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10	COUNTY OF S	SANTA CLARA			
11	ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER	Judicial Council Coordination			
	CASES:	Proceeding No. 4408			
12	Included Actions:	Santa Clara Casa Na. 1 05 CM 040052			
13		Santa Clara Case No. 1-05-CV-049053 Assigned to the Honorable Jack Komar			
14	Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 40 v. Diamond Farming Co.	Thoughou to the Homerwere tuest Homer			
	Superior Court of California	CROSS-DEFENDANT ANAVERDE LLC's			
15	County of Los Angeles, Case No. BC325201	EX PARTE MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE AND MEMORANDUM OF			
16	Los Angeles County Waterworks District No.	POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN			
17	40 v. Diamond Farming Co. Superior Court of California	SUPPORT THEREOF			
10	County of Kern, Case No. S-1500-CV-254-	<b>Date:</b> October 23, 2008			
18	348	<b>Time:</b> 8:15 a.m.			
19	Wm. Bolthouse Farms, Inc. v. City of Lancaster	<b>Dept.:</b> 17C			
20	Diamond Farming Co. v. City of Lancaster	Telephonic call-in number: (866) 844-4955 Passcode: 9554462#			
21	Diamond Farming Co. v. Palmdale Water Dist. Superior Court of California	1 uspecte. 933 1 10211			
41	County of Riverside, consolidated actions	Phase 2 Trial: November 3, 2008			
22	Case Nos. RIC 353840, RIC 344436, RIC 344668	Time: 9 a.m. Location: LASC, Dept. 1			
23	NC 377000	[Filed concurrently herewith Declaration of			
24		Joseph Salazar, Jr. in Support Thereof,			
		Declaration of Kimberly A. Huangfu in			
25		Support Thereof, and [Proposed] Order]			
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### TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that at 8:15 a.m. on October 23, 2008, an ex parte application by Cross-defendant, Anaverde LLC ("Anaverde"), call-in number (866) 844-4955, passcode 9554462#, will be heard in Dept. 17C of the Santa Clara Superior Court. Anaverde will move the Court for an order continuing the trial in this case from November 3, 2008 to November 17, 2008, or for 14 days. The motion is made on the grounds that Anaverde's lead trial counsel, Mr. Joseph Salazar, Jr. previously had been ordered to appear on October 28, 2008, in Shewbridge v. El Dorado Irrigation District before the Honorable Frank C. Damrell, Jr., United States District Court, Eastern California of California, Case No. 2:05-CV-00740-FCD-EFB. This federal trial previously has been rescheduled four times, and the Clerk of the Federal Court has confirmed that it will not be continued again. (See Declaration of Joseph Salazar filed concurrently herein at pg. 2, ¶¶2-5, lln. 9-26 ("Salazar Decl.").)

Mr. Salazar is the only attorney qualified to represent Anaverde at this juncture. He is the sole trial lawyer involved in this case, and he has attended all key depositions and prepared all witnesses. (Salazar Decl. at pg. 4, ¶19-20, lln. 9-13.) Previously, Mr. Salazar set aside the weeks of October 6<sup>th</sup>, 14<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> to complete this case based upon prior statements by this Court in earlier status conferences. On September 30, 2008, however, we learned that this Court would not proceed the week of October 14<sup>th</sup>. In fact, the Court did not set the new date until October 9, 2008, at which point Mr. Salazar immediately informed this Court of his conflict. (Id. at pg. 5, ¶25, lln. 1-4.)

This motion further is based upon the unavailability of Bolthouse Properties LLC's ("Bolthouse") rebuttal witness, Mr. Sheahan, at trial. Mr. Scalmanini, expert witness for the PWS, is also unavailable to offer deposition testimony to rebut proffered evidence due to his vacation schedule. Supporting this motion are the declarations of Mr. Joseph Salazar and Ms. Kimberly Huangfu, the Memorandum of Points and Authority served and filed herewith, on the records on file herein, and on such oral and documentary evidence as may be presented at the hearing on the motion.

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Respectfully submitted,

MALISSA HATHAWAY McKEITH JOSEPH SALAZAR, JR. JACQUELINE MITTELSTADT KIMBERLY A. HUANGFU LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP

By: <u>/s/</u>

KIMBERLY A. HUANGFU Attorneys for ANAVERDE, LLC.

