision itself, even by way of a Statement of Decision, establishes that there isn't any 3 overdraft as of 2006. And, again, Mr. Harder's testimony --4 5 THE COURT: Say that again. MR. MILIBAND: This language notes that the 6 7 overdraft finding from Phase 3 was from 1951 through 2005. Phelan's trial evidence, and per the stipulation of facts, 8 9 focused on 2006 for surplus. We were not trying to establish that there's currently surplus or that there was surplus in 10 11 1951 or any other time, but that there was, at the time, Well 12 14 really started to produce water for those municipal 13 purposes --14 THE COURT: Notice the last sentence starting 15 between -- Line 7 and a half, actually, "The adjudication 16 area had no surplus water for Phelan Pinon Hills to pump since at least 2005." 17 18 MR. MILIBAND: Your Honor, that's what that says at 19 that citation. 20 THE COURT: That's what the Court said. 21 MR. MILIBAND: Right, but a few pages prior, the 22 Court has given in Footnote 1 --23 THE COURT: Well, Mr. Miliband, I'm not going to 24 argue with you. The Court's decision is going to stand. 25 MR. MILIBAND: Your Honor, if I may, Page 4, 26 Footnote 1 says, "The evidence of third phase of trial 27 established that the Antelope Valley basin was in a state of 28 overdraft from 1951 to 2005." That was not in Mr. Dunn's

1 proposed statement. That is something new that I can only 2 assume is from Your Honor, and I think that's an accurate That's, again, supporting the point that the 3 statement. 4 overdraft finding from before can preclude the surplus. 5 THE COURT: I'm going to allow Mr. Bunn to argue. MR. BUNN: Your Honor, I guess I'll call them the 6 7 aquifer, because they're not -- the aquifer's parties do have 8 a couple of concerns about the language in the proposed 9 Statement of Decision. And since we just got that yesterday, 10 what I would like to request is an opportunity to submit 11 those concerns to you in writing, explaining those and 12 proposing a change. 13 THE COURT: Well, were they contained in your 14 initial proposed statements? 15 MR. BUNN: No. This is the revised language that we 16 just got yesterday. 17 THE COURT: Well, I want to permit counsel to have 18 an opportunity to argue whatever they want to argue. If you 19 have some additional language that you want to submit, is 20 there some reason you can't do it now? 21 The main reason is that I feel MR. BUNN: 22 uncomfortable speaking on behalf of a number of parties who I 23 know share this concern. I can speak for myself. 24 THE COURT: Tell me what your concerns are. 25 MR. BUNN: I have two. One is a small one, and I'm 26 not sure I can find it now. Let me go to the -- it is the 27 concern with the last paragraph of the ruling --28 THE COURT: Okay.

MR. BUNN: And in particular, the determination of reasonable and beneficial use. In the second to last paragraph, the Court recites an argument, contention by Phelan Pinon Hills that the Court -- according to Phelan Pinon Hills, the Court has to ensure the reasonable and beneficial use before the duty comes up for Phelan Pinon Hills to prove surplus.

And I think that the way that that is addressed 8 9 could be clearer. And, in particular, my belief is the 10 intention of all parties, that as part of the prove-up of the 11 settlement, whatever that turns out to be, that part of that 12 prove-up will be that the parties to the lawsuit's water use is reasonable and beneficial. One could read that last 13 14 sentence of the Court's draft as saying that the reasonable and beneficial use won't come until after the judgement. 15 Ι 16 don't think that's what the Court intended by it. I would 17 like to clarify that language, if we could.

18 THE COURT: Let's look at the specific language 19 you're talking about. Are you on Page 11?

MR. BUNN: Yes, 11 and 12.

20

21

THE COURT: The last paragraph?

22 MR. BUNN: Yes. And what we propose is that that 23 paragraph state, as part of the final judgement, will be a 24 determination of the parties' reasonable and official use.

