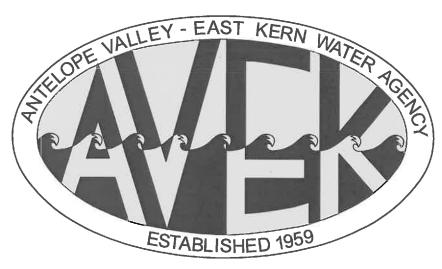
## AVEK'S 2005 URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

## Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency, California Urban Water Management Plan

# 2005 URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN



A PUBLIC AGENCY

## **Table Of Contents**

SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Purpose	1
SECTION 2. ADOPTION AND IMPLEMENTATION OF PLANS	
2.1 PUBLIC PARTICIPATION	
2.1.1 PLAN ADOPTION	2
2.2 AGENCY COORDINATION	2
2.2.1 Interagency Coordination	د
2.2.2 INTRA-AGENCY COORDINATION	C
2.3 SUPPLIER SERVICE AREA INFORMATION WITH 20 YEAR PROJECTIONS	ت 4
2.3.1 DEMOGRAPHIC FACTORS	ا
2.3.2 PAST DROUGHT, WATER DEMAND, AND CONSERVATION INFORMATION	C
2.3.3 CLIMATE	/ 9
2.4 WATER SUPPLY SOURCES	0
2.4.1 IMPORTED WATER	0
2.4.2 GROUNDWATER	g
2.4.3 RECYCLED WATER	O
2.4.4 CURRENT AND PROJECTED WATER SUPPLIES	9
SECTION 3. RELIABILITY PLANNING	
3.1 RELIABILITY	10
3.2 FREQUENCY AND MAGNITUDE OF SUPPLY DEFICIENCIES	10
3.3 RELIABILITY COMPARISON	11
3.4 FACTORS RESULTING IN INCONSISTENCY OF SUPPLY	11
3.5 TRANSFER OR EXCHANGE OPPORTUNITIES	12
3.5.1 WATER TRANSFERS	
SECTION 4. WATER USE PROVISIONS	
4.1 WATER USE BY CUSTOMER TYPE - PAST, CURRENT, AND FUTURE	. 14
4.1.1 AGRICULTURAL SECTOR	. 14
SECTION 5. DEMAND MANAGEMENT MEASURES	45
	. 10
(A) DMM 1 WATER SURVEY PROGRAMS FOR SINGLE-FAMILY AND MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL	
CUSTOMERS	. 15
(B) DMM 2 – RESIDENTIAL PLUMBING RETROFIT(C) DMM 3 – SYSTEM WATER AUDITS, LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIR	. 15
(D) DMM 4 - METERING WITH COMMODITY RATES	. 15
(E) DMM 5 – LARGE LANDSCAPE CONSERVATION PROGRAMS AND INCENTIVES	. 16
(E) DMM 6 – HIGH-EFFICIENCY WASHING MACHINE REBATE PROGRAMS	. 16
(G) DMM 7 – PUBLIC INFORMATION PROGRAMS	. 16
(H) DMM 8 – School Education Programs	.10
(I) DMM 9 - CONSERVATION PROGRAMS FOR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL, AND INSTITUTIONAL ACCOUNTS	. 10
(J) DMM 10 – WHOLESALE AGENCY PROGRAMS	. 17
(K) DMM 11 – CONSERVATION PRICING	. 17
(L) DMM 12 – WATER CONSERVATION COORDINATOR	. 10 10
(M) DMM 13 – WATER WASTE PROHIBITION	. 10 10
(N) DMM 14 – RESIDENTIAL ULTRA-LOW FLUSH TOILET REPLACEMENT PROGRAMS	10
5.1 AGRICULTURAL WATER CONSERVATION PROGRAMS	19

6.1 STAGES OF ACTION	20
	20
6.1.1 RATIONING STAGES AND REDUCTION GOALS	20
6.1.2 ESTIMATE OF MINIMUM SUPPLY FOR NEXT THREE YEARS	. 21
6.2 PREPARATION FOR CATASTROPHIC WATER SUPPLY INTERRUPTION	22
6.2.1 WATER SHORTAGE EMERGENCY RESPONSE	22
6.2.2 SWP EMERGENCY OUTAGE SCENARIOS	22
6.3 PROHIBITIONS, CONSUMPTION REDUCTION METHODS AND PENALTIES	25
6.3.1 MANDATORY PROHIBITIONS ON WATER WASTING	
6.3.2 Excessive Use Penalties	25
6.4 REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE IMPACTS AND MEASURES TO OVERCOME IMPACTS	26
6.5 SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY ORDINANCE/RESOLUTION	27
6.5.1 AVEK WATER SHORTAGE RESPONSE/PRIORITY BY USE	
6.5.2 HEALTH AND SAFETY REQUIREMENTS	27
6.5.3 WATER SHORTAGE AND TRIGGERING MECHANISMS	27
6.6 REDUCTION MEASURING MECHANISM	28
6.6.1 MECHANISM TO DETERMINE REDUCTIONS IN WATER USE	
SECTION 7. RECYCLED WATER PLAN	29
7.1 WASTEWATER QUANTITY, QUALITY, AND CURRENT USES	
7.1.1 AVEK'S RECYCLED WATER USE CAPABILITIES	
7.2 POTENTIAL AND PROJECTED USE, OPTIMIZATION PLAN WITH INCENTIVES	28
7.2.1 AVEK'S RECYCLED WATER USE PHILOSOPHY	30
SECTION 8. WATER QUALITY IMPACTS ON RELIABILITY	31
SECTION 9. WATER SERVICE RELIABILITY	22
CLOTION V. WATER CERTICE RELIABILITE minimum m	
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND	32
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND	33
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND.  9.2 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON.  9.3 PROJECTED MULTIPLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON.  9.3.1 THREE YEAR MINIMUM WATER SUPPLY ALERT.  APPENDIX A  APPENDIX B	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND.  9.2 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND.  9.2 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON.  9.3 PROJECTED MULTIPLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON.  9.3.1 THREE YEAR MINIMUM WATER SUPPLY ALERT.  APPENDIX A  APPENDIX B	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND.  9.2 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON.  9.3 PROJECTED MULTIPLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON.  9.3.1 THREE YEAR MINIMUM WATER SUPPLY ALERT.  APPENDIX A  APPENDIX B  APPENDIX C  APPENDIX D	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND.  9.2 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON.  9.3 PROJECTED MULTIPLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON.  9.3.1 THREE YEAR MINIMUM WATER SUPPLY ALERT.  APPENDIX A  APPENDIX B  APPENDIX C  APPENDIX D	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND.  9.2 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON.  9.3 PROJECTED MULTIPLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON.  9.3.1 THREE YEAR MINIMUM WATER SUPPLY ALERT.  APPENDIX A  APPENDIX B  APPENDIX C  APPENDIX D  APPENDIX E	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND.  9.2 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON.  9.3 PROJECTED MULTIPLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON.  9.3.1 THREE YEAR MINIMUM WATER SUPPLY ALERT.  APPENDIX A  APPENDIX B  APPENDIX C  APPENDIX D  APPENDIX E	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND	33 35
9.1 PROJECTED WATER SUPPLY AND DEMAND	33 35

## **List of Tables**

TABLE 2 POPULATION CURRENT AND PROJECTED (AVEK AREA).  7. TABLE 3 CLWATE.  7. TABLE 4 CURRENT AND PLANNED WATER SUPPLIES (AFY).  8. TABLE 4 CURRENT AND PLANNED WATER SUPPLIES (AFY).  8. TABLE 5 SUPPLY RELIABILITY.  10. TABLE 6 BASIS OF WATER YEAR DATA.  11. TABLE 6 PASIS OF WATER YEAR DATA.  12. TABLE 8 POUNTER OF CONNECTIONS (TURNOUTS) FOR AGRICULTURAL USE.  12. TABLE 8 PUPPLY RELIABILITY (AC-FT).  13. TABLE 10 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER SUPPLY AFY/  24. TABLE 11 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER SUPPLY AFY/  25. TABLE 11 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER DEMAND AFY/.  26. TABLE 12 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY WATER YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON AFY/.  27. TABLE 13 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY WATER YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON AFY/.  28. TABLE 14 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY WATER YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON AFY/.  29. TABLE 15 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY WATER YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON AFY/.  20. TABLE 16 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY WATER YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON AFY/.  21. TABLE 16 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AF/.  31. TABLE 17 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AF//.  31. TABLE 18 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF//.  32. TABLE 19 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF//.  33. TABLE 19 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF//.  34. TABLE 19 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF//.  35. TABLE 29 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2026 - AF//.  36. TABLE 29 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2026 - AF//.  37. TABLE 29 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2026 - AF//.  38. TABLE 29 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2026 - AF//.  39. TABLE 29 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2026 - AF//.  30. TABLE 29 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2026 - AF//.  30. TABLE 29 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2026 - AF//.  30. TABLE	TABLE 1 COORDINATION AND PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT	4
TABLE 3 CLIMATE. 7.  TABLE 4 CURRENT AND PLANNED WATER SUPPLIES (AFY). 8.  TABLE 5 SUPPLY RELIABILITY. 10.  TABLE 5 SUPPLY RELIABILITY. 10.  TABLE 6 BASIS OF WATER YEAR DATA. 11.  TABLE 7 TOTAL WATER USE (M&I). 12.  TABLE 8 NUMBER OF CONNECTIONS (TURNOUTS) FOR AGRICULTURAL USE. 12.  TABLE 8 NUMBER OF CONNECTIONS (TURNOUTS) FOR AGRICULTURAL USE. 12.  TABLE 9 SUPPLY RELIABILITY (AC-FT). 17.  TABLE 10 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER SUPPLY AFY. 28.  TABLE 11 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER DEMAND AFY. 28.  TABLE 12 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER DEMAND AFY. 29.  TABLE 12 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON AFY. 29.  TABLE 13 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AFY. 29.  TABLE 14 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AFY. 29.  TABLE 15 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AF/. 31.  TABLE 16 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AF/. 31.  TABLE 17 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AF/Y. 31.  TABLE 18 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y. 32.  TABLE 19 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y. 32.  TABLE 20 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y. 32.  TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y. 33.  TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y. 33.  TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y. 33.  TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y. 33.  TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y. 33.  TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y. 33.  TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y. 33.  TABLE 24 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y. 33.  TABLE 25 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE D		
TABLE 4 CURRENT AND PLANNED WATER SUPPLIES (AF/Y)	TABLE 3 CLIMATE	7
TABLE 6 SUPPLY RELIABILITY.  710 TABLE 6 BASIS OF WATER YEAR DATA.  111 TABLE 7 TOTAL WATER USE (M&I).  711 TABLE 7 TOTAL WATER USE (M&I).  712 TABLE 8 NUMBER 0F OF CONNECTIONS (TURNOUTS) FOR AGRICULTURAL USE.  712 TABLE 9 SUPPLY RELIABILITY (AC-F1).  717 TABLE 10 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER SUPPLY AFTY.  718 TABLE 10 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER SUPPLY AFTY.  72 TABLE 11 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER DAMAIN AFTY.  73 TABLE 12 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER DAMAIN AFTY.  74 TABLE 13 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY WATER YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON AFTY.  75 TABLE 14 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY WATER YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON AFTY.  76 TABLE 15 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AFT.  77 TABLE 16 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AFT.  78 TABLE 17 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AFT.  78 TABLE 18 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AFTY.  78 TABLE 19 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AFTY.  78 TABLE 20 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AFTY.  78 TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFTY.  79 TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AFTY.  70 TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AFTY.  71 TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AFTY.  72 TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AFTY.  73 TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AFTY.  74 TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AFTY.  75 TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AFTY.  76 TABLE 25 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AFTY.  77 TABLE 25 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND TOTAL T	TABLE 4 CURRENT AND PLANNED WATER SUPPLIES (AF/Y)	8
TABLE 1 PROJECTED SUPPLY NING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2016 - AFFY.  TABLE 19 PROJECTED SUPPLY DRUING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFFY.  TABLE 19 PROJECTED DRUAND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFFY.  TABLE 19 PROJECTED PROBAND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFFY.  32 TABLE 12 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY WIND MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFFY.  33 TABLE 15 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY WIND MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AFF.  34 TABLE 15 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2010 - AFF.  35 TABLE 16 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2010 - AFF.  36 TABLE 18 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2010 - AFF.  37 TABLE 19 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2010 - AFF.  38 TABLE 19 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2015 - AFF.  39 TABLE 19 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2015 - AFF.  30 TABLE 19 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2015 - AFF.  31 TABLE 20 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2015 - AFF.  32 TABLE 20 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2015 - AFF.  33 TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFF.  34 TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFF.  35 TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFF.  36 TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFF.  37 TABLE 22 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFF.  38 TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFF.  39 TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFF.  30 TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFF.  31 TABLE 24 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFF.  32 TABLE 25 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFF.  34 TABLE 26 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARESON DURING MULTIPLE DRY EAR ENDING IN 20	Table 5 Supply Reliability	10
TABLE 7 TOTAL WATER USE (M&I).  TABLE 8 NUMBER OF CONNECTIONS (TURNOUTS) FOR AGRICULTURAL USE	Table 6 Basis of Water Year Data	10
TABLE 8 NUMBER OF CONNECTIONS (TURNOUTS) FOR AGRICULTURAL USE	TABLE 7 TOTAL WATER USE (M&I)	12
TABLE 19 PROJECTED PROBABLE 6-YEAR WATER SUPPLY AF/Y	TABLE 8 NUMBER OF CONNECTIONS (TURNOUTS) FOR AGRICULTURAL USE	12
TABLE 10 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER SUPPLY AFFY	Table 9 Supply Reliability (Ac-Ft)	17
TABLE 11 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER DEMAND AFIY	TABLE 10 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER SUPPLY AF/Y	28
TABLE 12 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON AFIY	TABLE 11 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR WATER DEMAND AF/Y	29
TABLE 13 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY WATER YEAR SUPPLY AF/Y	TABLE 12 PROJECTED PROBABLE 5-YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON AF/Y	29
TABLE 14 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON AFIY.  7. ABLE 15 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AFI.  7. ABLE 16 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AFIY.  7. ABLE 17 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR  8. ENDING IN 2010 - AFIY.  7. ENDING IN 2010 - AFIY.  7. ABLE 18 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AFIY.  7. ABLE 19 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AFIY.  7. ABLE 20 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AFIY.  7. ABLE 20 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFIY.  7. ABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFIY.  7. ABLE 22 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFIY.  7. ABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR  8. ENDING IN 2020 - AFIY.  7. ABLE 24 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR  8. ENDING IN 2020 - AFIY.  7. ABLE 25 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AFIY.  7. ABLE 26 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AFIY.  7. ABLE 26 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR  8. ENDING IN 2025 - AFIY.  8. APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LETTER / FAX/MAILING LIST  8. APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LETTER / FAX/MAILING LIST  8. APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LETTER / FAX/MAILING LIST  8. APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION TO ADOPT WATER  8. SHORT AND A SUMPLY A SUMPLY AND A SUMPLY PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER  8. SHORT AND A SUMPLY A S	TABLE 13 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY WATER YEAR SUPPLY AF/Y	29
TABLE 16 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AF/	TABLE 14 PROJECTED SINGLE DRY YEAR SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON AF/Y	29
TABLE 16 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AF/Y	TABLE 15 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AF/	31
TABLE 17 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AFIY	TABLE 16 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2010 - AF/Y	31
ENDING IN 2010 - AF/Y.  31 TABLE 18 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y.  32 TABLE 19 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y.  32 TABLE 20 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y.  32 TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y.  33 TABLE 22 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y.  33 TABLE 23 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y.  33 TABLE 24 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  34 TABLE 25 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  34 TABLE 26 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  35 TABLE 26 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  36 TABLE 26 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  37 TABLE 26 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  38 TABLE 26 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  39 TABLE 26 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  30 TABLE 26 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  30 TABLE 26 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  30 TABLE 26 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  31 TABLE 26 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  32 TABLE 27 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  34 TABLE 26 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  35 TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  36 TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  36 TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  37 TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING IN 2025 - AF/Y.  38 TABLE 22 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 20		
TABLE 18 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y		31
TABLE 19 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y	TABLE 18 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y	32
TABLE 20 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y	TABLE 19 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y	. 32
ENDING IN 2015 - AF/Y		
TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y	Ending in 2015 - AF/Y	32
TABLE 22 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y	TABLE 21 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y	33
TABLE 23 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AFY	TABLE 22 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y	33
ENDING IN 2020 - AF/Y	TABLE 23 PROJECTED SUPPLY AND DEMAND COMPARISON DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR	
TABLE 24 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y	Ending in 2020 - AF/Y	33
TABLE 25 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y	TABLE 24 PROJECTED SUPPLY DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y	34
List of Figures  FIGURE 1 SWP DELIVERY RELIABILITY (STUDY 6)	TABLE 25 PROJECTED DEMAND DURING MULTIPLE DRY YEAR ENDING IN 2025 - AF/Y	34
List of Figures  FIGURE 1 SWP DELIVERY RELIABILITY (STUDY 6)		
APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LETTER / FAX/MAILING LIST  APPENDIX B RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY	Ending in 2025 - AF/Y	34
APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LETTER / FAX/MAILING LIST  APPENDIX B RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY		
APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LETTER / FAX/MAILING LIST  APPENDIX B RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY	lief of Finness	
APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LETTER / FAX/MAILING LIST  APPENDIX B RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY	LIST OF FIGURES	
List of Appendices  APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LETTER / FAX/MAILING LIST  APPENIDX B RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY		
List of Appendices  APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LETTER / FAX/MAILING LIST  APPENIDX B RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY	FIGURE 1 SWP DELIVERY RELIABILITY (STUDY 6)	5
APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LETTER / FAX/MAILING LIST  APPENIDX B RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY	TIONE TO STILL BELLVERT RELIABILITY (STODY O)	
APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LETTER / FAX/MAILING LIST  APPENIDX B RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY		
APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LETTER / FAX/MAILING LIST  APPENIDX B RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY	List of Appendices	
FAX/MAILING LIST  APPENIDX B RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY	=iot of Appointmood	
FAX/MAILING LIST  APPENIDX B RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY	Appropriate A Liena of Opening with Burning and Development in Time Burning and	
APPENIDX B RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN / RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA  APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY	APPENDIX A LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN / NOTIFICATION LET	TER /
SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN  APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION  APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA  APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY		
APPENDIX C RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY		TER
APPENDIX D WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS  APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA  APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY		
APPENDIX E LOCATION MAP  APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA  APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY		
APPENDIX F MAP OF SWP / WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK / TABLES B-8 AND B-9/SWP RELIABILITY DATA APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY		
APPENDIX G AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST / UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST  APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX I EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY		
APPENDIX H ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS  APPENDIX   EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY		
APPENDIX   EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY		

## Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency 2005 Urban Water Management Plan Contact Sheet

Date plan submitted to the Department of Water Resources: 12/29/2005

Name of person preparing this plan: Russell Fuller, General Manager

Phone: (661) 943-3201

Fax: (661) 943-3204

E-mail address: avekwa@aol.com

The Water supplier is a: State Water Project Contractor

The Water supplier is a: Wholesaler to potable water purveyors &

Retailer of untreated agricultural water

Utility services provided by the water supplier include: Water

Is This Agency a Bureau of Reclamation Contractor? No

## **Section 1. Introduction**

### 1.1 Purpose

The California Urban Water Planning Act requires urban water suppliers to describe and evaluate sources of water supply, efficient uses of water, demand management measures, implementation strategy and schedule, and other relevant information and programs. This information is used by the urban water supplier for development of an Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) which is submitted to the California Department of Water Resources (DWR) every five years.

12/20/2005 1 of 38

## Section 2. Adoption and Implementation of Plans

Law

10642. Each urban water supplier shall encourage the active involvement of diverse social, cultural, and economic elements of the population within the service area prior to and during the preparation of the plan. Prior to adopting a plan, the urban water supplier shall make the plan available for public inspection and shall hold a public hearing thereon. Prior to the hearing, notice of the time and place of hearing shall be published ... After the hearing, the plan shall be adopted as prepared or as modified after the hearing.

#### 2.1 Public Participation

The Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency (AVEK) has actively encouraged community participation in its urban water management planning efforts by encouraging attendance and participation in the Board of Directors (BOD) public meetings held twice each month. Public hearings were held on November 15, 2005 and December 20, 2005 for review of plan and to receive comments on the draft plan before the AVEK's BOD approval.

A special effort was made to include community and public interest organizations. Legal public notices for each meeting were published in the local newspapers and posted at Agency facilities. Copies of the draft plan were available at Agency office. See Appendix A for participation list.

#### 2.1.1 Plan Adoption

AVEK prepared the initial draft of its Urban Water Management Plan during spring 2005. The final plan was adopted by the BOD on 12/20/2005 and submitted to the California Department of Water Resources within 30 days of BOD approval. Attached to the cover letter addressed to the Department of Water Resources and as Appendix B are copies of the signed Resolution of Plan Adoption. This plan includes all information necessary to meet the requirements of California Water Code Division 6, Part 2.6 (Urban Water Management Planning).

12/20/2005 2 of 38

#### 2.2 Agency Coordination

#### Law

10620 (d) (2) Each urban water supplier shall coordinate the preparation of its plan with other appropriate agencies in the area, including other water suppliers that share a common source, water management agencies, and relevant public agencies, to the extent practicable.

10620 (f) An urban water supplier shall describe in the plan water management tools and options used by that entity that will maximize resources and minimize the need to import water from other regions.

10621 (a) Each urban water supplier shall update its plan at least once every five years on or before December 31, in years ending in five and zero.

10621 (b) Every urban water supplier required to prepare a plan pursuant to this part shall notify any city or county within which the supplier provides water supplies that the urban water supplier will be reviewing the plan and considering amendments or changes to the plan.....

#### 2.2.1 Interagency Coordination

AVEK views "interagency coordination" in at least 2 ways, one with respect to the development of UWMP and the second concerns the development of additional water sources such as imported water stored in the groundwater basin. AVEK's draft UWMP was posted on it's website <a href="www.avek.org">www.avek.org</a> for public access and review. AVEK's outreach efforts concerning this UWMP are outlined in Table 1.

12/20/2005 3 of 38

Table 1. Coordination and Public Involvement								
	Cool	rdination and	l Public Invo	Ivement Actions	s by AVEK			
Entities	Contacted for Assistanc e	Attended public meetings	Received a copy of the draft	Commented on the draft	Sent notice of intention to adopt (Hearing)			
Boron CSD			<b>V</b>		1			
City of California City		<b>V</b>	1	<b>√</b>	1			
Mojave Public Utility District			1		1			
Rosamond CSD	✓	<b>V</b>	1	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>			
California Water Service Co			1		1			
Los Angeles County Waterworks Districts	✓	<b>V</b>	✓	✓	✓			
Palm Ranch Irrigation District					1			
Palmdale Water District					<b>√</b>			
Littlerock Creek Irrigation District					✓			
Quartz Hill Water District			✓		1			
California Department of Water Resources	✓		✓	✓				
City of Palmdale			✓		✓			
City of Lancaster			<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>			
Los AngelesCounty Sanitation Districts	✓		✓		1			
County of Los Angeles			1		<b>√</b>			
County of Ventura			✓		<b>√</b>			
County of Kern			1		1			

With respect to the second issue, it should be recognized that AVEK is a supplier of imported water from the State Water Project (SWP) for the Antelope Valley region and that it is not a primary source but a secondary source. Since AVEK wholesales water to area retail purveyors, water sales volumes and predicted future treated and untreated water quantities are the only tools and products available for distribution. See Appendix C for Rate Stabilization fund discussion. The water provided by DWR through AVEK is used by area consumers in lieu of or in addition to pumped groundwater. The UWMP seeks to optimize water assets and plans for future water shortages. AVEK attempts to maximize use of its surface water product by encouraging retail purveyors to utilize surface water instead of pumped groundwater whenever possible and utilize groundwater recharge as a method for banking water during wet years. AVEK is reducing over drafting of the area aquifers by providing as much of its allocated DWR water to consumers as possible.

Currently, AVEK is actively involved with the planning stages and coordination of a fully regional water banking program. The proposed water banking program would function under a Joint Power Association format and treat all area-wide water interests equally by offering participation to all customers if desired. AVEK currently has a Water Supply Capacity Charge that funds system improvements that will be required for the anticipated growth of AVEK's customers over the next 20 years. See Appendix D for list of proposed facility expansions. An improvement identified as a proposed facility expansion includes California Aqueduct turnouts, raw water pipelines and basin inlets that could be used for groundwater recharge.

To develop a successful groundwater banking and storage program, AVEK believes a myriad of issues concerning such a program (eg, legal, technical, financial, policy, etc.) should be addressed at the earliest possible stage by creating a comprehensive institutional framework for the program. Formulating such a framework should create as many stakeholders as possible. AVEK will encourage that appropriate steps be taken to facilitate discussions about this matter among stakeholders.

12/20/2005 4 of 38

Finally, AVEK's efforts to conserve and optimize its water resources have been the focus and will continue to be the focus on such programs as 1) provide treated and untreated surface water to area water retailers and farmers for a reasonable cost while maintaining their facilities and trained personnel; and 2) seek to institute programs and policies that deal with the water allocations during the inevitable dry years and spans of dry years. AVEK may assist, when possible, all area retailers in developing their own water conservation methods and policies as well as providing information about water conserving techniques.

#### 2.2.2 Intra-Agency Coordination

Each year, the Agency considers the outlook on the water supplies for the Agency for the next 12 months. Figure 1, included in the UWMP, indicates AVEK's DWR water deliveries under different availability conditions. Figure 1 includes information provided by the 2005 DWR State Water Project Delivery Reliability Report (draft 5/05) and indicates the probability that a given SWP Table A amount will be delivered from the Delta for current condition Study 6. Each line is constructed by ranking 73 annual Table A delivery values of Study 6 from lowest to highest and calculating the percentage of values equal to or greater than the delivery value of interest.

12/20/2005 5 of 38

## 2.3 Supplier Service Area Information with 20 Year Projections

Law

10631. (a) Describe the service area of the supplier, including current and projected population, climate, and other demographic factors affecting the supplier's water management planning. The projected population estimates shall be based upon data from the state, regional, or local service agency population projections within the service area of the urban water supplier and shall be in five-year increments to 20 years or as far as data is available.

#### 2.3.1 Demographic Factors

The Antelope Valley is located in the western part of the Mojave Desert, about 50 miles northeast of Los Angeles. The valley is triangular shaped, topographically closed basin covering about 2,200 square miles. Groundwater is an important component of water supply in the Antelope Valley (Leighton, USGS, 1999). Estimates of average natural annual groundwater recharge range from about 40,000 to 58,000 AFY (Snyder, 1955; Bloyd, 1967; Durbin, 1978). Pumping in the valley, primarily for agricultural purposes, peaked in the 1950's when production may have exceeded 400,000 AF annually (Snyder, 1955). Increased urban growth in the 1980's resulted in an increase in the demand for water and an increase in groundwater use. Long-term groundwater withdrawals have caused some land subsidence.

#### 2.3.1.1 Service Area

AVEK has played a major role in the Valley's water system since it was granted a charter by the State legislature in 1959. It succeeded the AV-Feather River Association, which was formed in 1953 to encourage importation of water from the Feather River in northern California. See Appendix E for AVEK boundary map.