4827-9775-7187.1

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# LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP 221 NORTH FIGUEROA STREET, SUITE 1200 LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90012 TELEPHONE 213.250.1800

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4815-6135-5267.1

# **TABLE OF AUTHORITIES**

4847-8316-6723.1

# NORTH FIGUEROA STREET, SUITE 1200 LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90012 TELEPHONE 213.250.1800

### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

### I. INTRODUCTION.

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Anaverde LLC ("Anaverde") brings this motion for an order continuing the recommencement of the Phase 2 trial, currently scheduled for November 3, 2008, to November 17, 2008. Anaverde's *lead* trial counsel is unavailable during the week of November 3, 2008, because of a previously scheduled trial. (Salazar Decl. at pg. 3, ¶10, lln. 9-10.) Counsel for Anaverde did explore the possibility that the previously scheduled trial be continued a fifth time; however, the Clerk confirmed that it would go forward on October 28, 2008. (*Id.* at pg. 3, ¶10, lln. 10-12.)

Anaverde already has found itself at a distinct disadvantage in this case, and the unavailability of its trial counsel would land a serious blow. Unlike many other parties before the Court, Anaverde was not part of the Phase 1 trial. More recently, it had roughly four months to prepare for this trial after the Court lifted the discovery stay in May 2008, and its Managing Agent emerged from bankruptcy on June 19, 2008. Since then, Anaverde worked diligently over the summer in generating physical evidence to support its claim that any hydraulic connection between the Anaverde Creek Basin and the primary Antelope Valley Basin was negligible. It also was forced on an accelerated basis to obtain and to absorb hundreds of thousands of pages of data available to other parties for years.<sup>2</sup>

Despite these constraints, Anaverde has done nothing to delay the trial, and the evidence presented thus far shows that it has a strong argument to support a separate basin. In contrast, the PWS' evidence is so weak that Anaverde submitted a Motion for Judgment at the close of its case,

All parties were served and Anaverde has compiled with the notification requirements of California Rules of Court 3.12036 and Complex Civil Guidelines, Part V.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Anaverde's challenges in obtaining timely discovery responses are well documented in the Declaration of Kimberly Huangfu in support of Anaverde's Ex Parte Motion to: (1) Compel Responses to Outstanding Discovery Requests Against Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 40, (2) Request Continuance of Deposition of John Lambie, and (3) Request Date Certain for Anaverde Trial Briefing and Presentation, dated September 22, 2008.

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which this Court deferred until after Anaverde's expert and the PWS' rebuttal witnesses are heard. As such, the next several days of trial are key to Anaverde.

Refusing to allow a short continuance to accommodate Anaverde's trial counsel given his pre-existing conflicts, and the confusion over when this case, would resume would be grossly unfair under the circumstances. On September 30, 2008, the Court informed counsel of its unavailability during the week of October 13, 2008.<sup>3</sup> (*Id.* at pg. 3, ¶11, lln. 14-16.) This was the first notice Anaverde received that the case would not proceed from week-to-week. Subsequently, during the first week of the Phase 2 trial, the Court offered three dates for recommencement of the trial: October 20, October 27, and November 3, 2008. (Id. at pg. 4, ¶23, lln. 20-21.) Despite objections by counsel for Anaverde, the Court adopted the November 3, 2008 date. (Id. at pg. 4, ¶26, lln. 25-28.)

Anaverde also has learned just this week that the PWS' experts are either not available for deposition or are not available at trial. (*Id.* at pg. 3, ¶12-13, lln. 17-23.) The PWS and Bolthouse have indicated that Mr. Scalmanini and Mr. Sheahan will testify as rebuttal witnesses. Mr. Sheahan will be deposed on October 27, 2008; however, he is unavailable at trial. Mr. Sheahan's prior deposition was taken off calendar by Mr. Zimmer and Mr. Orr and, to date, he has produced no documents concerning Anaverde. Therefore, this deposition will be our first and only opportunity to learn his opinion and cross-examine him, if he is not available at trial.

Mr. Scalmanini similarly is unavailable for deposition. (Id. at pg. 3, ¶13, lln. 22-23.) To date, he has provided only general testimony about Anaverde, and it is unclear whether he will be offering any other opinion as a rebuttal witness. If so, Anaverde has the right to depose him. He is out of the country until October 30, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This was a surprise to Anaverde since the Court had not expressed scheduling conflicts during the week of October 13, 2008 at the September 23, 2008 ex parte hearing. In fact, counsel for Tejon and counsel for Anaverde discussed the order of their witnesses in light of Tejon's scheduling problems the week of October 6<sup>th</sup>.