THE COURT: Now, are you referring to the last sentence on 11, "Pinon Hills has five other causes of action in the cross-Complaint and, as a pumper, may be required to participate in a monitoring program which will establish the

reasonable and beneficial use of each pumper within the 1 2 aquifer, as well as the rights to pump water, whether as appropriated, overlying owner or prescriber. 3 4 MR. BUNN: Yes. 5 THE COURT: So what is it about that? What is not accurate? 6 7 MR. BUNN: It talks about a monitoring program and establishing, in the future tense, establishing the 8 9 reasonable and beneficial use of each pumper. I would like 10 it to be clear that there will be a determination made by the Court prior to final judgement of the reasonable and 11 12 beneficial use of each other. 13 THE COURT: Well, what I'm saying is as a pumper may be required to participate in the monitoring program, and 14 15 maybe I should say a monitoring pump --16 MR. BUNN: My concern is not Phelan Hills, Your 17 In the proceeding paragraph, Phelan Pinion Hills Honor. 18 raised the issue of other parties' reasonable and beneficial 19 use and argued that it should have an opportunity to contest 20 that reasonable and beneficial use before being required to 21 prove surplus. And my point is that that will be at issue in 22 the final judgement and proved up as part of that judgement. THE COURT: Well, that's true. 23 24 MR. BUNN: Okay. 25 THE COURT: Certainly, the Court is not making any 26 findings at this point. The Court can't make a finding about 27 prescriptive rights or other rights until that has been 28 established; that there's been reasonable and beneficial use.

29

1 And that it is not excessive use.

I don't think there's any request about that, and I'm trying to understand why it is -- this last sentence may be somewhat awkward, or last paragraph may be somewhat awkward, but, certainly, it's not suggesting that there's not going to be an establishing of reasonable and beneficial use for purposes of a judgement.

And it's my understanding as to those parties that aren't going to settle among themselves, they're going to try to resolve that issue as part of the settlement. So that is only going to be applicable to parties who are not settling their case and are seeking to litigate their claims against others.

14 For example, the public water producers who are 15 making a claim for prescription may find they are being 16 challenged by a non-settling party.

MR. BUNN: What you just said is absolutely right, Your Honor, and I'm merely suggesting that that be reflected in the Statement of Decision, and I can propose language to the Court to do that.

THE COURT: Why don't you submit it in writing. MR. BUNN: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: That's better than trying to wordsmith something here. MR. BUNN: Well, that's what I thought. I wasn't trying to postpone --

27 THE COURT: Is that the only other issue? 28 MR. BUNN: Yes.

1 THE COURT: I am concerned of any other parties, and 2 I suppose that given the complexity of this case and the 3 short period of opportunity to review and comment, that I should give you ten days to submit modified language. 4 5 MR. BUNN: Thank you, Your Honor. I appreciate that. 6 7 MR. MILIBAND: And, Your Honor, would there be a 8 brief opportunity, if I see some need, to respond to Mr. 9 Bunn's proposal? 10 THE COURT: Yes. Five days. 11 MR. MILIBAND: That's great. Thank you, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: Sure. All right. But at this point, 13 I'm overruling your objection. 14 MR. MILIBAND: Understood, Your Honor. So we have five minutes to finish 15 THE COURT: Yes. 16 everything. 17 Let's talk about the request for approval of 18 Court-appointed expert bills in the Wood Class. 19 MR. MCLACHLAN: Good morning, Your Honor. Michael 20 McLachlan for Richard Wood in the small pumper class. 21 THE COURT: Is there any objection to the request 22 for approval? Approval is granted. 23 The request to dismiss Hidden Valley Mutual Water 24 Company, Roe 2315, without prejudice, any objection? That's 25 granted. 26 And the next most serious one is the application by 27 the Wood Class for an order modifying the case management 28 order. I received an opposition from the Willis Class to

1 that request. Now, I note, Mr. Kalfayan, that you have filed an 2 extensive written opposition, so I would appreciate you being 3 4 brief. 5 MR. KALFAYAN: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you very much. 6 7 THE COURT: Appearances. MR. KALFAYAN: Ralph Kalfayan on behalf of the 8 9 Willis Class. And, you know, sitting back --10 THE COURT: Let's have your co-counsel --11 MR. KALFAYAN: Sorry. 12 Lynne Brennan also for the Plaintiff, MS. BRENNAN: 13 Willis Class. Thank you, Your Honor. Good morning. 14 MR. KALFAYAN: Sitting back, I was reflecting that 15 it's my birthday today, and it's been nine years now since 16 I've been involved in this --17 THE COURT: Happy birthday. 18 Thank you, Your Honor. MR. KALFAYAN: 19 About the opposition, we are terribly concerned 20 about the CMO that was presented by the other side. We 21 presented an alternative Case Management Conference Order 22 that, I think, better lays out how we can present our 23 opposition. 24 The concern I have with their CMO is that it 25 provides for a motion for preliminary approval that will come 26 from the Wood Class, and the motion for preliminary approval, 27 along with the stipulation of settlement, combines a physical 28 solution with the Wood Class itself. And in that physical