In 1962 the AVEK Board of Directors signed a water supply contract with the State Department of Water Resources (DWR) to assure delivery of imported water to supplement Antelope Valley groundwater supplies. AVEK has the third largest allotment of 29 State Water Project (SWP) water agencies in California, following the Metropolitan Water District and the Kern County Water Agency. See Appendix F for SWP map. SWP facilities are not fully constructed and until full built-out, SWP is capable of delivering annually about 72% of the project 4.1 million acre-feet.

Financed by a \$71 million bond issue, AVEK constructed the Domestic Agricultural Water Network (DAWN), which consists of four water treatment plants with clear water storage and more than 100 miles of pipelines. Four 8-million gallon water storage reservoirs near Mojave and one 3-million gallon reservoir at Vincent Hill Summit complete the DAWN network. The bulk of the imported water is treated and distributed to customers throughout its service area. See Appendix G for current list of water purveyors that AVEK serves. The network also provides delivery of untreated water from the Aqueduct to local farmers and ranchers.

The Quartz Hill water treatment plant is capable of producing 65 million gallons per day (mgd) of treated aqueduct water. The Eastside water treatment plant is capable of producing 10 mgd. The Rosamond water treatment plant can produce 14 mgd while the most recently added treatment plant in Acton can make 4 mgd of treated water. Additional surface water allotments from the SWP exist in the area for Palmdale Water District and Littlerock Creek Irrigation District.

#### 2.3.1.2 Population Projections

Lancaster and Palmdale are the largest cities in the Antelope Valley with Mojave, Edwards Air Force Base, Boron, and Littlerock being the larger of the fewer than 10,000 population centers.

12/20/2005 6 of 38

AVEK provides service to incorporated and unincorporated areas of Antelope Valley. The population projections include inhabitants from Lancaster, Palmdale, Acton, and Lake Los Angeles of Los Angeles County and California City, Rosamond, Edwards Air Force Base, Mojave, and Boron of Kern County. Since AVEK only serves a portion of Palmdale, the projected values for Palmdale have been adjusted and then included in Table 2.

Table 2 indicates population growth projections within the service areas of AVEK. The projections are based on data from California Department of Finance and the Southern California Association of Governments. See Appendix H for information from these sources on projected growth.

Table 2. Population – Current and Projected (AVEK Area) <sup>1</sup>								
Population	2006	2010	2015	2020	2025			
Service Area Population	285,458	335,504	395,618	466,763	551,002			

#### 2.3.2 Past Drought, Water Demand, and Conservation Information

During drought periods, the Agency has met most of its customers' needs through special programs including turn back pool water, dry year water purchases, etc., and by utilizing larger reductions to agricultural users. AVEK has been unable to fulfill demands for SWP water only one time since its formation. See Appendix F for a list of the annual SWP water deliveries to AVEK.

Since 1995, the water demand for all water sources has increased by a growth rate of about 4% per year, due in part to a general acceleration in the region's economy. From 1990 to 2000, the population within AVEK's service area increased and new water demand has kept pace with the growth. The area continues to have a modest but growing industrial sector located principally in Palmdale and Lancaster. The commercial sector is increasing more rapidly due to increased numbers of consumers in the area and the general desire to shop closer to home. The agricultural economy is based on carrots, alfalfa, onions, peaches, pears, apple, vineyards and other stone type fruits becoming more common.

12/20/2005 7 of 38

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Population growth projections include only a portion of the City of Palmdale.

#### 2.3.3 Climate

The area encompassed by AVEK is primarily desert. Vegetation is typical of the western Mojave Desert that includes creosote and desert shrubs. Certain portions of the valley contain large stands of Joshua Trees. Summer temperatures can reach 112°F while winter temperatures have been known to drop about 10°F. Typical annual average rainfall is 7 to 8 inches. The perimeter of the Antelope Valley includes low brush covered hills transitioning into the Tehachapi Mountains and San Gabriel Mountains to the west and south. The surface water runoff drainage channels and courses are active only during times of runoff due to precipitation. The water tables are well below the levels, needed to sustain year round flowing streams. The area is known for its daily winds, usually from the west. Table 3 illustrates average rates of evapotranspiration, temperature, and precipitation of the service area.

Table 3. Climate								
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June		
Standard Monthly Average EvapoTranspiration (Eto)	1.86	2.80	4.65	6.00	8.06	9.00		
Average Rainfall (inches)	1.49	1.82	1.35	0.36	0.12	0.05		
Average Temperature (Fahrenheit)	44.3	47.5	52.7	58.3	66.7	75.2		

Table 3. (continued) Climate							
	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual
Standard Monthly Average (Eto)	9.92	8.68	6.60	4.34	2.70	1.86	66.5
Average Rainfall (inches)	0.10	0.14	0.19	0.35	0.48	1.05	7.51
Avg. Temperature (Fahrenheit)	81.1	79.7	73.3	62.6	50.4	43.2	61.3

Rainfall and temperature records based on data reported at the Lancaster station by NOAA. EvapoTranspiration data based on data reported from CIMIS station zone 17 – High Desert Valleys.

DWR's Draft Water Plan includes an assessment of the impacts of global warming on the State's water supply using a series of computer models and based on decades of scientific research. Model results indicate increased temperature, reduction in Sierra snow depth, early snow melt, and a raise in sea level. These changing hydrological conditions could affect future planning efforts which are typically based on historic conditions. Difficulties that may arise include:

- Hydrologic conditions, variability, and extremes that are different than current water systems were designed to manage
- Changes occurring too rapidly to allow sufficient time and information to permit managers to respond appropriately
- Requiring special efforts or plans to protect against surprises and uncertainties

As such, DWR will continue to provide updated results from these models as further research is conducted.

12/20/2005 8 of 38

### 2.4 Water Supply Sources

Law

10631 (b) Identify and quantify, to the extent practicable, the existing and planned sources of water available to the supplier over the same five-year increments [to 20 years or as far as data are available.]

#### 2.4.1 Imported Water

AVEK sells imported water from the DWR California Aqueduct as part of the SWP. Currently, AVEK has an allocation for purchasing up to 141,400 acre-feet of water per year from the SWP.

#### 2.4.2 Groundwater

AVEK does not have production groundwater wells and has no plans to include groundwater pumping as a water supply. In previous years, AVEK has made efforts to utilize groundwater to offset imported water deficiencies. These efforts were rejected by several of the larger AVEK purveyors and no further plans are in place for AVEK to use groundwater as a supply.

#### 2.4.3 Recycled Water

AVEK does not provide recycled water. Reference is made to Section 7.1.1, AVEK's Recycled Water Use Capabilities.

#### 2.4.4 Current and Projected Water Supplies

Water supplies will have different historical dry year sequences and different yields during multiple year drought conditions based on hydrology, average storage, contract entitlements, etc. AVEK's only source of water is SWP water.

Table 4. Current and Planned Water Supplies (AF/Y)									
Water Supply Sources	2006	2010	2015	2020	2025				
SWP Allocation	141,400	141,400	141,400	141,400	141,400				
Projected Delivery Percentages <sup>2</sup>	69%	71%	73%	75%	77%				
Projected Delivery by DWR <sup>3</sup>	97,566	100,394	103,222	106,050	108,878				
AVEK produced surface water	0	0	0	0	0				
Transfers/Exchanges	0	0	0	0	0				
Total	97,566	100,394	103,222	106,050	108,878				

12/20/2005 9 of 38

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Projected delivery percentages are based Study 6 & Study 7 of the DWR 2005 SWP Reliability Report (5/05 Draft). The average projected delivery percentage for year 2005 was taken from Table B-8 and for year 2025 the percentage was taken from Table B-9. Projected percentages for years 2010 – 2020 were derived by linearly escalating the percentage value of year 2005 to year 2025. See Appendix F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Projected Delivery is the product of the SWP Allocation of 141,400 AF/Y and the Projected Delivery Percentages provided by the DWR models. For example, in year 2010 the projected delivery of 100,394 AF/Y is the product of 141,400 AF/Y multiplied by the projected delivery percentage of 71%.

## Section 3. Reliability Planning

#### Law

10631 (c) Describe the reliability of the water supply and vulnerability to seasonal or climatic shortage, to the extent practicable and provide data for each of the following:

- (1) An probable water year;
- (2) A single dry water year; and,
- (3) Multiple dry water years.

For any water source that may not be available at a consistent level of use, given specific legal, environmental, water quality, or climatic factors, describe plans to replace that source with alternative sources or water demand management measures, to the extent practicable.

#### 3.1 Reliability

AVEK considers the usage of the word "reliability" in two connotations. First, the source reliability is only as reliable as the occurrences of the winter weather storms that deposit snow pack in the higher Sierra Nevada elevations that are part of the SWP watershed. Once the winter rain and snow season have been completed, the snow pack is measured and projected annual water volumes are given to SWP users. Prior to that, a specific volume of water is unpredictable. Based on previous experience, the predicted water values given by the State in the spring have been conservative.

The second step of "reliability" is what AVEK forecasts as the available water allocated for each of the water purveyors. AVEK also strives to be as informative as possible on the annual water allocations, and distributes information from the SWP projections to the water purveyors in a timely manner. The demand by water purveyors is greater in the summer months compared to the winter months. Utilizing water rates that are higher in peak months to offset water supply deficiencies is a demand management measure that is being used by AVEK.

Reliability planning requires information about: (1) the expected frequency and severity of shortages that occur because of reduction in SWP allocation and failure of transportation facilities; and (2) how available contingency measures can reduce the impact of shortages when they occur.

## 3.2 Frequency and Magnitude of Supply Deficiencies

The current and future supply projections through 2025 are shown in the above Table 4. The future supply projections assume normal inflows from the Sacramento Delta for the SWP. See Figure 1 for SWP delivery reliability.

According to SWP Delta Table A Delivery Reliability Probability for Year 2005, AVEK is projected to receive an average delivery of 69% of full Table A under current conditions. AVEK is projected to receive about 69% of full delivery at 69% of the time. The percentage of SWP Table A amounts projected to be available are referenced from Table B-8 of DWR's "Excerpts from Working Draft of the 2005 State Water Project Delivery Reliability Report", May 2005. AVEK has used the lowest allocation of 4% from Study 6, which includes revised current demands, for calculation of AVEK's single dry year supplies. The multiple dry year demand was based on the 4-year drought values also presented in Table 6-5 title, "SWP Average and Dry Year Table A Delivery from Delta in Five-Year Intervals for Studies 6 and 7". Based on the SWP

12/20/2005 10 of 38

allotment for AVEK, a 69% of full delivery translates to about 97,566 acre-feet of water per year. For the remainder of this study, the value of 97,566 ac-ft will be defined as the baseline supply for a probable year.

### 3.3 Reliability Comparison

Table 5 details estimated water supply projections associated with several water supply reliability scenarios. The driest three-year historic sequence refers to the recorded three-year period with the lowest water deliveries that were available from DWR. For further information on the data, see <a href="https://doi.org/10.108/j.com/nimum-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply-and-water-supply

	Table Supply Re			
Unit of Measure	e: Acre-feet/Year	Mult	iple Dry Water Y	ears
Probable Water Year	Single Dry Water Year	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
97,566	3,903	24,392	33,172	31,221
% of Probable	4%	25%	34%	32%

Table Basis of Wate	
Water Year Type	Base Year(s)
Probable Water Year	(see footnote)
Single Dry Year	1977
Multiple-Dry Years	1931-1933

## 3.4 Factors Resulting in Inconsistency of Supply

The likeliest interruptions would be:

- Reduction of annual SWP allocation due to low rainfall.
- A result of loss of power or facility failure in the aqueduct.
- 3. Failure of Delta levee system.
- 4. Earthquake
- 5. Power loss

Response by the agency to any of the above factors will always include contact and coordination with AVEK's customers. Additionally, in the event of power loss AVEK has permanent emergency power generation that automatically starts to maintain water treatment operations. In the event of an earthquake, AVEK personnel will survey and assess damage and respond accordingly with shutdowns and repairs.

12/20/2005 11 of 38

A probable water year scenario is defined as 69% of the full SWP allocation (141,400 ac-ft), or 97,566 ac-ft per historical reliability (Fig.1). This value coincides with the average percent of SWP allocation delivered as predicted in Table B-8 (Study 6) of the DWR 2005 SWP Delivery Reliability Report (5/05 Draft). The model assumes parties entitled to SWP water has adequate storage for capturing excess supplies during wet years. Actual volume of water available may be less if adequate storage is not available. Single and Multiple Dry Years data are cited from Table 6-5 (Study 6) of the DWR report.

### 3.5 Transfer or Exchange Opportunities

Law

10631 (d) Describe the opportunities for exchanges or transfers of water on a short-term or long-term basis.

#### 3.5.1 Water Transfers

The Agency has in past explored and utilized dry year water transfer options to increase reliability. Additional water was acquired by AVEK in 2001; AVEK purchased 3,000 acre-feet of Table A water from Tulare Lake Irrigation District. It is estimated that additional water could be purchased by the Agency as emergency water supply if requested by water purveyors. Other sources of water available to AVEK include the turnback pool, Article 21, etc., that could be purchased if requested by customers or utilized for storage in the basin.

12/20/2005

## **Section 4. Water Use Provisions**

#### Law

10631 (e) (1) Quantify, to the extent records are available, past and current water use, over the same five-year increments described in subdivision (a), and projected water use, identifying the uses among water use sectors including, but not necessarily limited to, all of the following uses:

- (A) Single-family residential; (B) Multifamily; (C) Commercial; (D) Industrial; (E) Institutional and governmental; (F) Landscape; (G) Sales to other agencies; (H) Saline water intrusion barriers, groundwater recharge, or conjunctive use, or any combination thereof;
- (2) Agricultural.
- (3) The water use projections shall be in the same 5-year increments to 20 years or as far as data is available.