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With the current November 3, 2008 trial date, Anaverde would have less than three weeks to have another attorney review and digest all of the information relevant to this complex litigation. This is an impossible task to undertake. Anaverde is willing to present its case in Santa Clara, if it is more convenient for this court; however, there is no reason to penalize Anaverde in such a fashion, particularly given the good faith it has shown to move its case along.

### II. GOOD CAUSE EXISTS TO VACATE THE TRIAL DATE AND GRANT A CONTINUANCE.

This court is empowered, under California law, to proscribe a shorter notice period than the generally required 21 days. (Code of Civil Procedure, §1005(b).) Further, California Rules of Court, Rule 317 provides, as follows:

(b) [Order Shortening Time] The court, on its own motion, or on application for an order shortening time supported by a declaration showing good cause, may prescribe shorter times for the filing and service of papers in the time specified in the Code of Civil Procedure Section 1005.

Here, good cause exists to shorten time and to immediately set for hearing on October 23, 2008, Anaverde's motion to continue the trial date to a date on or after November 17, 2008. The fast-approaching current trial date of November 3, 2008, and unavailability of Anaverde's lead trial counsel, necessitates a trial continuance. As late as October 15, 2008, counsel for Anaverde requested confirmation from the federal court that the case would proceed. (Salazar Decl. at pg. 3, ¶10, lln. 9-10.) It has been continued four times, and that court will not entertain another continuance. (*Id.* at pg. 2, ¶4, lln. 15-21.)

California Rules of Court, Rule 3.1332 sets forth a non-exclusive list of factors to be considered by the court in determining whether or not to grant a trial continuance. The court may grant a continuance only on an affirmative showing of good cause requiring the continuance. (Rule 3.1332, subd. (c) and (d).) Examples of good cause include, but are not limited to: (1) the unavailability of a party or trial counsel because of death, illness or other excusable circumstances, (2) a party's excused inability to obtain testimony, documents, or other material evidence despite diligent efforts, and (3) a significant, unanticipated change in the status of the case as a result of which the case is not ready for trial. (*Id.*)

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Rule 3.1332(d) states, in part:

In ruling on a motion or application for continuance, the court must consider all the facts and circumstances that are relevant to the determination. These may include the following factors:

- a.) The proximity of the trial date;
- b.) Whether there was any previous continuance, extension of time, or delay of trial due to any party;
- c.) The length of the continuance requested;
- d.) The availability of alternative means to address the problem that gave rise to the motion or application for a continuance;
- e.) The prejudice that parties or witnesses will suffer as a result of the continuance;
- f.) If the case is entitled to a preferential trial setting, the reasons for that status and whether the need for a continuance outweighs the need to avoid delay;
- g.) The court's calendar and the impact of granting a continuance on other pending trials;
- h.) Whether trial counsel is engaged in another trial;
- i.) Whether all parties have stipulated to a continuance;
- j.) Whether the interests of justice are best served by a continuance, by the trial of the matter or by imposing conditions on the continuance; and,
- k.) Any other fact or circumstance relevant to the fair determination of the motion or application.

(California *Rules of Court*, Rule 3.1332(d).)

These various factors are addressed, as follows:

- a.) The current trial date is November 3, 2008 (Salazar Decl. at pg. 3, ¶14, lln. 24);
- b.) There has been no previous trial continuance in this matter (for this phase) (*Id.* at pg. 3, ¶15, lln. 25);
- c.) The length of the continuance requested will allow Mr. Salazar to finish his other trial;
- d.) There are no alternative means to address the above-stated issues. The other attorneys who have assisted on this matter have no meaningful trial experience and no time