solution, there's a physical solution in addition to the Wood 1 2 Class settlement. The Wood Class settlement allocates water on a permanent basis in perpetuity. So, for example, let's 3 assume Bolthouse in that settlement asks for and requests --4 5 it's allocated 20,000 units. THE COURT: You're going to have to speak up a 6 little bit. 7 If Bolthouse was to, in that 8 MR. KALFAYAN: Sure. settlement, have an allocation of out of 82,300 units, 20,000 9 10 units on a permanent basis, it reduces the Willis Class, it 11 reduces and diminishes the co-relative rights of the 65,000 12 land owners --13 THE COURT: It cannot do that. Cannot do that, Mr. 14 Kalfayan. 15 MR. KALFAYAN: Respectfully, Your Honor, I agree 16 with the Court; they cannot do that --17 THE COURT: Parties to a settlement only --18 MR. KALFAYAN: It --19 THE COURT: -- for water amongst themselves. That is 20 not binding on anybody that is not a party to this 21 settlement. So I don't understand what the basis for your 22 objection is. MR. KALFAYAN: Two-fold. When the Wood Class moves 23 24 for approval of the settlement, it will do two things: It 25 will have a settlement that permanently allocates its water 26 rights and, by definition, will extinguish the rights of the Willis Class. 27 28 THE COURT: Cannot.

1 MR. KALFAYAN: I appreciate that, Your Honor, and I 2 wish the Court had a copy of that stipulated proposed 3 physical solution --4 THE COURT: Do you remember the arguments against 5 the approval of the Willis Class? MR. KALFAYAN: I do, Your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: Do you remember what those arguments 8 were? 9 MR. KALFAYAN: Yes. 10 THE COURT: Do you remember what the Court did with 11 those arguments? 12 MR. KALFAYAN: Yes, I do, Your Honor. Your Honor, 13 frankly, I believe they're disregarding this, and I can't 14 talk about the settlement with you because it's confidential and it's not before the Court. 15 16 THE COURT: I haven't seen it. I don't much care at 17 this point with regard to your argument what's in it because 18 you're not a party to it, and you're not bound by it. 19 It's -- as between those parties, they can agree not to 20 oppose claims. They can agree to oppose claims. They can, as 21 between themselves, allocate water, but the total amount of 22 water that was in the aquifer is going to be allocated by 23 Court order, by judgement, and it's not going to be bound by 24 any agreement between parties among themselves. 25 MR. KALFAYAN: And I agree with the Court. And I 26 want the Court to recall that the Willis Class judgement that 27 was entered into and the Court entered that was appealed and 28 resolved did provide for the rights as between the Willis

Class and the public water suppliers and resolved all of the claims between those two parties with the -- and then also provided one other item which is this: The Willis Class is subject to a physical solution that's consistent with the Court's judgement in the Willis Class.

6 So that provision is there. And when the Wood Class 7 moves for preliminary approval -- which, by the way, I don't 8 see a date as to when they're going to move for preliminary 9 approval --

10 THE COURT: It's in the proposed case management 11 stated.

MR. KALFAYAN: I believe -- it's not expressly in the proposed case management stated, but I believe it says that there's a hearing on a particular day for the motion, but I don't see exactly when the motion is going to get filed.

The problem that I have, Your Honor, is that that motion for preliminary approval will include a physical solution, and it puts an obligation on the Willis Class to oppose that physical solution. And the only way I can oppose that physical solution is two-fold.

I need to provide the Court with alternative physical solutions that are consistent with the Willis Class judgement. That's one point. The other point that I need to provide the Court in opposition is because they've permanently advocated the aquifer, and without showing reasonable beneficial uses, I will need an expert to challenge the reasonable beneficial uses of all of the

1 property land owners.