12/20/2005 13 of 38

## 4.1 Water Use by Customer Type – Past, Current, and Future

Table 7 details water purveyors deliveries for M&I. The future water uses shown in the tables were based on the SWP Delivery Reliability (Figure 1) for 69% of the time.

Table 7. Total Water Use (M&I)									
Water Distributed	1999	2004	2010	2015	2020	2025			
Billiton Exploration U.S.A.	22	14	26	27	28	28			
Boron CSD	280	350	655	674	692	711			
City of California City	163	801	1500	1542	1584	1626			
Desert Lake CSD	63	161	301	310	318	327			
Desert Sage Apartments	6	6	11	12	12	12			
Edgemont Acres MWC	26	18	34	35	36	37			
Edwards AFB	2140	1986	3718	3823	3927	4032			
FPL Energy	1438	1251	2342	2408	2474	2540			
Mojave Public Utility District	217	41	77	79	81	83			
Rosamond CSD	1512	1111	2080	2138	2197	2256			
US Borax	1625	1828	3422	3519	3615	3711			
Antelope Valley Country Club	151	193	361	371	382	392			
California Water Service Co	236	313	586	602	619	635			
El Dorado MWC	387	60	112	115	119	122			
Landale MWC	26	0.5	1	1	1	1			
Los Angeles County									
Waterworks Districts	31794	38581	72227	74261	76296	78330			
Palm Ranch Irrigation District	650	445	833	857	880	903			
Quartz Hill Water District	3217	4099	7674	7890	8106	8322			
Shadow Acres MWC	218	299	560	576	591	607			
Sunnyside Farms MWC	290	293	549	564	579	595			
Westside Park MWC	108	71	133	137	140	144			
White Fence Farms MWC	731	755	1413	1453	1493	1533			
Lake Elizabeth MWC	500	950	1778	1829	1879	1929			
Sales to water purveyors (AF/Y)	45,800	53,627	100,394	103,222	106,050	108,878			

Table 8 details the additional water uses and losses

Table 8. Additional Water Uses and Losses (AF)								
	1999	2004	2010	2015	2020	2025		
Raw Water	24,302	7,625	7,625	7,625	7,625	7,625		
Unaccounted-for system losses	2,103	1,001	3,012	3,097	3,181	3,266		
Total	26,405	8,626	10,637	10,722	10,806	10,891		

In case of rationing, the Agency will be able to utilize its customer database for implementing any possible water reductions.

#### 4.1.1 Agricultural Sector

Agricultural water demand from AVEK's system is projected to have minimal growth in the next ten to fifteen years with a possible decrease over the next twenty to thirty years. The water deliveries indicated in Table 8 show consistent amounts through 2025. Agricultural land use within the Agency's area is currently increasing in quantity. Even so, it is projected that in the long term, more agricultural land will eventually be converted to urban uses.

12/20/2005 14 of 38

## Section 5. Demand Management Measures

#### Law

10631 (f) Provide a description of the supplier's water demand management measures. This description shall include all of the following:

(1) A description of each water demand management measure that is currently being implemented, or scheduled for implementation, including the steps necessary to implement any proposed measures, including, but not limited to, all of the following: ...

AVEK is committed to implementing water conservation where applicable 5. This Section discusses water conservation.

For responding to the Urban Water Management Planning Act, the Agency will address the 14 Demand Management Measures. Descriptions of the Agency's water conservation programs are below. The Agency has, in good faith, tried to address and comply with all of the BMP targets listed in the California Urban Water Conservation Council (CUWCC) Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) where applicable, even though the Agency is not signatory to the MOU regarding Urban Water Conservation or a member of CUWCC.

#### (A) DMM 1 - Water Survey Programs for Single-Family and Multi-Family Residential Customers

IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION: All services of this type are provided by the water purveyor customers of AVEK. AVEK will assist in information research and dissemination when appropriate.

#### (B) DMM 2 – Residential Plumbing Retrofit

IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION: All services of this type are provided by the water purveyor customers of AVEK. AVEK will assist in information research and dissemination when appropriate.

## (C) DMM 3 - System Water Audits, Leak Detection and Repair

IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION: AVEK has no formal leak detection or pipeline survey program. AVEK does however audit system losses monthly as part of it's normal billing procedures. Pipelines are driven weekly as part of weekly water sample runs during which personnel will note leaks if observed. System losses of less than 3% of total deliveries are considered within the margin of error and normal. The agency repairs leaks promptly which averages about twice per year. Below is a table of results.

Results	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005 (est)
% of Unaccounted Water	2.1	1.3	1.2	1.9	1.6
Miles Surveyed	100	100	100	100	100
Miles Repaired	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Actual Expenditures - \$	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Actual Water Saved - AF/Y	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> It should be recognized that Section 10620(c) of the Urban Water Management Planning Act provides that a water wholesaler need not address or implement certain planning elements described in the UWMP Act that are more applicable to water retailers (eg, water demand management measures).

#### (D) DMM 4 - Metering with Commodity Rates

**IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION**: The Agency charges all water purveyor customers based on metered readings and established rate schedules developed by the Agency. All current and new connections including temporary connections are required to be metered and billed per volume-of-use. AVEK has never operated unmetered connections. Additionally, existing meters are checked on a regular basis for leaks and accuracy.

#### (E) DMM 5 – Large Landscape Conservation Programs and Incentives

**IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION:** Landscaping requirements and conservation incentives are provided by AVEK's water purveyor customers and mandated by city and other governmental agencies.

#### (F) DMM 6 - High-efficiency washing machine rebate programs

**IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION**: These programs are administered by water purveyor customers of AVEK. AVEK will disseminate information when appropriate.

#### (G) DMM 7 - Public Information Programs

**IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION**: The Agency maintains an active public information program. The Agency promotes water conservation and other resource efficiencies in coordination with other utilities by distributing public information through brochures and through community speakers, paid advertising, and some special events every year. The Agency has been actively providing information to the public for over 20 years.

**IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE**: The Agency will continue to provide public information services and materials to remind the public about water and other resource issues.

**METHODS TO EVALUATE EFFECTIVENESS**: The Agency will solicit feedback from customer purveyors regarding the information provided.

**CONSERVATION SAVINGS**: AVEK has no method to quantify the savings of this DMM but believes that this program is in the public's interest.

#### (H) DMM 8 – School Education Programs

**IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION**: The Agency continues to work with school districts to promote water conservation and other resource efficiencies at school facilities and to educate students about these issues.

The Agency solicits advice from various local schools to help implement this program. AVEK provides educational materials to several grade levels, State and County water system maps, posters, workbooks, interactive computer software, videos, and tours (for example water treatment plants).

**IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE**: The Agency will continue to implement this DMM at the levels described.

**METHODS TO EVALUATE EFFECTIVENESS**: The Agency will continue to survey the institutions and educators on the number of programs, materials and attendance at water conservation activities.

**CONSERVATION SAVINGS**: The Agency has no method to quantify the savings of this DMM but believes that this program benefits the general public in their awareness of water conservation.

12/20/2005 16 of 38

## (I) DMM 9 – Conservation Programs for Commercial, Industrial, and Institutional Accounts

**IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION**: These services are provided by AVEK's water purveyor customers, and AVEK will disseminate information when appropriate.

#### (J) DMM 10 - Wholesale Agency Programs

**IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION**: AVEK is a wholesale agency for water and the DMM's are identified and discussed in this section.

Existing Programs	Numb	er of agencies	assisted/Estim	nated AF per Ye	ear Savings
Program Activities	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Water Surveys					_
Residential Retrofit					
System Audits	1/1000	1/1000	1/1000	1/1000	1/1000
Metering-Commodity Rates	55/55	55/55	55/55	55/55	55/55
Landscape Programs				V	
Washing Machines					
Public Information	1/10	1/10	1/10	1/10	1/10
School Education		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Water Waste					
CII WC / ULF				_	
Pricing					
WC Coordinator					
Water Waste					
ULFT Replacement					
Actual Expenditures - \$	\$13,000	\$13,000	\$13,000	\$13,000	\$13,000

12/20/2005 17 of 38

Planned Programs	No.	of agencies	to be assiste	d/ Est AF per \	ear Savings
Program Activities	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Water Surveys	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
Residential Retrofit	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
System Audits	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Metering-Commodity Rates	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
Landscape Programs	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
Washing Machines	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
Public Information	1/10	1/10	1/10	1/10	1/10
School Education	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
Water Waste	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
CII WC / ULF	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
Pricing	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
WC Coordinator	20/20	20/20	20/20	20/20	20/20
Water Waste	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
ULFT Replacement	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
Actual Expenditures - \$	\$7,000	\$7,000	\$7,000	\$7,000	\$7,000

#### (K) DMM 11 - Conservation Pricing

**IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION**: AVEK does not have a conservation pricing structure. AVEK maintains a standard pricing structure to all water purveyor customers regardless of water usage but does have water pricing structures that include variations in pricing based on time of year (winter versus summer). The winter versus summer pricing is to encourage use of AVEK imported water during the off peak time of year instead of purveyors using groundwater. AVEK does not provide sewer service.

Table K2 - WHOLESALERS		
Water Rate Structure	None	
Year rate effective	N/A	

#### (L) DMM 12 - Water Conservation Coordinator

**IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION**: AVEK does not have a designated water conservation coordinator but plans to assign the duties to a new position. The position has been approved that will include the duties of Water Conservation Coordinator and will be filled in December 2005.

Table L2 - Planned					
Table L2 - Planned	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
# of full-time positions					
# of part-time staff	1	1	1	1	1
Pos.supplied by other agency					
Projected Expenditures - \$	\$7,000	\$7000	\$7000	\$7000	\$7000

12/20/2005 18 of 38

#### (M) DMM 13 - Water Waste Prohibition

**IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION**: These services are provided by AVEK's water purveyor customers, the retail water purveyors.

#### (N) DMM 14 - Residential Ultra-low Flush Toilet Replacement Programs

**IMPLEMENTATION DESCRIPTION**: These services are provided by AVEK's water purveyor customers, the retail water purveyors. AVEK will disseminate information when appropriate.

## 5.1 Agricultural Water Conservation Programs

AVEK does not implement any agricultural water conservation programs, but encourages their agricultural customers to participate in water conservation.

## 5.2 Planned Future Supply Projects

AVEK does not currently have any planned future projects to increase water supply.

Non-implemented & Not scheduled DMM / Planned Water Supply Project Name	Per-AF Cost (\$)		
N/A			

## 5.3 Development of Desalinated Water

Due to the agency's distance from coastal areas, AVEK does not have the oppourtunity to implement a desalination program.

12/20/2005 19 of 38

## Section 6. Water Shortage Contingency Plan

#### Law

10632. The plan shall provide an urban water shortage contingency analysis which includes each of the following elements which are within the authority of the urban water supplier:

10632 (a) Stages of action to be undertaken by the urban water supplier in response to water supply shortages, including up to a 50 percent reduction in water supply and an outline of specific water supply conditions which are applicable to each stage.

## 6.1 Stages of Action

#### 6.1.1 Rationing Stages and Reduction Goals

The Agency has developed delivery reduction goals to curb demand during water shortages. In the event of water supply shortages the Agency will make water delivery reductions per the Agency law for allocations. Reference is made to Appendix B, which includes the Resolution to Adopt a Water Shortage Contingency Plan.

Stage No.	Water Supply Conditions	% Shortage
1	Reduction in SWP Allocation Below Current Demand	1 %
2	Reduction in SWP Allocation Below Current Demand	50%

12/20/2005 20 of 38

#### 6.1.2 Estimate of Minimum Supply for Next Three years

#### Law

10632. The plan shall provide an urban water shortage contingency analysis which includes each of the following elements which are within the authority of the urban water supplier:

10632 (b) An estimate of the minimum water supply available during each of the next three-water years based on the driest three-year historic sequence for the agency's water supply.

		Table 9. eliability (Ac-Ft) <sup>1</sup>		
Source	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Normal
State Water Project	24,392	33,172	31,221	97,566

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on the years 1931, 1932, and 1933 as reported in Table 6-5 of the DWR 2005 SWP Delivery Reliability Report (Draft 5/05).

12/20/2005 21 of 38

## 6.2 Preparation for Catastrophic Water Supply Interruption

#### Law

10632. The plan shall provide an urban water shortage contingency analysis which includes each of the following elements which are within the authority of the urban water supplier:

10632 (c) Actions to be undertaken by the urban water supplier to prepare for, and implement during, a catastrophic interruption of water supplies including, but not limited to, a regional power outage, an earthquake, or other disaster.

#### 6.2.1 Water Shortage Emergency Response

Since the Agency began selling water to retailers, AVEK has maintained emergency contingency plans for activities required in the event there is an interruption in the DWR water supply or there is a major mechanical or electrical failure in one of the water treatment plants. The emergency activities that are undertaken by AVEK depend upon the severity of the problem and how quickly the problem can be remedied.

#### 6.2.2 SWP Emergency Outage Scenarios

The Department of Water Resources has faced several potential outages along various parts of the SWP, mainly the California Aqueduct, since construction of the SWP in the early 1970s. Notable examples include slippage of side panels into the Aqueduct near Patterson in the mid-1990s, the Arroyo Pasajero flood event in 1995 (which also destroyed part of Interstate 5 near Los Banos), and various subsidence repairs needed along the East Branch of the Aqueduct since the 1980s.

All of these outages were short-term in nature (on the order of weeks or months), and DWR's Operations and Maintenance Division worked diligently to devise methods to keep the Aqueduct in operation while repairs were made. Thus, the SWP contractors experienced no interruption in deliveries.

One of the great design engineering features of the State Water Project is the ability to isolate parts of the system. If one reservoir or portion of the Aqueduct (the Aqueduct is divided into "pools") is damaged in some way, other portions of the system can still remain in operation. Since September 11, 2001, DWR has made significant investments in the security measures protecting all SWP facilities. Security is now coordinated with the California Highway Patrol.