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- exists for other attorneys to learn a complicated water case and adequately protect Anaverde's substantial interests (*Id.* at pg. 4, ¶16, lln. 1-3);
- e.) The parties or witnesses will *not* suffer prejudice as a result of the continuance. To the contrary, other parties will similarly benefit from this brief continuance. There are several potential rebuttal witnesses, including Mr. Scalmanini, Ms. Oberdorfer, Mr. Durbin, Mr. Utley, and Mr. Sheahan, all of who may be offered to provide rebuttal testimony at trial. (*Id.* at pg. 4, ¶17, lln. 4-7.) Parties have not been able to depose Mr. Scalmanini and Mr. Sheahan with regard to their opinions specific to Anaverde's property;
- f.) There is no basis for trial preference in this matter;
- g.) In the interest of justice and equity, the Court should be able to grant a two-week continuance in light of the long-reaching history of this case. Anaverde is willing to accommodate the Court's schedule in any way possible, including proceeding in the Santa Clara Superior Court. Anaverde's issue is quite narrow so that no prejudice results to other parties if the case is not heard in Los Angeles. (*Id.* at pg. 4, ¶18, lln. 7.)
- h.) Lead Trial Counsel for Anaverde, Joseph Salazar, has a federal trial commencing October 28, 2008 (*Id.* at pg. 3, ¶10, lln. 9-10);
- i.) Other counsel are available during the week of November 17<sup>th</sup>, 2008. Messrs. William and Robert Kuhs are available to recommence trial on November 17, 2008. (See Declaration of Kimberly A. Huangfu filed concurrently herein at pg. 3, ¶9, lln. 8-9 ("Huangfu Decl.").) Anaverde contacted Mr. Bunn, counsel for Palmdale Water District, Ms. Goldsmith, counsel for the City of Los Angeles, Mr. Dubois, counsel for the United States Department of Justice., and Mr. Bradley Weeks, counsel for Quartz Hill Water District. Mr. Bunn, Mr. Dubois, and Mr. Weeks are available during the entire week of November 17<sup>th</sup>, 2008. Ms. Goldsmith is available on November 17, 18, 20, and 21. (*Id.* at pg. 3, ¶11, lln. 16-23.) Counsel for Anaverde also attempted to contact Mr. Dunn, counsel for the Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 40 and Rosamand Community Services District. (*Id.* at pg. 3, ¶8, lln. 5-7.)

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j.) The interests of justice are best served by a continuance of this matter. In order for all parties to have a full and fair trial, the attorney that is most familiar with the intricacies of this highly technical and complicated case are crucial to ensuring a fair outcome; and,

In Taylor v. Bell (1971) 21 Cal. App. 3d 1002, 1007, the court noted that trial judges have a great deal of leeway in granting continuances. The court stated:

> The factors which influence the granting or denying of a continuance in any particular case are so varied that the trial judge must necessarily exercise a broad discretion. On an appeal from a judgment (the order itself being non-appealable) it is particularly impossible to show reversible error in granting of a continuance.

(See also, Hartford Accident & Indemnity Co. v. Gropman (1984), 163 Cal. App. 3d Supp. 33, 41.)

On the other hand, courts must exercise discretion as to all interests involved in determining whether to grant a continuance, as a refusal may have the practical effect of denying the applicant a fair hearing. (In re Marriage of Hoffmeister (1984) 161 Cal. App. 3d 1163, 1169-1171 (holding that the proximity in time between the submission of an amended financial statement, submitted in an spousal support case, prevented appellant from adequately preparing for the hearing; the appellate court reversed the trial court's refusal to grant a continuance of trial concluding that it deprived appellant of a fair hearing).) A continuance should be granted if failure to allow the continuance would probably or possibly prejudice the party seeking the continuance by depriving that party of the opportunity to fully and fairly present his case. (In re *Dolly A.* (1986) 177 Cal. App. 3d 195, 201 (emphasis added).)

### (a.) Unavailability of Trial Counsel Due to Another Scheduled Trial Constitutes Good Cause.

In the present case, good cause for the continuance exists based on a number of the factors set forth in Rule 3.1332. This is the first trial continuance requested by Anaverde in this matter. Given the unavailability of Anaverde's lead trial counsel, it will be impossible to coordinate and complete the necessary trial preparation if another attorney has to assume trial responsibility midcase. Mr. Salazar has already taken the lead in preparing for the Phase 2 trial, was present during the first week of the Phase 2 trial, and attended and took all of the depositions of expert witnesses

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in Sacramento, California. (Salazar Decl. at pg. 4, ¶19, lln. 9-13.) As a result, on this basis alone, good cause exists for a continuance.