2	Now Mr. Bunn earlier said that that will come in a	
3	prove-up. The problem with the CMO, which is the Case	
4	Management Order, before the Court is it leaves open a	
5	prove-up of the stipulation, the stipulated physical	
6	solution, and I don't know if the Willis Class needs to	
7	oppose that, but it may have to oppose that. And if it does	
8	have to oppose that, then we'll need to consider and review	
9	the reasonable beneficial use of the land owners.	
10	The Willis Class will need experts to oppose the	
11	Wood Class motion for settlement, preliminary approval, and	
12	the reasonable beneficial uses of all of the parties in the	
13	basin. I don't want to undertake that task, but if I have	
14	to, I will need to, and I will be asking the Court for	
15	experts.	
16	The reasonable beneficial uses, if they were to come	
17	in a prove-up to this Court regarding the reasonable	
18	beneficial uses, there won't be any opposition because they	
19	have agreed among themselves, and Mr. Bunn said it's up to	
20	the Court to make that determination, that's correct. But	
21	there's no opposition in a prove-up. If they all agree, the	
22	only opposition will fall on the non-settling parties, and	
23	right now, we have a settlement with the public water	
24	suppliers. We don't have a settlement with the broader	
25	parties.	
26	So I believe I will need to move this Court for	
27	experts to determine the reasonable beneficial uses. What's	
28	reasonable and what's beneficial are two distinct matters.	

And I can't effectively oppose their stipulated proposed solution without an expert that tells me what's reasonable in this basin, what's beneficial, what's Bolthouse's use is agricultural, beneficial use in this basin, is any other -is putting a pecan farm a beneficial use?

I can't effectively oppose the motion for
preliminary approval by the Wood Class without having those
experts for reasonable and beneficial uses and without an
expert that can provide this Court with a consistent physical
solution that is consistent with the Willis Class judgement.

If there's pain to be had in this basin because of an overdraft, this pain has to be shared by all the overlookers. And the Willis Class, while they're not pumping today, they may pump in the future, just like the Archdiocese might or Baker Estrada (phonetic), and their rights have to be protected if and when they pump.

17 So if their physical solution abrogates the entire 18 Willis Class over -- which Your Honor has not seen and not 19 looked at it, it puts the Willis Class in a position to 20 oppose their physical solution as soon as it's presented, 21 because Mr. McLachlan is going to file a motion for 22 preliminary approval, and it will give us the burden of opposing it, and to effectively oppose it, I will need 23 24 experts.

And, Your Honor, the attorney fee is not an issue that needs to be discussed now, but if the Court recalls the Willis Class counsel has no ability to recover attorney's fees pursuant to the consolidation order from any of the

overlying landowners, including the Wood Class. And they're 1 2 limited in their ability to get attorney's fees from the public water suppliers. The undertaking is massive. 3 For the last two months, I've been trying to get my 4 5 arms around how. I've sent letters. I've communicated. We should resolve this adjudication. It's a monument -- it's 6 7 just a monumental burden for the Willis Class to undertake a challenge of reasonable beneficial uses of every landowner in 8 9 this basin and do it without the ability to recover 10 attorney's fees. It's just irreconcilable. And if we have to brief this issue now as soon as 11 12 they file that settlement, it triggers an obligation on our 13 part to oppose that settlement. That's why, Your Honor, we 14 have an ex parte. And the ex parte that we filed proposes a 15 schedule for the Court to get the stipulated solution before 16 it encumbers us on a program that's going to be extensive and 17 time consuming, at least for a period of time and they call 18 us back in here for a Case Management Conference to figure 19 out what we're going to do next. At least that we can then, 20 all of us, talk about this so-called global physical solution 21 and determine where to go from there. 22 THE COURT: Let me make sure you understand. When I 23 use the word "global," I'm referring to the parties globally 24 who are parties to the settlement, not to anybody else. 25 I understand that. Thank you, Your MR. KALFAYAN: 26 Honor. I appreciate that comment. It's not global. It's 27 really not global because --28 THE COURT: Global means as among themselves --

1 MR. KALFAYAN: Correct --2 THE COURT: -- they're settling all of their issues --3 4 MR. KALFAYAN: Correct. 5 THE COURT: -- including prescription and other The Court has the responsibility and the obligation 6 issues. 7 to determine what an appropriate physical solution is, and the Court is going to do that. 8 9 And at this point, if it's necessary, the Court will 10 appoint an official Court expert that will be paid for by all 11 parties to assist the Court in determining what the proper 12 physical solution might be, if necessary. Your motion right 13 now and your request to modify is premature. 14 I'm not seeing a proposed settlement. I can assure 15 every party that's a party to this adjudication that to the 16 extent they need an opportunity to oppose any proposed 17 physical solution, they will have plenty of time to do that, 18 an opportunity. That is not a promise that I'm going to 19 appoint attorneys for parties. I'm not likely to do that. 20 That is not something that is authorized by the Evidence 21 Code. 22 The Court can appoint a neutral expert, if 23 necessary, to assist the Court in determining the issues, but 24 that is not the same as the right or the opportunity that an 25 individual, for example, in a criminal case might have to 26 request the assistance of the Court by the appointment of 27 experts or counsel or anything else. 28 I'm not inclined to modify this order except as

requested to give the parties who are proposing these
 settlements among themselves additional time to accomplish
 their duties with their clients. That's the only thing
 that's being proposed to me, and I'm inclined to grant that
 use.