Events could transpire that could result in significant outages and potential interruption of service. Examples of possible nature-caused events include a levee breach in the Sacramento San Joaquin Delta near the Harvey O. Banks Pumping Plant, a; flood or earthquake event that severely damaged the Aqueduct along its San Joaquin alley traverse, or an earthquake event along either the West or East Branches. Such events could impact all the SWP Contractors south of the Delta.

AVEK and other SWP Contractors response to such events would be highly dependent on where along the SWP an event occurred. Three scenarios are described herein that could impact AVEK's SWP deliveries. For these scenarios it is assumed that a 100 percent reduction for six months would result from these catastrophic events.

12/20/2005 22 of 38

#### Scenario 1: Levee Breach near Banks Pumping Plant

As demonstrated by the June 2004 Jones Tract levee breach, the Delta's levee system is extremely fragile. The SWP's main pumping facilities are located in the southern Delta. Should a major levee in the Delta near these facilities fail catastrophically, salt water from the eastern portions of San Francisco Bay would rush into the Delta, displacing the fresh water runoff that supplies the SWP. All pumping would be disrupted until water quality conditions stabilized and returned to pre-breach conditions. The re-freshening of Delta water quality would require large amounts of additional Delta inflows, which might not be immediately available depending on the timing of the levee breach. The Jones Tract repairs took several weeks to accomplish and months to complete; a more severe breach could take much longer, during which time pumping might not be available on a regular basis.

Annual SWP operations consist of filling San Luis Reservoir, the major SWP storage facility south of the Delta, during the winter and spring months. South of Delta Contractors then take deliveries through San Luis Reservoir for the remainder of the year. Supplies are also stored in Pyramid and Castaic Lakes along the West Branch, as well as in a variety of groundwater banking programs in the southern San Joaquin Valley. Assuming that Banks Pumping Plant would be out of service for six months and that all southern Contractors had to take their supplies from the three reservoirs and from banking programs, coordination between DWR and Contractors would be required.

#### Scenario 2: Complete Disruption of the Aqueduct in the San Joaquin Valley

The 1995 flood event at Arroyo Pasajero demonstrated vulnerabilities of the Edmund G. "Pat" Brown portion of the California Aqueduct (that portion that traverses the San Joaquin Valley from San Luis Reservoir to Edmonston Pumping Plant). Should a similar flood event or an earthquake damage this portion of the aqueduct, deliveries from San Luis Reservoir could be interrupted for a period of time. DWR has informed the contractors that a four-month outage could be expected in such an event. AVEK's assumption is a six-month outage.

#### Scenario 3: Complete Disruption of the Aqueduct East Branch

The East Branch of the California Aqueduct begins at a bifurcation of the Aqueduct in the Tehachapi Mountains south of Edmonston Pumping Plant. From the point of bifurcation, it is an open canal.

If a major earthquake (an event similar to or greater than the 1994 Northridge earthquake) were to damage a portion of the East Branch, deliveries could be interrupted. The exact location of such damage along the East Branch would be key to determining emergency operations by DWR and the southern California contractors. For this scenario, it is assumed that the East Branch suffered a single-location break and would not be available for deliveries.

If the shortage problem can be resolved within the available water storage time frame, only a few of the larger consumers need to be notified of the temporary decrease in water supply. If there will be a stoppage in the raw water deliveries to the various treatment plants, all customers (M&I and agriculture) will be notified of the stoppage and how soon water deliveries may be resumed.

If raw water deliveries to water treatment plants are temporarily stopped, treated water from other plants may be rerouted to the affected areas in some instances via interconnecting pipeline systems. Damages to the aqueduct will be repaired by DWR. Damaged Agency treatment plant components, whether mechanical or electrical, can usually be circumvented due to the duplicity of pumping and operations systems or the availability of manual over-ride controls. The magnitude of reduced water deliveries and length of time before resumption of full water availability will determine the extent of customer (M&I and agriculture) notification and activities required by the AVEK staff.

12/20/2005 23 of 38

#### Possible Catastrophe:

- Power Outage
- Aqueduct Failure due to Earthquake or other circumstances
- Agency Treatment Plant Shutdown due to vital component failure
- Delta Levee Failure
- Local Earthquake

The following summarizes the actions the water agency will take during a water supply catastrophe.

Response by the agency to a catastrophic event will always include contact and coordination with AVEK's customers. Additionally, in the event of power loss AVEK has permanent emergency power generation that automatically starts to maintain water treatment operations. In the event of an earthquake, AVEK personnel will survey and assess damage and respond accordingly with shutdowns and repairs.

Preparation Actions for a Catastrophe

Possible Catastrophe	Summary of Actions
Regional power outage	Automatic switch to emergency power; contact customers, assess and respond
Earthquake	Automatic switch to emergency power (if needed); contact customers, assess and resp
Other (name event)	
Other (name event)	

12/20/2005 24 of 38

## 6.3 Prohibitions, Consumption Reduction Methods and Penalties

#### Law

10632. The plan shall provide an urban water shortage contingency analysis which includes each of the following elements which are within the authority of the urban water supplier:

10632 (d) Additional, mandatory prohibitions against specific water use practices during water shortages, including, but not limited to, prohibiting the use of potable water for street cleaning.

10632 (e) Consumption reduction methods in the most restrictive stages. Each urban water supplier may use any type of consumption reduction methods in its water shortage contingency analysis that would reduce water use, are appropriate for its area, and have the ability to achieve a water use reduction consistent with up to a 50 percent reduction in water supply.

10632 (f) Penalties or charges for excessive use, where applicable.

#### 6.3.1 Mandatory Prohibitions on Water Wasting

AVEK believes that their customers are in the best position to implement no-waste policies. AVEK can and will make recommendations to assist its customers in monitoring water wasting, if AVEK's assistance is requested.

#### 6.3.2 Excessive Use Penalties

Penalties for excessive use are imposed by water purveyor customers of AVEK. It is anticipated agricultural users will economize their water usage as required. AVEK has in place provisions for pre-paid ordering as a method of penalizing users who do not take the delivery requested. AVEK does not have powers to implement penalties for excessive use by a retailer's customer but encourages all reatailers to have such penalties in place.

#### 6.3.3 Implementation

AVEK relies on it's water retailers to implement water consumption reduction methods to their customers in order to cope water supply shortages.

12/20/2005 25 of 38

## 6.4 Revenue and Expenditure Impacts and Measures to Overcome Impacts

Law

10632. The plan shall provide an urban water shortage contingency analysis which includes each of the following elements which are within the authority of the urban water supplier:

10632 (g) An analysis of the impacts of each of the actions and conditions described in subdivisions (a) to (f), inclusive, on the revenues and expenditures of the urban water supplier, and proposed measures to overcome those impacts, such as the development of reserves and rate adjustments

Revenues collected by the Agency are currently used to fund operation and maintenance of the existing facilities and fund new capital improvements. The Agency will estimate projected ranges of water sales versus shortage stage to best understand the impact each level of shortage will have on projected revenues and expenditures.

Revenue reduction and an increase in expenditure may occur due to reduced sales from implementing the abovementioned programs. The magnitude of the revenue reduction and expenditure increase will be dependent on the severity of the water shortage, with larger and longer water shortages having greater impact on revenues. For minor events, the Agency may be able to absorb the revenue shortfall/increase in expenditures by reallocating existing funds, such as delaying some capital projects. For large events, the Agency may enact a rate adjustment to its customers.

12/20/2005 26 of 38

## 6.5 Shortage Contingency Ordinance/Resolution

Law

10632. The plan shall provide an urban water shortage contingency analysis which includes each of the following elements which are within the authority of the urban water supplier:

10632 (h) A draft water shortage contingency resolution

#### 6.5.1 AVEK Water Shortage Response/Priority by Use

AVEK has a plan of action in its existing rules and regulations in the event it is necessary to declare a water shortage emergency. AVEK reserves the right at any time if the quantity of water available to the Agency pursuant to the Water Supply Contract between the DWR and AVEK is less than the aggregate of all consumer requests to allocate the quantity of water available to AVEK to the extent permitted by law. See Appendix B for Resolution to Adopt a Water Shortage Contingency Plan.

#### 6.5.2 Health and Safety Requirements

These requirements will be left to the retailing water purveyor agencies. AVEK has no direct control of the final water user actions and activities.

#### 6.5.3 Water Shortage and Triggering Mechanisms

AVEK will attempt to provide the minimum health and safety water needs of the service area. It must be recognized that AVEK's water supply is not considered a primary source of water and it is a secondary source of water. The water shortage response plan was designed based on the assumption that during a long term drought DWR will have a reduction in water deliveries.

Rationing stages may be triggered by a shortage in the DWR water source. Although an actual shortage may occur at any time during the year, a shortage (if one occurs) is usually forecasted by the Water Department on or about April 1 each year. If it appears that it may be a dry year and the water supplies will be reduced, AVEK contacts its agricultural customers in March with confirmation follow up in April, so that the customers can minimize potential financial impacts.

The Agency's sole water source is imported surface water. Rationing stages may be triggered by a supply shortage or by contamination.

12/20/2005 27 of 38

## 6.6 Reduction Measuring Mechanism

Law

10632. The plan shall provide an urban water shortage contingency analysis which includes each of the following elements which are within the authority of the urban water supplier:

10632 (i) A mechanism for determining actual reductions in water use pursuant to the urban water shortage contingency analysis.

#### 6.6.1 Mechanism to Determine Reductions in Water Use

Under non-emergency water supply conditions, potable water production figures are recorded daily. Totals are reported daily to the Water Treatment Facility Supervisor. Totals are reported monthly to the Board of Directors and incorporated into the water supply report.

During water shortage periods, the Agency will review daily the water demands versus the established reduction goals. Reference is made to Appendix B, Resolution to Adopt Water Storage Contingency Plan. The Agency will take appropriate steps to reduce their deliveries to meet the reduction goals.

12/20/2005 28 of 38

## Section 7. Recycled Water Plan

#### Law

10633. The plan shall provide, to the extent available, information on recycled water and its potential for use as a water source in the service area of the urban water supplier. To the extent practicable, the preparation of the plan shall be coordinated with local water, wastewater, groundwater, and planning agencies and shall include all of the following:

10633 (a) A description of the wastewater collection and treatment systems in the supplier's service area, including quantification of the amount of wastewater collected and treated methods of wastewater disposal.

10633 (b) A description of the recycled water currently being used in the supplier's service area, including but not limited to, the type, place and quantity of use.

10633 (c) A description and quantification of the potential uses of recycled water, including, but not limited to, agricultural irrigation, landscape irrigation, wildlife habitat enhancement, wetlands, industrial reuse, groundwater recharge, and other appropriate uses, and a determination with regard to the technical and economic feasibility of serving those uses.

### 7.1 Wastewater Quantity, Quality, and Current Uses

#### 7.1.1 AVEK's Recycled Water Use Capabilities

AVEK does not collect or treat wastewater and has no plan to use recycled water as part of their deliveries. The Agency provides service to retail and water purveyors and agricultural customers that may have the opportunity to utilize recycled water as part of deliveries. The Agency supports the use of customers' plans that would utilize recycled water within AVEK boundaries. The use of recycled water by AVEK customers is an important part of reducing the demand on AVEK's available water. Los Angeles County Water Works District has estimates for the future availability and location of recycled water and they are included in Appendix I.

12/20/2005 29 of 38

## 7.2 Potential and Projected Use, Optimization Plan with Incentives

Law

10633 (d) A description and quantification of the potential uses of recycled water. ..., and a determination with regard to the technical and economic feasibility of serving those uses.

10633. (e) The projected use of recycled water within the supplier's service area at the end of 5, 10, 15, and 20 years, and a description of the actual use of recycled water in comparison to uses previously projected pursuant to this subdivision.

10633 (f) A description of actions, including financial incentives, which may be taken to encourage the use of recycled water, and the projected results of these actions in terms of acre-feet of recycled water used per year.

10633 (g) A plan for optimizing the use of recycled water in the supplier's service area, including actions to facilitate the installation of dual distribution systems, to promote recirculating uses, to facilitate the increased use of treated wastewater that meets recycled water standards, and to overcome any obstacle to achieving that increased use.

#### 7.2.1 AVEK's Recycled Water Use Philosophy

AVEK does not collect or treat wastewater and has no plan to use recycled water as part of their deliveries. AVEK's customers should investigate, develop, and implement recycled water usage programs. The Agency encourages the use of recycled water. For example, AVEK is presently assisting the City of Lancaster with funding for a recycled water project by extending the timing for repayment of an existing loan.

12/20/2005 30 of 38

# Section 8. Water Quality Impacts on Reliability

#### Law

10634. The plan shall include information, to the extent practicable, relating to the quality of existing sources of water available to the supplier over the same five-year increments as described in subdivision (a) of Section 10631, and the manner in which water quality affects water management strategies and supply reliability.

The agency water supply is solely provided by the State Water Project, and its water quality is maintained and governed by the standards established by the Department of Water Resources. As such, the Agency does not expect fluctuation in the water quality that will affect agency water management strategies. See Appendix I for the DWR Sanitary Survey Update Report 2001 information and DWR website for State Water Project water quality information.

12/20/2005 31 of 38

# Section 9. Water Service Reliability

#### Law

10635 (a) Every urban water supplier shall include, as part of its urban water management plan, an assessment of the reliability of its water service to its customers during normal, dry, and multiple dry water years. This water supply and demand assessment shall compare the total water supply sources available to the water supplier with the total projected water use over the next 20 years, in five-year increments, for a normal water year, a single dry water year, and multiple dry water years. The water service reliability assessment shall be based upon the information compiled pursuant to Section 10631, including available data from the state, regional, or local agency population projections within the service area of the urban water supplier.