Similarly, case law recognizes unavailability of trial counsel due to another scheduled trial to constitute good cause. In Oliveros v. County of Los Angeles (2004) 120 Cal. App. 4th 1389 ("Oliveros"), the appellate court held that the trial court abused its discretion in denying a party's motion for a three-week continuance due to a scheduling conflict where counsel advised the court that he would be in trial, in another matter, on the same trial date. This case was complex and involved 43 trial witnesses, including 18 designated experts. To prepare for trial, the parties had to comb through thousands of pages of deposition testimony. The original attorney for the defendant "devoted more than 250 hours to reviewing the voluminous medical records and deposition transcripts, and to meeting with the . . . witnesses." (*Id.* at 1392.)

The trial was continued a few times due to scheduling conflicts. (Id.) The court was also made aware of trial conflicts "... but stated that [the other case] had priority because it was filed first." (Id.) Unfortunately, counsel was unable to get the other trial continued. (Id. at 1393.) Consequently, counsel requested a continuance in the *Oliveros* case and the judge "said that he was not inclined to grant the continuance and suggested that another lawyer in Mr. Peterson's office try *Oliveros*." (*Id.*) Counsel that requested the continuance, Mr. Peterson, explained that "[[a]ll but one] of his firm's other senior trial attorneys were in trial; the remaining attorney was on vacation in Europe. None of the firm's other lawyers had experience trying cases of the complexity of *Oliveros*." More importantly, no one other than Mr. Peterson had prepared to try the case. Therefore, Mr. Peterson suggested that it would be unfair to the client 'to ask [new counsel] to suddenly step into a case cold." (Id. at 1393.)

Experience of counsel was a factor that influenced the Court of Appeal's decision to reverse the trial court's refusal to grant a continuance. There, the court observed that defendant chose Mr. Peterson "because of his exceptional skill as a trial lawyer . . . [and the client] invested significant resources preparing to try the case and that it could not prepare any other attorney to try the case on such short notice . . . 'It is a severe prejudice to us in the enormity of the damages that

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can be assessed in this case to send us into court without the attorney that we put before this court." (*Id.* at 1394.)

Importantly, the Court of Appeal noted that, though a "motion for continuance is addressed to the sound discretion of the trial court . . . '[t]he trial judge must exercise his discretion with due regard to all interests involved, and the refusal of a continuance which has the practical effect of denying the applicant a fair hearing is reversible error." (Id. at 1395 quoting In re Marriage of Hoffmeister (1984) 161 Cal. App. 3d 1163, 1169; compare to Agnew v. Parks (1963) 219 Cal. App. 2d 696 (court denied plaintiff's request for continuance when counsel failed to promptly request continuance upon ascertaining the need for one due to scheduling conflicts); see also Mahoney v. Southland Mental Health Associates Medical Group (1990) 223 Cal. App. 3d 167, 172 (court denied oral motion because counsel failed to submit written declaration and requested continuance was based "in part by the departure of one of the partners" which occurred four months prior to request for continuance).)

More importantly, the court "must look beyond the limited facts which cause a litigant to request a last-minute continuance and consider the degree of diligence in his or her efforts to bring the case to trial, including participating in earlier court hearings, conducting discovery, and preparing for trial." (Id. at 1396 citing Link v. Cater (1998) 60 Cal. App. 4th 1315 at 1324-1325.) Essentially, the court should have conducted a balancing test to weigh the court's need to move the case along and the prejudicial effect of continuing without the lead trial attorney who is familiar with the case.

Similar to the cases referenced above, Anaverde has demonstrated good cause for a trial continuance due to the unavailability of counsel. Since June of this year, Mr. Salazar has actively engaged in preparing and trying the case as Anaverde's lead trial counsel. In addition to preparing and drafting all substantive pleadings and discovery requests, Mr. Salazar worked solely with Anaverde's expert witness to prepare for his deposition and trial testimony. Like *Oliveros*, no one other than Mr. Salazar has prepared to try the case.

As set forth in the accompanying declaration, Mr. Salazar is lead trial counsel in the matter of Scott Shewbridge v. El Dorado Irrigation District, a municipal corporation, Ane Deister, David

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Powell, Thomas Cumpston, George Wheeldon, George Osborne, individuals, and Does 1 through 50, inclusive ("Shewbridge"), United States Court for the Eastern District of California, Case No. 2:05-CV-00740FCD PAN. (Salazar Decl. at pg. 2, ¶2, lln. 9-13.)