MR. KALFAYAN: Your Honor, the CMO also, it 6 7 triggers -- because if I understand it correctly, the Wood class will be filing a motion for preliminary approval on the 8 9 date that the stip is being filed, and it will trigger an opposition on our part. And then not only that, it also says 10 11 that they'll present this physical solution without an 12 opportunity to be heard. The CMO says that they can present 13 to you the stipulated proposed physical solution without an 14 opportunity for the Willis Class to argue. That is 15 inherently unfair, Your Honor.

16THE COURT: It's not part of the proposal as I17understand it, but let me hear from Mr. McLachlan.

MR. MCLACHLAN: Well, briefly, I would like to make clear that the stipulation of Mr. Kalfayan received on December the 23rd confidentially has not changed other than the correction of a few typos. So he has the deal, as it is being presented right now and being signed by some-odd 20 parties so far. I don't --

THE COURT: You're talking about the Wood Class?
MR. MCLACHLAN: I'm talking about the global -- what
we're calling the global settlement, which will -- Mr.
Kalfayan's correct in terms of the mechanics. But as the
Case Management Order sets forth, first amended Case

Management Order sets forth on August 3rd, the month of 1 2 August, we set forth two weeks in which objections by Mr. Kalfayan would be submitted and heard by the Court. 3 I was counting, and I believe the number was 11 4 5 times Mr. Kalfayan used the word "preliminary" and the preliminary approval, as the name might suggest, is just б 7 that. It's preliminary. And so it is not binding the Willis Class. It doesn't prejudice them. All it does is it gives 8 9 class numbers of what's going on and give them, along with 10 the Willis Class, the opportunity to object if they don't like the settlement that I've entered into. 11 12 And then all of those objections happen at the same 13 time. 14 Hearing the Willis Class' objections at both times, 15 both the preliminary approval phase and the final preliminary 16 hearing, would waste a great amount of Court resources if, in fact, Mr. Kalfayan is going to do what he suggested, to 17 challenge a hundred different parties' reasonable beneficial 18 19 use of their water rights. That should all be done at one 20 time and done only one time. We don't need it in the record 21 twice. 22 And so the proper sensible place to put all of these 23 objections is in one joint proceeding when everyone has been 24 given notice. 25 MR. KALFAYAN: Your Honor, if I may respond to this. 26 Mr. McLachlan is moving us away from the Court considering approvals and pushing it back, but he will be moving for 27 28 approval before he sent out the notice and moving it at the

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same time that the stipulation is being fought. Because the
 stipulation includes the Wood Class, it is the Wood Class
 settlement.

You're going to see one document. That one document is the Wood Class settlement, and it is the physical solution. It's one document. It's one agreement. When he files that and moves for a preliminary approval, we have the burden to oppose it.

9 And if you look on Paragraph G, it says no objection 10 to the stipulated judgement will be heard. It's -- he files 11 a motion, he includes his settlement in that motion, which is 12 a global settlement, we get 14 days to oppose, and we can't 13 even be heard on the motion. That is not fair. It's just 14 not fair.

15 THE COURT: Well, I don't know that there's no 16 authority for not permitting objections on March the 19th. 17 You can always file an objection any time you want to, any 18 parties can, and where there's a proposed stipulated 19 judgement as between the parties, that's one thing.

The physical solution potentially goes beyond just the interest of the parties to the stipulation, and to the extent that any physical solution appears to be a proposal for the Court to consider and adopt independently and to make a finding on all parties, would demand that any party have an opportunity to object and weigh in on that.