#### 9.1 Projected Water Supply and Demand

The following compares current and projected water supply and demand. This information is based on continued commitment to conservation programs, conjunctive use programs and use of groundwater and recycled water, by the water purveyors. Probable supply totals for the year 2005 are based on the Agency receiving 69% of its delivery amount from the State Water Project, 69% of the time, which is about 97,566 acre-feet of water per year. The projection gradually increases to 77% or 108,878 acre-feet of water per year by 2025. These projections are shown in Table 10. The 2005 and 2025 projections are based on data provided in Table 6-7 listed as the 'average percent delivery from 1922-1994' under Study 6 (Revised Demand Today) and Study 7 (Revised Demand Future), respectively, of the DWR SWP Delivery Reliability Report (May 05, Draft). The projected probable 5-year water supply for the other years are derived from a linear escalation of the 2005 supply totals up to the 2025 supply totals.

Active water efficiency improvements and additional water supply will be necessary to meet the Agency's projected water demand. The Agency will continue to examine supply enhancement options, such as groundwater recharge for Antelope Valley and conjunctive water use as discussed in Section 2.2.1, Interagency Coordination.

Projected demand totals are calculated based on population growth projection shown in Table 2. It was assumed that a household of 3.5 people requires 1.2 acre-foot of water per year. The assumed water usage rates are based on demand history for single-family dwellings in the area. New housing construction and related landscaping in the area does not appear to be different from existing housing development. The following tables will show water demand projection based on population projections from Table 2.

Table 10. Projected Probable 5-Year Water Supply AF/Y								
	2006	2010	2015	2020	2025			
Supply totals	97,566	100,394	103,222	106,050	108,878			
% of SWP Full Allotment	69%	71%	73%	75%	77%			

12/20/2005 32 of 38

Table 11. Projected Probable 5-Year Water Demand AF/Y <sup>6</sup>								
Demand 2006 2010 2015 2020								
Retail Purveyors	97,871	115,030	135,640	160,033	188,915			
Agriculture <sup>7</sup>	7,625	7,625	7,625	7,625	7,625			
TOTAL	105,496	122,655	143,265	167,658	196,540			

Table 12. Projected Probable 5-Year Supply and Demand Comparison AF/Y								
	2006	2010	2015	2020	2025			
Supply totals	97,566	100,394	103,222	106,050	108,878			
Demand totals	105,496	122,655	143,265	167,658	196,540			
Difference (shortfall)	(7,930)	(22,261)	(40,043)	(61,608)	(87,662)			
Difference as % Supply	8%	22%	39%	58%	81%			
Difference as % Demand	8%	18%	28%	37%	45%			

The comparison of the projected probable year supply and demand indicates a shortfall starting in the year 2006. This comparison is based on current usage patterns by the retail purveyors and agriculture users. The short fall in supply does not take into account the reliability of other sources available to water purveyors, such as their use of groundwater, future groundwater banking programs, future conservation efforts, and use of recycled water.

## 9.2 Projected Single Dry Year Supply and Demand Comparison

Table 13. Projected Single Dry Water Year Supply AF/Y								
	2006	2010	2015	2020	2025			
Supply totals	5,656	6,010	6,363	6,717	7,070			
% of SWP Full Allotment	4%	4.25%	4.5%	4.75%	5%			

The 2005 and 2025 projected single dry water year percentages were based on the minimum delivery by the delta as reported in Table B-8 (Study 6) and Table B-9 (Study 7) respectively of the DWR SWP Delivery Reliability Report (May 05, Draft). The projected single dry water year percentages for the other years are derived from a linear escalation of the 2005 supply totals up to the 2025 supply totals.

Projected	Single Dry Yea	Table 14. ar Supply and I	Demand Comp	arison AF/Y		
2006 2010 2015 2020						
Supply totals	5,656	6,010	6,363	6,717	7,070	
Demand totals	105,496	122,655	143,265	167,658	196,540	
Difference (shortfall)	(99,840)	(116,646)	(136,902)	(160,942)	(189,470)	
Difference as % Supply	1765%	1941%	2152%	2396%	2680%	
Difference as % Demand	95%	95%	96%	96%	96%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Projected five-year water demand is for all water sources available in the area.

12/20/2005 33 of 38

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> The projected probable demand by agriculture is only an estimate of their demand since a record of their groundwater usage is not available.

The comparison of the projected probable year supply and demand indicates a shortfall starting in the year 2006. This comparison is based on current usage patterns by the retail purveyors and agriculture users. The short fall in supply does not take into account the reliability of other sources available to water purveyors, such as their use of groundwater, future groundwater banking programs, future conservation efforts, and use of recycled water.

In any dry year, the Agency will notify its customers of the potential water shortage for the year.

It is up to the purveying customers of AVEK to direct rationing program and policies to consumers. Therefore, expected changes to demand due to dry years will be provided by the purveying customers.

12/20/2005 34 of 38

# 9.3 Projected Multiple Dry Year Supply and Demand Comparison

The following tables identify the projected minimum water supply based on the four-year drought historic sequence for water supply as presented in Table 6-5 of the DWR 2005 SWP Delivery Reliability Report (Draft May 05).

Table 15. Projected Supply During Multiple Dry Year Ending in 2010 - AF/Y								
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010			
Supply	31,221	31,221	31,221	31,221	31,221			
Projected Normal	97,566	97,566	97,566	97,566	97,566			
% of Projected Normal	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%			

Table 16. Projected Demand During Multiple Dry Year Ending in 2010 - AF/Y								
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010			
Demand	108,928	112,360	115,791	119,223	122,655			
% of Projected Demand	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%			

Table 17. Projected Supply & Demand Comparison During Multiple Dry Year Ending in 2010 - AF/Y								
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010			
Supply totals	35,930	35,930	35,930	35,930	35,930			
Demand totals	108,928	112,360	115,791	119,223	122,655			
Difference (shortfall)	(72,998)	(76,430)	(79,862)	(83,293)	(86,725)			
Difference as % Supply	203%	213%	222%	232%	241%			
Difference as % Demand	67%	68%	69%	70%	71%			

The comparison of the projected probable year supply and demand indicates a shortfall starting in the year 2006. This comparison is based on current usage patterns by the retail purveyors and agriculture users. The short fall in supply does not take into account the reliability of other sources available to water purveyors, such as their use of groundwater, future groundwater banking programs, future conservation efforts, and use of recycled water.

12/20/2005 35 of 38

Table 18. Projected Supply During Multiple Dry Year Ending in 2015 - AF/Y							
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015		
Supply	32,126	32,126	32,126	32,126	32,126		
Projected Normal	100,394	100,394	100,394	100,394	100,394		
% of Projected Normal	32%	32%	32%	32%	32%		

Table 19.  Projected Demand During Multiple Dry Year Ending in 2015 - AF/Y								
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015			
Demand	126,777	130,899	135,021	139,143	143,265			
% of Projected Demand	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%			

Table 20. Projected Supply & Demand Comparison During Multiple Dry Year Ending in 2015 - AF/Y								
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015			
Supply totals	35,930	35,930	35,930	35,930	35,930			
Demand totals	126,777	130,899	135,021	139,143	143,265			
Difference (shortfall)	(90,847)	(94,969)	(99,091)	(103,213)	(107,335)			
Difference as % Supply	253%	264%	276%	287%	299%			
Difference as % Demand	72%	73%	73%	74%	75%			

This comparison is based on current usage patterns by the retail purveyors and agriculture users. The short fall in supply does not take into account the reliability of other sources available to water purveyors, such as their use of groundwater, future groundwater banking programs, future conservation efforts, and use of recycled water.

12/20/2005 36 of 38

Table 21. Projected Supply During Multiple Dry Year Ending in 2020 - AF/Y								
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
Supply	34,997	34,997	34,997	34,997	34,997			
Projected Normal	106,050	106,050	106,050	106,050	106,050			
% of Projected Normal	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%			

Projected	Demand During	Table 22. g Multiple Dry	Year Ending in	2020 - AF/Y	
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Demand	148,144	153,022	157,901	162,779	167,658
% of Projected Demand	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

Projected Supply & Do	emand Compa	Table 23. rison During M	lultiple Dry Yea	ar Ending in 20	20 - AF/Y
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Supply totals	35,930	35,930	35,930	35,930	35,930
Demand totals	148,144	153,022	157,901	162,779	167,658
Difference (shortfall)	(112,214)	(117,092)	(121,971)	(126,850)	(131,728)
Difference as % Supply	312%	326%	339%	353%	367%
Difference as % Demand	76%	77%	77%	78%	79%

This comparison is based on current usage patterns by the retail purveyors and agriculture users. The short fall in supply does not take into account the reliability of other sources available to water purveyors, such as their use of groundwater, future groundwater banking programs, future conservation efforts, and use of recycled water.

12/20/2005 37 of 38

Table 24. Projected Supply During Multiple Dry Year Ending in 2025 - AF/Y						
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
Supply	35,930	35,930	35,930	35,930	35,930	
Projected Normal	108,878	108,878	108,878	108,878	108,878	
% of Projected Normal	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%	

Table 25. Projected Demand During Multiple Dry Year Ending in 2025 - AF/Y						
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
Demand	173,434	179,211	184,987	190,764	196,540	
% of Projected Demand	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	

Projected Supply & D	emand Compa	Table 26. rison During M	lultiple Dry Yea	ar Ending in 20	25 - AF/Y
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Supply totals	35,930	35,930	35,930	35,930	35,930
Demand totals	173,434	179,211	184,987	190,764	196,540
Difference (shortfall)	(137,505)	(143,281)	(149,057)	(154,834)	(160,610)
Difference as % Supply	383%	399%	415%	431%	447%
Difference as % Demand	79%	80%	81%	81%	82%

This comparison is based on current usage patterns by the retail purveyors and agriculture users. The short fall in supply does not take into account the reliability of other sources available to water purveyors, such as their use of groundwater, future groundwater banking programs, future conservation efforts, and use of recycled water.

It is up to the purveying customers of AVEK to direct rationing program and policies to their consumers. Therefore, expected changes to demand due to dry years will be provided by the purveying customers. The development and use of other water sources, such as groundwater, conjunctive uses, the use of recycled water, and the storage of Article 21 water when available, are essential measures necessary to meet long-term demands.

#### 9.3.1 Three Year Minimum Water Supply Alert

Based on experiences during reductions of State Water Project water, AVEK recognizes that it is better to enter into a water shortage alert early, to establish necessary programs and policies, to gain public support and participation, and to reduce the likelihood of more severe shortage levels later. Improved water use efficiency does mean that water supply reserves must be larger since water use efficiency improvements will be minimal. Water shortage responses must be made early to prevent severe economic and environmental impacts.

In May of each year, the Agency forecasts the minimum water supply availability for its water, and projects its total water supply for the current and three subsequent years. Based on the water shortage, a water shortage condition may be declared. Because shortages can have serious economic and environmental impacts, the Agency will make every effort to provide accurate predictions of water shortages.

12/20/2005 38 of 38

# **APPENDIX A**

- LIST OF GROUPS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THIS PLAN
- NOTIFICATION LETTER
- FAX/MAILING LIST

12/20/2005

# List of Groups Who Participated In The Development Of This Plan

AVEK board members and staff Boyle Engineering Corporation Retail water purveyor customers Members of the public, advisory groups, etc

December 8, 2005

#### Re: AVEK 2005 URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN PUBLIC REVIEW DRAFT

The Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency 2005 Urban Water Management Plan will be ready for review on **December 10, 2005**. The plan will be posted on the Agency's website (<a href="www.avek.org">www.avek.org</a>). The AVEK Board of Directors will be conducting a public hearing on the plan on Tuesday, December 20, 2005, at 7:00 p.m. in the Agency's Board Room.

Please provide any written comments to the Agency by 5:00 p.m. December 20, 2005. Comments should be directed to:

Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency Attn: Michael Flood 6500 West Avenue N Palmdale, CA 93551

Please contact me at 661-943-3201, or by e-mail at <a href="mailto:mfavekwa@aol.com">mfavekwa@aol.com</a>, if you have any questions or need additional information.