The Shewbridge case commenced on April 15, 2005. (Id. at pg. 2, ¶3, lln. 13.) To date, it has been continued four times. It was originally scheduled to proceed on February 6, 2007. Since September 2006, the case has been continued with the corresponding dates, as follows:

- Continued from February 6, 2007 to May 22, 2007 on September 12, 2006;
- May 22, 2007 trial date vacated on May 1, 2007;
- New trial date set for September 11, 2007 on May 24, 2007;
- September 11, 2007 trial date vacated on August 27, 2008 due to scheduling conflict;
- New trial date set for June 3, 2007 on September 11, 2007;
- June 3, 2007 trial date is vacated due to scheduling conflict and reset for October 21, 2008;
- Trial confirmed to begin on October 28, 2008.

(*Id.* at pg. 2, ¶4, lln. 15-21.)

After this Court's decision to reconvene trial on November 3, 2008, Mr. Salazar informally requested that his federal trial be continued to avoid scheduling conflicts. Mr. Salazar received a response that the federal trial "is confirmed set to go on Tuesday, October 28, 2008" from Ms. Kruger, the Dourtroom Deputy to the Honorable Frank C. Damrell, Jr. (Id. at pg. 2, ¶5, Iln. 23-26.) Due to the complex nature of the *Shewbridge* case, and the large number of parties involved, Mr. Salazar is unable to delegate the role of lead trial attorney to another attorney in his office. (Id. at pg. 2, ¶6, lln. 27-28.) Mr. Salazar brought the Shewbridge case with him when he switched firms in June 2007. (Id. at pg. 3, ¶7, lln. 3.) This case has been ongoing since 2005 and involves multiple parties with a total of 44 witnesses to be presented at trial. (*Id.* at pg. 2, ¶6, lln. 27-28.)

> (1.) Anaverde Must Complete its Direct Examination of Mr. Lambie Upon Commencement of Part 2 of the Phase 2 Trial.

Specifically, upon commencement of the Phase 2 trial, Anaverde will complete its direct examination of its expert witness, Mr. Lambie; since Anaverde will be the primary party moving forward upon commencement, it is crucial that Anaverde's lead counsel be present to complete direct and cross-examine any rebuttal witnesses.

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Moreover, in the instant case, vacating and continuing the current trial date to a date on or after November 17, 2008, subject to the Court's calendar, will not prejudice any party. There are approximately two expert witnesses remaining that will testify to the lack of hydrological connectivity. Mr. Lambie must complete his direct and cross-examination and Mr. Rhone will testify as well. The total number of rebuttal witnesses for the PWS, the City of Los Angeles, and the United States remains unclear.

### (b.) Other Rebuttal Expert Witnesses Are Either Unavailable to Testify at a November 3, 2008 Trial or Unavailable to Testify at Deposition Prior to that Date.

Other factors that courts have considered include the unavailability of witnesses to testify at trial. (Agnew v. Larson (1961) 197 Cal. App. 2d 444, 450 (holding that the court has a wide discretion in granting or denying continuances and such rule applies when the motion is made because of the absence of a material witness).) Therefore, in addition to the aforementioned good cause justifications, there are also global scheduling difficulties between all the parties in completing these discovery matters by November 3, 2008. Bolthouse noticed the deposition of its expert, Mr. Sheahan, for October 27, 2008 at 9 a.m., to offer testimony as a rebuttal witness. (Salazar Decl. at pg. 3, ¶12, lln. 17-211.) Mr. Sheahan will be unavailable to offer live testimony at trial because he will be out of the state on November 3, 2008. (Id.) As a result, Bolthouse Properties intends to videotape Mr. Sheahan's deposition testimony to be offered (in lieu of his live testimony) at trial. Pursuant to Civil Code of Procedure section 6025.620, Bolthouse Properties is obligated to identify specific sections of the deposition to be offered at trial and other parties are then afforded an opportunity to object. (Id.) Since Mr. Sheahan's deposition testimony will take place merely four calendar days before the November 3, 2008 trial date, this affords little to no time for counsel to effectively prepare for trial.

Mr. Scalmanini, the expert for the Public Water Suppliers, is currently out of the country, scheduled to return on October 30, 2008 – just three days before the November 3, 2008 Part 2 trial date. (Id. at pg. 3, ¶13, lln. 22-23.) At the close of trial, counsel for the LACWW reserved the right to call Mr. Scalmanini as a rebuttal witness to provide testimony specific to Anaverde's

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property. His unavailability makes it virtually impossible to depose him or otherwise prepare for his testimony before the November 3, 2008 trial date.