26 So just because a group of people, parties to a 27 lawsuit, think that a particular physical solution is the 28 appropriate one does not necessarily mean that the Court is

going to be bound to adopt that. There's got to be an 1 2 independent evaluation or something like that, and parties 3 have to have an opportunity to weigh in. Due process would require that. The Court does have an interest in protecting 4 5 the class members in both classes. And I can't tell you how appreciative I am that we 6 7 have two classes and lawyers who would be willing to step forward and represent those classes, I think, very 8 9 effectively. 10 And so it helps everybody else who is involved in 11 this lawsuit or who lives in the Antelope Valley. That's a 12 good thing. 13 So I'm going to ask Mr. McLachlan, given those 14 comments, do you really think that Paragraph G is 15 appropriate? 16 MR. MCLACHLAN: I do, because --It's 2-G, actually. 17 THE COURT: 18 MR. MCLACHLAN: Yes, 2-G. I do, but I'm not -- I do 19 in terms of the reason I stated judicial economy, because the 20 Willis Class is not being prevented from making its 21 objection. 22 When I present my motion, which is attached to my 23 settlement that Mr. Kalfayan has incorrectly stated what it's 24 going to look like, there's a settlement agreement in my case 25 and then there is the global settlement, which is just, 26 essentially, a writing to that. I'm not asking the Court to 27 approve that in some sort of global sense. 28 What I'm asking the Court to do is what any class

1 lawyer does is to look it over and to determine whether the 2 rights, as dealt with for the class members, a small pumper 3 class members only, is fair and protect the interest of the 4 class to the extent that notice can be given and then the 5 final approval can occur.

But if the Court is willing to indulge Mr. 6 7 Kalfayan's objections on two different occasions, I'm willing to sit through them twice. It doesn't make a lot of sense to 8 me, but Mr. Kalfayan really seems quite tied to this. 9 Ι 10 won't speak for other parties, but this is not an agreement 11 that I drafted. I drafted portions of it, but largely, it was 12 a collective, and it was circulated to all of the settling parties prior to submission. But I'm happy to modify that if 13 14 the Court wishes to allow Mr. Kalfayan to object at the 15 preliminary phase of the prove-up.

16 THE COURT: Here's my take on this: The usual way of a class action when the matter is on for preliminary 17 18 approval, the parties file objections. They can make oral 19 arguments. But the Court is not going to hear evidence at that time in opposition to the preliminary approval. But 20 21 what the Court will hear is objections and evidence at the 22 time of the final approval to determine whether or not that's 23 appropriate for the Court to approve.

Mostly, vis-a-vis the parties to the stipulation and not parties -- who are not parties to the stipulation. And what the Court would be interested in is a showing of why this type of a physical solution, if that becomes the issue, is not appropriate. But that's going to be happening on

1 August the 3rd, but not on the first date, which would be 2 March 19th. MR. MCLACHLAN: So I'm willing, at the Court's 3 4 direction, to modify that Paragraph 2-G in whatever fashion 5 the Court feels that it makes sense. If I get clear guidance on that, I can submit that to the Court. 6 THE COURT: Well, I think in the normal class action 7 settlement, this objection to the proposed settlement may be 8 9 filed at any time prior to the time of the preliminary 10 hearing or hearing for preliminary approval. In fact, I 11 could write that in condition I. 12 MR. MCLACHLAN: Or you could simply strike paragraph 13 G, if that's the Court's preference --14 THE COURT: It's implicit in our procedure to permit 15 objections to be filed at the time of the hearing on the 16 preliminary approval, so I can do that. 17 MR. KALFAYAN: So we'll be heard on the objections? 18 THE COURT: I'll hear any objections that are filed. 19 And I don't know what evidence will MR. KALFAYAN: 20 be presented with the motion. 21 THE COURT: I don't have any idea what that might 22 be. 23 MR. KALFAYAN: I don't either, Your Honor. They did 24 not ask for my input when they put this CMO together. And my 25 concern is we're going to be back there. I will need more 26 time to oppose that motion --27 THE COURT: I heard that. I'm sorry to ruin your 28 birthday. The proposed Case Management Order amendment, I'm

1	striking paragraph subsection 2-G, the law as it is in the
2	reply.
3	MR. KALFAYAN: Your Honor, we provide an alternative
4	proposed physical solution to the Court at the time next
5	requested.
6	THE COURT: You're certainly welcome to object.
7	Today is the 22nd.
8	MR. KALFAYAN: Your Honor, all right.
9	THE COURT: Ms. Walker, as usual, is keeping me
10	honest here. The matter was submitted on November 5. We
11	have 90 days to get the final Statement of Decision filed,
12	even though it's going to be the phase
13	MR. BUNN: That
14	THE COURT: that would be February the 3rd. I've
15	given Mr. Bunn ten days to get his proposed language I
16	think I'm going to shorten that
17	MR. BUNN: That would be fine, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Make it five days
19	MR. BUNN: Fine.
20	THE COURT: And then five days for Mr. Miliband.
21	MR. MILIBAND: Thank you, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: And that will be February the 1st, which
23	is a Sunday, so I think we need to have your response, Mr.
24	Miliband, by February I'm sorry, January it's the last
25	day, 30th or 31st. The 30th would be Friday; correct?
26	The 30th would be Friday, next Friday, for your
27	opposition. That makes it short for you. And then I can
28	sign whatever I'm going to sign on the 2nd of February.