Sincerely,

Michael Flood Engineer

#### **UWMP Notification Fax/Mailing List:**

City of California City 21000 Hacienda Blvd. California City, CA 93505 fax: 760-373-7511

Edwards Air Force Base Mike Keeling, Directorate of Contracting fax: 275-9656

City of Lancaster Randy Williams, Public Works 44933 Fern Avenue Lancaster, CA 93534 fax: 723-6182

Los Angeles County
Department of Public Works
Attn: Dean Efstathiou
P. O. Box 7508
900 S. Fremont Avenue
Alhambra, CA 91802
fax:

City of Palmdale Attn: Steve Williams 38250 N. Sierra Highway Palmdale, CA 93550 fax: 661-267-5292

Building Industry Association Attn: Gretchen 43423 Division Street, Suite 401 Lancaster, CA 93535 fax: 848-6090

Kern County Planning Department Attn: 1115Truxtun Avenue Bakersfield, CA

fax: 868-3485

# 2005 AVEK URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN NOTIFICATION

Antelope Valley Country Club Contact: Martha Whitfield Fax:(661) 947-5026

Association of Irrigation Water Users Contact:Jim Payne Fax:(661) 256-6543

Billiton Exploration U.S.A. Contact: H. James Sewell Fax:(281) 544-2238

Biscaichipy Ranch Contact: Cathy Biscaichipy Fax:(661) 256-1303

Darik Bolin 40151 Valley View Lane Leona Valley, CA 93551 Phone:(661) 270-0200

Boron CSD Contact: Janna Riddle Fax:(760) 762-6508

Building Industry Association Contact: Gretchen Gutirrez Fax: 661-848-6090

David & Marian Caldwell PO Box 324 Lake Hughes, CA 93532 Contact: David/Marian Caldwell Phone:(661) 724-9020

California Water Service Co Antelope Valley District Contact: Kevin Payne Fax:661) 722-5720

Daniel C. Castronova M.D. Contact: Lorraine Ceresino Fax:(818) 883-5791 City of California City Contact: City Manager Fax: 760-373-7511

Dick Clark Contact: Elaine Clark Fax:(702) 723-5018 Allan Copeland Fax:(661) 224-1781

Frank Cosola Fax:(661) 270-1038

Desert Owl Farm Contacty: Bill & Sheree Tompkins Fax: (661) 256-3925

Diamond Farming Company Contact: Carl Voss Fax:(661) 845-5248

Desert Lake CSD Contact: Dollie Kostopoulos Fax:(760) 762-3161

Desert Sage Apartments Christopher & Illona Anderson Fax:(714) 848-4664

Edgemont Acres MWC Contact: Renee Richey Fax:(760) 769-4764

Edwards AFB Contact: Mike Keeling Directorate of Contracting Fax: 661-275-9656

Edwards AFB Contact: Robert Wood Remedial Project Manager Fax: 760-241- 7308

El Dorado MWC Contact: Jeanne Miller Fax:(661) 947-9701

Earl Jacques Fax:(661) 270-9225

KJC Operating Company Contact: Robert Fimbres Fax:(760) 762-5546

Patrick Kellerman Fax:(661) 270-0558

Lester Keute

40780 Godde Hill Rd Palmdale, CA 93551 Contact: Lester Keute Phone:(661) 943-4293

Lake Elizabeth MWC Contact: Gayle Roth Fax:(661) 724-1281

City of Lancaster Contact: Randy Williams Fax: 661-723-6182

Landale MWC (Operated by California Water Service Co) PO Box 5808 Lancaster, CA 93539 Contact:John Rogers Phone: 661-949-0286

Frances Lane Fax:(661) 270-1305

Frank Lane Contact: George Lane Fax:(661) 942-7485 Sidney Liang See Yu Wu 22090 Wallace Dr Cupertino, CA 95014 Contact:Sidney Liang/See Yu Wu Phone:(650) 967-139

Los Angeles County Waterworks Districts Contact: Dean Efstathiou/Adam Ariki Fax:(626) 300-3385

Los Angeles County Waterworks Districts Contact: Craig David Fax: 661-723-7027

Maritorena Farms Contact: Jose/Marie/Jean Pierre Maritorena Fax:(661) 833-0327

Terry Milford PO Box 707 Leona Valley, CA 93551 Phone:(661) 270-0027 Fax:

Keith Miller 7331 West Avenue 0-8 Leona Valley, CA 93551 Phone:(661) 270-1142

Mojave Desert State Parks Contact: Rhonda Munoz-Andrade Fax:(661) 940-7327

Mojave Public Utility District Contact: Bruce Gaines Fax:(661) 824-2361

Palm Ranch Irrigation District Contact: Phillip Shott Fax:(661) 943-8184

City of Palmdale Contact: Steve Williams Fax: 661-267-5292

Peachland Farms Contact: Bill Cole Fax:(661) 724-1656

Peter Rabbit Farms Contact: Steve Powell 85-810 Grapefruit Blvd Coachella, CA 92236 Phone:(760) 578-0593

Quartz Hill Water District Contact: David Meraz Fax:(661) 943-0457

Rancho Colima MBA 6353 Elizabeth Lake Rd Leona Valley, CA 93551 Contact: Windsor Taunton Phone:(661) 270-1638

SD Management 8057 Elizabeth Lake Rd Leona Valley, CA 93551 Contact: Doug Pulsipher Phone:(661) 270-1630 Fax:

Scattaglia Farms LLC Contact: Denise Scattaglia Fax:(661) 944-5790

Shadow Acres MWC Contact: Jeanne Miller Fax:(661) 947-9701

SonRise Farms Calandri/SonRise Farms, LP Contact: John A. Calandri Fax:(661) 945-2930

Gary Shafer Fax:(661) 943-0053

Sunnyside Farms MWC Contact: Jeanne Miller Fax:(661) 947-9701

Tapia Brothers 6908 Decelis Place Van Nuys, CA 91406 Contact: Felix Tapia Phone:(818) 787-4358

Rancho Vista Development/Golf Course Contact: Roy Migita Fax:(661) 265-9896

Rosamond CSD Contact: Sheri Delano Fax:(661) 256-2557

Tejon Ranch Contact: Dennis Atkinson Fax:(661) 248-3400

12/20/2005

US Borax Contact: Mark Severson Fax:(760) 762-7531 Van Dam Farms Contact: Craig Van Dam Fax:(661) 946-6933

Westside Park MWC Contact: Phil Wood Fax:(661) 266-7938

White Fence Farms MWC Contact: Dotty Jernigan Fax:(661) 943-3576

White Fence Farms MWC #3 Contact: Frank Anley Fax:(661) 266-8850

## **APPENDIX B**

- RESOLUTION TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
- RESOLUTION TO ADOPT WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN

#### ANTELOPE VALLEY-EAST KERN WATER AGENCY

# RESOLUTION NO. R-05-34 TO ADOPT THE URBAN WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

The Board of Directors of the Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency ("AVEK") do hereby resolve as follows:

#### I. RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency was formed in 1959 by an act of the State Legislature. AVEK's powers, duties, authorities and other matters are set forth in its enabling act, which is codified at California Water Code, Uncodified Acts, Act 9095 (the "AVEK Enabling Act"); and

WHEREAS, AVEK's jurisdictional boundaries cover portions of three counties, Los Angeles, Ventura County and Kern County, and is more particularly described in Appendix E in the 2005 Urban Water Management Plan ("AVEK's Jurisdictional Boundaries"); and

WHEREAS, AVEK was formed for the purpose of providing water received from the State Water Project ("SWP") as a supplemental source of water to retail water purveyors and other water interests within AVEK's Jurisdictional Boundaries on a wholesale basis; and

WHEREAS, in order to effectuate the above-referenced purpose, AVEK, among other things, entered into a contract with the Department of Water Resources ("DWR"), which operates the SWP, in order for AVEK to receive water from the SWP ("SWP Water"); and

WHEREAS, AVEK has entered into contracts with various retail purveyors and other water interests in AVEK's Jurisdictional Boundaries that govern AVEK's delivery of SWP Water to those purveyors and other water interests (the "AVEK's Water Supply Contracts"). Article 19 in those contracts provide that "substantial uniformity" in those contracts is "desirable" and that AVEK will "attempt to maintain such uniformity" between such contracts; and

WHEREAS, AVEK does not provide SWP Water directly to any person or entity for domestic or municipal purposes; and

WHEREAS, AVEK does not own or operate any facilities that can produce reclaimed water or native groundwater from any area in AVEK's Jurisdictional Boundaries, and neither does AVEK possess any contractual right or matured water right to produce such waters; and

WHEREAS, the Urban Water Management Planning Act, California Water Code Section 10610 et seq. ("UWMP Act"), mandates that every supplier providing water for municipal purposes either directly or indirectly to more than 3,000 customers or supplying more than 3,000 acre feet of water annually, prepare an Urban Water Management Plan; and

WHEREAS, the UWMP Act further provides that such plans shall be periodically reviewed and updated by the supplier once every five years no later than December 31<sup>st</sup> of each calendar year ending in zero and five; and

WHEREAS, AVEK has circulated drafts of its proposed 2005 Urban Water Management Plan ("2005 UWMP") to the public for review and comment; and

WHEREAS, AVEK's Board of Directors ("AVEK Board") held duly noticed public hearings on its proposed 2005 UWMP on November 15, 2005 and December 20, 2005; and

WHEREAS, the AVEK Board received and considered written and verbal testimony and evidence from the public and others concerning its proposed 2005 UWMP; and

WHEREAS, AVEK retained technical and legal consultants to provide expert assistance concerning its 2005 UWMP; and

WHEREAS, AVEK has adopted Resolution No. 05-\_\_\_\_\_ that adopts a water shortage contingency plan.

#### II. FINDINGS

**THEREFORE**, AVEK finds as follows:

1. AVEK's 2005 UWMP complies with all applicable laws and regulations, including but not limited to the UWMP Act, the AVEK Enabling Act, and the Guidebook To Assist Water Suppliers in the Preparation of a 2005 Urban Water Management Plan issued by the DWR and dated as of January 18, 2005.

- 2. AVEK's 2005 UWMP is consistent with the intent and terms of the AVEK's Water Supply Agreements.
- 3. The AVEK Board's adoption of the 2005 UWMP is supported by substantial evidence, which evidence is contained in the administrative record received by the AVEK Board for this matter.
- 4. Each of the recitals contained in this Resolution is approved as a finding of fact.

#### III. ADOPTION OF 2005 UWMP

THEREFORE, be it resolved and ordained by the AVEK Board as follows:

1. The 2005 UWMP is approved and adopted. The President of the AVEK Board authorized and directed to file the 2005 UWMP with the entities specified in the UWMP Act by the dates specified therein.

ADOPTED this 20 day of December, 2005, by the following vote:

AXES: 6	NOES:	0	ABSENT: 1	ABSTAIN: 0	
ATTEST:	Mal X Agency Sec	Mek			
Approved as to F	form and Lega	ılity:	ZAVEK Sne	cial Coursel	T

1

#### ANTELOPE VALLEY-EAST KERN WATER AGENCY

# RESOLUTION NO. 05-33 TO ADOPT A WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN

The Board of Directors of the Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency ("AVEK") do hereby resolve as follows:

#### I. RECITALS

- WHEREAS, the Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency was formed in 1959 by an act of the State Legislature. AVEK's powers, duties, authorities and other matters are set forth in its enabling act, which is codified at California Water Code, Uncodified Acts, Act 9095 (the "AVEK Enabling Act"); and
- WHEREAS, AVEK's jurisdictional boundaries cover portions of three counties, Los Angeles, Ventura County and Kern County, and is more particularly described in Appendix E in the 2005 Urban Water Management Plan ("AVEK's Jurisdictional Boundaries"); and
- WHEREAS, AVEK was formed for the purpose of providing water received from the State Water Project ("SWP") as a supplemental source of water to retail water purveyors and other water interests within AVEK's Jurisdictional Boundaries on a wholesale basis; and
- WHEREAS, in order to effectuate the above-referenced purpose, AVEK, among other things, entered into a contract with the Department of Water Resources ("DWR"), which operates the SWP, in order for AVEK to receive water from the SWP ("SWP Water"); and
- WHEREAS, AVEK has entered into contracts with various retail purveyors and other water interests in AVEK's Jurisdictional Boundaries that govern AVEK's delivery of SWP Water to those purveyors and other water interests (the "AVEK's Water Supply Contracts"). Article 19 in those contracts provide that "substantial uniformity" in those contracts is "desirable" and that AVEK will "attempt to maintain such uniformity" between such contracts; and
- WHEREAS, AVEK does not provide SWP Water directly to any person or entity for domestic or municipal purposes; and
- WHEREAS, AVEK does not own or operate any facilities that can produce reclaimed water or native groundwater from any area in AVEK's Jurisdictional Boundaries, and neither does AVEK possess any contractual right or matured water right to produce such waters; and
- **WHEREAS**, the Urban Water Management Planning Act, California Water Code Section 10610 *et seq.* ("UWMP Act") provides that urban water management plans shall include a resolution or ordinance by the supplier that sets forth a water shortage contingency plan; and
- WHEREAS, Section 61.1 of the AVEK Enabling Act sets forth guiding principles for AVEK's distribution of SWP Water, which principles can be drawn upon in allocating such water in times of shortage (the provisions of Section 61.1 of the AVEK Enabling Act are set forth in Exhibit A to this Resolution); and
- WHEREAS, real property related taxes have been paid to AVEK since 1959 by entities in AVEK's Jurisdictional Boundaries.
- WHEREAS, AVEK has circulated drafts of its proposed 2005 UWMP and the water shortage contingency plan set forth in this Resolution ("WSC Plan") to the public for review and comment, and

WHEREAS, AVEK's Board of Directors ("AVEK Board") held duly noticed public hearings on its proposed 2005 UWMP on November 15, 2005 and December 20, 2005 and a public meeting on the WSC Plan on December 20, 2005; and

**WHEREAS**, the AVEK Board received written and verbal testimony and evidence from the public and others concerning its proposed 2005 UWMP and WSC Plan.

#### II. FINDINGS

#### THEREFORE, AVEK finds as follows:

- 1. AVEK finds that there is a need to adopt a water shortage contingency plan given, among other things, the requirements of the UWMP Act and the potential that the amount of SWP Water made available to AVEK by DWR may not satisfy the demands for SWP Water by AVEK's customers (even though such demand for SWP Water has only exceeded the available supply of SWP Water once since AVEK was formed).
- 2. The WSC Plan complies with all applicable laws and regulations, including but not limited to the UWMP Act, the AVEK Enabling Act, and the Guidebook to Assist Water Suppliers in the Preparation of a 2005 Urban Water Management Plan issued by the DWR and dated as of January 18, 2005.
  - 3. AVEK finds that the WSC Plan is fair and equitable.
- 4. The WSC Plan is consistent with the intent and terms of the AVEK's Water Supply Agreements and the AVEK Enabling Act.
  - 5. Each of the recitals contained in this Resolution is approved as a finding of fact.