The Court previously indicated its desire to complete the Phase 2 trial before January 2009. Even if the Court grants Anaverde's request for a brief continuance, this phase will be completed by that time. For the aforementioned reasons, including scheduling conflicts of counsel and material experts who may offer rebuttal testimony, Anaverde respectfully requests a two-week trial continuance to November 17, 2008, as convenient to the Court's calendar and all counsel's schedules. Therefore, as stated above, good cause exists to grant a continuance.

### ANAVERDE WAS UNINFORMED OF THE PHASE 2 TRIAL SCHEDULING AND SOUGHT CONTINUANCE AT FIRST AVAILABLE OPPORTUNITY.

Anaverde raised the above conflict with this Court as soon as it set the November 3, 2008 trial date. Moreover, it was not aware of the unavailability of Messrs. Sheahan and Scalmanini until October 9, 2008. In ruling on a motion for continuance, the court should consider, among other things, the diligence of counsel in bringing the emergency to the court's attention and to the attention of opposing counsel at the first available opportunity. (Cal. Rules of Court 3.1332.)

As discussed during the September 23, 2008 ex parte application, it was Anaverde's understanding that the Court would be starting the Phase 2 trial on October 6, 2008 and continue into the week of October 13, 2008, if necessary. (Huangfu Decl. at pg. 2, ¶3, lln. 14-16.) During this hearing, no mention of a one or two-week continuance – after completion of the first full week starting October 6, 2008 – was raised. (*Id.* at pg. 2, ¶4, lln. 17-18.) Therefore, Anaverde was under the impression that the Phase 2 trial would commence on October 6, 2008 and end on October 17, 2008, if such extra time was necessary. (*Id.* at pg. 2, ¶5, lln. 19-20.)

On September 30, 2008, an email was sent to all counsel from the Court and provided, as follows:

The Court has received many inquiries about the time estimate for the October 6, 2008 Trial. Please be advised that the Court expects to proceed with the trial, day to day from Monday, October 6, 2008 through Friday, October 10, 2008. If the trial needs to proceed beyond October 10, 2008, the Court will issue the return dates at that time. It is not likely that the Court will hold session the following week, due to other obligations in Santa Clara County.

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(Huangfu Decl. at pg. 2-3, ¶6, lln. 22-27 and 1-2.)

On October 9, 2008, counsel was informed that the Court intends to proceed, after a threeweek recess, on November 3, 2008. (Id. at pg. 3, ¶7, lln. 3-4.) During informal discussions offrecord on October 9, 2008, Mr. Salazar informed the Court that he has another trial, in the United States District Court, Eastern District of California in Sacramento, California, starting on October 28, 2008. This trial is expected to proceed for two weeks through November 11, 2008. Consequently, Mr. Salazar requested, on the record, that this Phase 2 trial "resume . . . on November  $17^{th}$  so that [he] could come back and finish." (Salazar Decl. at pg. 5, 925, lln. 1-2.) This Court provided that "[it] can't do that." (Id.)

Given the unexpected scheduling of this case, Anaverde respectfully requests that this motion for continuance of trial date be granted. Given the potential hardships imposed on Anaverde, if it is forced to proceed without its lead trial attorney, a two-week continuance is reasonable and necessary to ensure fair resolution of this adjudication.

### IV. CONCLUSION.

The factors enumerated above weigh in favor of granting the requested continuance of the trial date pursuant to Rules 3.1332 and 3.1335. Therefore, good cause exists to grant the requested continuance and schedule a trial of this matter to November 17, 2008.

DATED: October 21, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

MALISSA HATHAWAY McKEITH JOSEPH SALAZAR, JR. JACQUELINE MITTELSTADT KIMBERLY A. HUANGFU LEWIS BRISBOIS BISGAARD & SMITH LLP

By:

KIMBERLY A. HUANGFU Attorneys for ANAVERDE, LLC.

### PROOF OF SERVICE

I declare that:

I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within action. My business address is 221 North Figueroa Street, Suite 1200, Los Angeles, California 90012.

On October 21, 2008, I served CROSS-DEFENDANT ANAVERDE LLC'S EX

PARTE MOTION TO CONTINUE TRIAL DATE AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS

AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT THEREOF by posting the document(s) to the Santa Clara

Superior Court website in regard to the Antelope Valley Groundwater matter.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct, executed on October 21, 2008.

/s/	
Maritza Estrada	