1 MR. MILIBAND: Understood. 2 THE COURT: And that's within one day. I don't like to do it that close, but that's what we're going to have to 3 4 do. 5 MR. BUNN: We can do it, Your Honor. Thomas Bunn. MR. KALFAYAN: Your Honor, I just have one more 6 7 serious concern that I just need to share with the Court, just so it's aware of the CMO, which is this: I will not be 8 able to, for the final approval hearing and the August 3rd or 9 10 August 3rd deadline, be able to oppose the prove-up by the 11 stipulated party, a prove-up regarding a physical solution or 12 a proof of claim to produce ground water by 65,0000 13 landowners --14 THE COURT: If you choose to do that. Let's see 15 what's going to be approved preliminarily before you know the 16 answer to that question. 17 Thank you, Your Honor. MR. KALFAYAN: 18 THE COURT: And I don't know what we're going to do. 19 Okay. 20 Now, we're actually violating the law that pays for 21 these people who are here working hard for you. We do have 22 just a couple of other matters. I would like to move through 23 them more quickly. 24 The motion to add the Archdiocese of Los Angeles as 25 a class representative of the Willis Class, I'm really not 26 prepared to grant that motion at this time because I'm not 27 sure what the impact of adding this corporate defendant to 28 Plaintiff, I should say, as a class representative.

So at this point, I'm going to continue to deny it. 1 2 I'm going to permit you to renew it, or we can continue it to the next time we have a hearing to permit the Court to 3 4 further consider the application. And the next hearing date 5 we have is -- is it March 19th? I'm going to put it over to that date, and we'll evaluate and I'll make a decision at 6 that time. 7 MR. KALFAYAN: That's fine, Your Honor. 8 The 9 Archdiocese is important for the class because it's an 10 institution, it's a safe entity, and you don't have to fall 11 in the same predicament that we fell into with Mrs. Willis. 12 So from that --13 THE COURT: I'm --14 MR. KALFAYAN: -- it's very difficult to have class 15 members step up. 16 THE COURT: I'm assuming that the Archdiocese also 17 has funds to hire experts. 18 MR. KALFAYAN: Your Honor, but the Willis Class 19 specifically provides that the class members are not 20 responsible for fees and costs. Now, the Court can impose 21 that on 65,000 land owners --22 THE COURT: I can impose them on the class 23 representative who advanced them. 24 MR. KALFAYAN: I don't think so, Your Honor, but, 25 again, we can talk about that. 26 THE COURT: That will be the order, then. 27 March 19th. It's ten o'clock at the request of the 28 federal representatives' counsel, who have indicated it's

much harder to get in from out of state for a ten o'clock 1 2 hearing -- or nine o'clock hearing. That will be in Los 3 Angeles. MS. BRENNAN: Your Honor, can I address the Court 4 5 briefly for clarification on this motion with regard to the Archdiocese? You mentioned that the Archdiocese is a 6 7 corporate defendant; correct? 8 THE COURT: Yes. 9 MS. BRENNAN: Does the Court have a concern that, 10 under the law, that a class representative cannot be a 11 corporate defendant? 12 THE COURT: No. 13 MS. BRENNAN: Or -- if you can provide the Court's 14 reasoning, that would be very helpful for us, because as far as the case law we've cited to the Court and based on the 15 16 facts of this case, we do not see any objection that is 17 sustainable for keeping the Archdiocese out as a class 18 representative. 19 THE COURT: I never said that. 20 MS. BRENNAN: Okay. And --21 THE COURT: I just asked a question. 22 MS. BRENNAN: So then you're not granting the motion 23 now because you are just continuing it? 24 THE COURT: I'm continuing it. I want to hear and I 25 want to consider it further under the circumstance to make 26 sure that it's an adequate representative and it's just 27 not counsel who is doing it. 28 MS. BRENNAN: Okay. So you are addressing the --

1 THE COURT: Counsel, there are a number of factors 2 that I'm taking under consideration. I will enumerate them 3 when I make the decision. You've well briefed it. MS. BRENNAN: All right. Thank you, Your Honor. 4 THE COURT: Thank you. 5 Now, there was a motion by the Willis Class to 6 7 dismiss the Leslie property answer. Is there any objection to that? So ordered. 8 9 MR. KALFAYAN: Maybe we should merge that, Your Honor, to the Archdiocese, because it deals with the 10 11 Archdiocese together --12 THE COURT: No. I'm dismissing it. Your request is 13 granted. 14 Now, there's also the question of the informal 15 discovery conference. Is that still necessary? 16 MR. KALFAYAN: A couple of things. First, the CMO 17 described some deadlines for discovery, but I have no issue 18 with the deposition --19 THE COURT: The Court can waive that. 20 MR. KALFAYAN: I have no issue with the deposition, 21 provided a subpoena is served on my office. 22 THE COURT: You don't want to volunteer and provide 23 them for a deposition? 24 MR. KALFAYAN: I just don't want to do it under a 25 notice, because there's no --26 THE COURT: Mr. Kalfayan, you know Mr. McLachlan, 27 don't you? 28 MR. KALFAYAN: I do.

THE COURT: You know where his office is and his 1 2 phone number. Why don't you call him and talk to him about 3 when he would like to take Mr. Estrada's deposition. MR. KALFAYAN: Frankly, Your Honor, since this, I've 4 5 been trying to get into the club, if you will --THE COURT: You're both here today, so figure it 6 7 out. MR. KALFAYAN: And I've been trying to find out what 8 he's trying to discover from 65,000 items described, but I 9 10 will do that. I'll continue talking to him. 11 THE COURT: Thank you. 12 Is there anything else that needs to be dealt with here this morning? Okay. We are in recess. 13 14 Thank you very much. Let me just -- let me make an observation here. 15 16 I'll do it on the record. The Santa Clara County Superior Court has a very 17 18 wonderful website that has been administered now for about 14 19 years in permanency filing. 20 This case is venued in the County of Los Angeles by 21 virtue of the early coordination order. What Santa Clara 22 County is doing is providing you with an opportunity to use this -- what I consider to be a wonderful service that has 23 24 been improved on several times. 25 And I think we should be very grateful that they're 26 permitting us to continue to use the e-filing website without 27 any complaint or anything. The minute we ask for something, 28 they provide it. And I think that all of the parties to this

lawsuit should reflect upon what would happen if we didn't have access to this website for the administration of this lawsuit, and we should thank them, be grateful for their permitting us to use it, and hope that it continues on. So even in these times of short money in courts. б And the other thing I would note is whenever you're up here, there's a court reporter. Isn't that amazing? We don't get that everywhere, do we? MR. KALFAYAN: I should add, that website and the ability to file by that website is way superior than what I've seen in other jurisdictions. So it's commendable. It is. It is. THE COURT: All right. Thank you very much. (Whereupon, the Court recessed.)

1 STATE OF CALIFORNIA 2 COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA) 3 I, DEANNE M. HELGESEN, HEREBY CERTIFY THAT: 4 The foregoing is a full, true, and correct 5 transcript of the testimony given and proceedings had in the 6 above-entitled action taken on the above-entitled date; that 7 it is a full, true, and correct transcript of the evidence 8 offered and received, acts and statements of the Court, also 9 all objections of counsel, and all matters to which the same 10 11 relate; that I reported the same in stenotype to the best of 12 my ability, being the duly appointed and acting stenographic reporter of said Court, and thereafter had the same 13 transcribed into typewriting as herein appears. 14 15 I further certify that I have complied with CCP 16 237(a)(2) in that all personal juror identifying information has been redacted, if applicable. 17 18 Dated: FEBRUARY 4, 2015 19 20 21 Deanne M. Helgesen, C.S.R. Certificate No. 8445 22 23 ATTENTION: 24 CALIFORNIA GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 69954(D) STATES: 25 "ANY COURT, PARTY, OR PERSON WHO HAS PURCHASED A TRANSCRIPT 26 MAY, WITHOUT PAYING A FURTHER FEE TO THE REPORTER, REPRODUCE A COPY OR PORTION THEREOF AS AN EXHIBIT PURSUANT TO COURT 27 ORDER OR RULE, OR FOR INTERNAL USE, BUT SHALL NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDE OR SELL A COPY OR COPIES TO ANY OTHER PARTY OR 28 PERSON."