#### ADOPTION OF WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN

THEREFORE, be it resolved and ordained by the AVEK Board as follows:

- 1. AVEK adopts a WSC Plan that would be implemented when the aggregate amount of SWP Water reasonably ordered by AVEK's customers in any water year exceeds the amount of SWP Water that DWR makes available to AVEK on that same water year (a "SWP Water Shortage Year"). When that contingency occurs (which contingency will be deemed to occur under both stages listed in Appendix 1 hereto), AVEK plans to allocate that amount of available SWP Water as follows:
- (a) The available SWP Water shall first be allocated per each county (the "County Allocation of SWP Water") in AVEK's Jurisdictional Boundaries based on a running historical average of the amount of taxes paid to AVEK by entities in each particular county since the formation of AVEK in 1959. (Attached as Exhibit B to this Resolution is the historical amount of such taxes paid by county through June 30, 2005.) AVEK shall annually update and publish that running historical average of taxes paid to AVEK by county.
- (b) Each County's Allocation of SWP Water shall be further allocated to each AVEK customer within that particular county based on its average annual percentage of SWP Water received in the two water years prior to the SWP Water Shortage Year relative to the amount of SWP Water received by all other AVEK customers in that particular county in those two prior water years. (For illustrative purposes, attached as Exhibit C to this Resolution is a list of such relative percentages by AVEK customers by county for 2004.)
  - (c) In determining the amount of SWP Water that should be delivered by AVEK to any customer in any SWP Water Shortage Year, AVEK will fill orders for SWP Water that will be used by the AVEK customer(s) for consumptive or agricultural uses in that same water year prior to filling any order for SWP Water that would be used by an AVEK customer for banking or storage purposes.
- (d) AVEK reserves the right to allocate SWP Water that it receives from DWR in a SWP Water Shortage Year in a manner that differs from the provisions of this WSC Plan based on a finding by the AVEK Board of unique or unusual circumstances or needs.

#### **EXHIBIT A**

#### § 61.1 Distribution and apportionment of water purchased from State, etc.

The agency shall whenever practicable, distribute and apportion the water purchased from the State of California or water obtained from any other source as equitably as possible on the basis of total payment by a district or geographical area within the agency regardless of its present status, of taxes, in relation that such payment bears to the total taxes and assessments collected from all other areas.

It is the intent of this section to assure each area or district its fair share of water based upon the amounts paid into the agency, as they bear relation to the total amount collected by the agency.

#### **EXHIBIT B**

# AVEK Water Agency Taxes Collected from Inception through 06/30/05\*\*\*

	Los Angeles Cty	Kern Cty	Ventura County	
	Taxes collected	Taxes collected	Taxes collected	
Description	by Fiscal Year	by Fiscel Year	by Fiscal Year	TOTALS
And the second s			by i iscal leat	
FYE 06/30/1961	58,3D6.62	29,846.13		79.152.82
FYE 06/30/1962	55,138.24	19,372.90		74,511.14
FYE G3/30/1983	156,220.27	53,906,15		210,125,42
FYIE 06/30/1964	221,398.82	B1,444.27		302,841.09
FYE 06/30/1965	174,560.93	89,835.70		244.396.63
FYE 06/30/198/6	195,498.90	97,105.93		292,604,83
FYE 06/30/1967	417,054.54	234,620.40	201.75	651.876.69
FYE 06/30/1965	787,195.00	371,132.00	3,086,00	1,161,393.00
FYE 06/30/1969	969,673.00	398,253.00	3,319.00	1,369,245.00
FYE 06/30/1979	1,227,682.00	547,964.00	4,642.00	1,780,288,00
FYE 06/30/1971	1.233,113.00	600,115.00	3,555.00	1,836,781.00
FYE 06/30/1972	1,825,460.00	854,408,00	4.560.00	2.684.426.00
FYE 06/30/1973	1,948,561.00	862,026,00	2,512.00	2,013,098.00
FYE 06/30/1974	2,047,566.00	808.490.00	2,309.00	2,856,385.00
FYE 09/30/1975	2,586,924.00	890,533,00	9,396.00	3,466,653,00
FYE 06/30/1976	2,029,787.00	862,576.00	3,921.00	2.896.284.00
FYE 06/30/1977	1,720,809.00	721,466.00	3,770.00	2,448,045.00
FYE 06/30/1978	1,607,785.00	774,212.00	5.121.00	2,387,116,00
FYE 06/30/1979	1.784,643.00	<b>99</b> 7,363.00	3,663,00	2,765,669.00
FYE 05/30/1980	4,171,081.00	592,169.00	3,511.00	5,088,781.00
FYE 08/30/1901 FYE 08/30/1982	4,995,491.00	1,351,056.0D	4,634.00	6,351,381,00
FYE 06/30/1983	3.115,496.00	1,222,927.00	6,544.00	4,344,967.00
	4.311,370.00	1,722,635.00	8,196.00	6,042,201,00
FYE 08/30/1984 FYE 08/30/1985	5,689,590,00	1,501,127.00	4,279.00	7,195,095.00
FYE 04/30/1986	9,709,574.00	3,575,437.00	18,208.00	13,363,219.00
FYE 06/30/1969	12,776,020.00	3,633,507.00	13,154.00	16,422,681.00
FYE 06/30/1988	12,730,936.00	3,073,228.00	10,767.00	15,814,931.00
FYE 06/30/1989	12,076,802.00	2.805.666.00	5,427.00	14,887,895.00
FYE 06/30/1990	13,700,634.00	2,926,709.00	48,066,00	16,677,409.00
FYE 05/30/1991	16,357,050.00	2,924,143.00	3,950.00	19,315,153,00
FYE 06/30/1992	14,757,446.00	3,236,690.00	0	17,994,136.00
FYE 06/30/1993	14,730,588.00	2,987,854.00	722.00	17,719,164.00
FYE 08/30/1994	14,795,789,00	2,825,327.00	722.00	17,691,838.00
FYE 06/30/1995	10,374,525.00	2,405,372.00	732.00	12,783,690.00
FYE 08/30/1996	41,757,693.00 11,705,148.00	2,215,878.00	747.00	13,974,218.00
FYE 06/30/1992		1,445,898.00	730.00	13,151,776.00
FYE 08/30/1995	9.076,684.00	1,843,601.00	721.00	10,923,206.00
FYE 08/30/1999	10,297,908.00 8,893,925.00	1,890,125,00	734.00	12,188,667.00
FYE 06/30/2000		2,623,064.00	-674.00	11,517,563.00
FYE 06/30/2001	15,587,806.00 10,233,359.00	2,094,870.00	878.00	17,783,352.00
FYE 06/30/2002		2.184.558.00	685.00	12,418,502.00
FYE 06/30/2003	10,098,249.00	2,069,703.00	353.00	12,166,305.00
FYE 06/30/2004	10,853,001.00 12,011,832.00	3,394,512.00	269.00	14,247,782.00
FYE 06/30/2005	12,275,847.00	1,987,130,00	280.00	13,999,242.00
- 1 - American resident among (A) (A)	14,413,041.00	2,290,256.00	0.00	14,566,102.00
	298,323,247.39	70,460,127.48	185,016.75	366,966,381.52

#### **EXHIBIT C**

Kern County	%
Billiton Exploration U.S.A.	0.24
Boron CSD	4.66
City of California City	9.88
Desert Lake CSD	1.47
Desert Sage Apartments	0.09
Edgemont Acres MWC	0.31
Edwards AFB	37.79
Mojave Public Utility District	1.01
Rosamond CSD	17.88
US Borax	26.67

Los Angeles County	%
Antelope Valley Country Club	0.35
California Water Service Co	0.58
Landale MWC	0.13
Los Angeles County Waterworks Districts	84.98
Palm Ranch Irrigation District	0.71
Quartz Hill Water District	8.42
Shadow Acres MWC	0.61
Sunnyside Farms MWC	0.59
White Fence Farms MWC	1.71
Lake Elizabeth MWC	1.91

## Appendix 1 to the Water Shortage Contingency Plan

## Water Supply Shortage Stages and Conditions

Stage No.	Water Supply Conditions	% Shortage
11	Reduction in SWP Allocation Below Current Demand	1 %
2	Reduction in SWP Allocation Below Current Demand	50%

## **APPENDIX C**

#### **RATE STABILIZATION FUND DISCUSSION**

The Agency uses as its rate stabilization fund the Agency's reserve fund to stabilize rates during periods of water shortages or disasters affecting water supply.

## **Appendix D**

#### WATER SUPPLY CAPACITY CHARGE IMPROVEMENTS

#### **Proposed Expansions**

Eastside WTP (10 mgd to 25 mgd)

QHWTP (Phase I - 9 MG reservoirs)

QHWTP (Phase II - second 9 MG reservoirs)

Acton WTP (4 mgd to 8 mgd)

Rosamond WTP (4 mgd to 8 mgd)

Westside Water Treatment Plant #1 (15 mgd)

Westside Water Treatment Plant #2 (3 mgd)

East Feeder/South Feeder - Interconnect Pipeline

East Feeder/South Feeder - Interconnect Pump Station

Mojave Pump Station Addition

South Feeder Parallel Pipeline (Phase II)

QHWTP/Westside WTP #I - Interconnect Pipeline

QHWTP/Westside WTP #2 - Interconnect Pump Station

Westside WTP I Feeder Pipeline

West WTP I Feeder Pump Station

East Feeder Parallel Pipeline

Lake Hughes Feeder Parallel Pipeline

Lake Hughes Feeder Pump Station

Leona Valley Feeder Parallel Pipeline

Leona Valley Feeder Pump Station

QHWTP/RWTP Intercon. Pipeline

QHWTP/RWTP Intercon. Pump Station

Area Raw Water Turnouts, Pipelines and Basin Inlets

North Feeder Pump Station

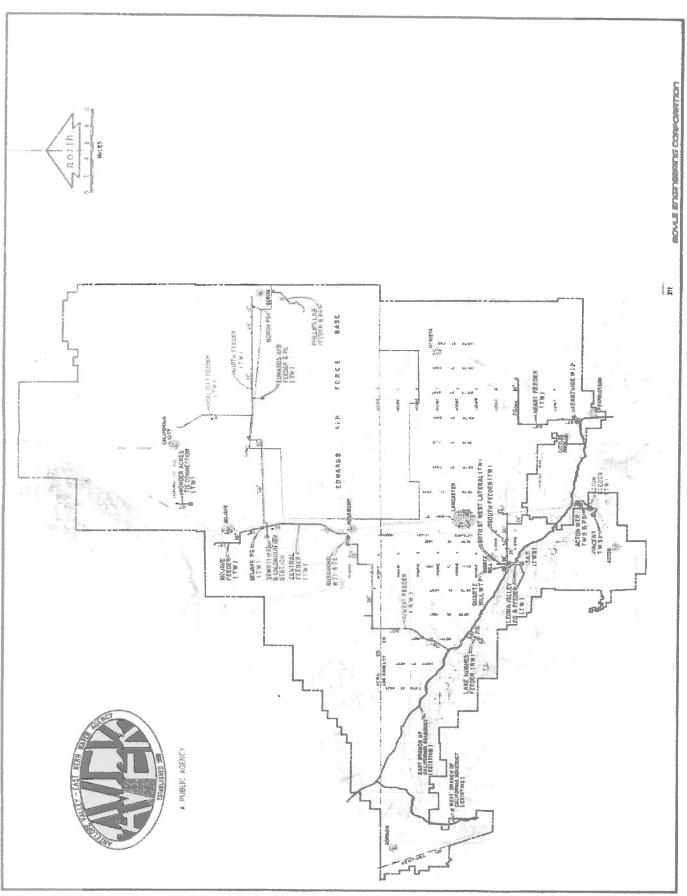
QHWTP (65 mgd to 90 mgd and ozone)

Abbreviation Legend"

QH = Quartz Hill, R = Rosamond, WTP = Water Treatment Plant

# Appendix E

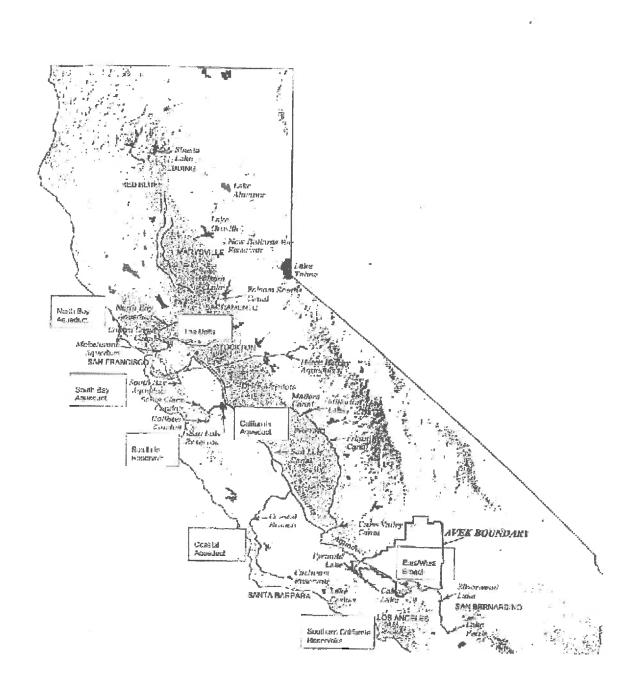
**LOCATION MAP** 



# Appendix F

- MAP OF SWP
- WATER DELIVERIES TO AVEK
- TABLES B-8 AND B-9 / SWP RELIABILITY DATA

# STATE WATER PROJECT FEATURES



	AVEK's Historical SWP Deliveries
	Year Ac-Ft
1962	0
1963	0
1964	0
1965	0
1966	0
1967	0
1968	0
1969	0
1970	0
1971	0
1972	53
1973	20
1974	1,259
1975	8,068
1976	27,782
1977	11,202
1978	33,137
1979	60,493
1980	72,407
1981	79,375
1982	50,291
1983	32961
1984	32,662
1985	37,064
1986	32,449
1987	33,875
1988	34,079
1989	45,191
1990	47,206
1991	7,568
1992 1993	28,041
1993	41,452
1995	47,663 47,386
1996	47,286 56,356
1997	56,356 61,752
1998	52,926
1999	69,073
2000	84,016
2001	63,508
2002	59,888
2002	61162
2003	61252
2005	58000*
2300	*estimated
	esumateu

#### **Attachment 1**

# Excerpts from Working Draft of 2005 State Water Project Delivery Reliability Report

May 2005

Table B-8 SWP Water Delivery from Delta for Study 6 (taf)

	Model		Percent	
	variable Table A	Model	of full	Model
Year	demand	Table A delivery	Table A - 4.112 maf	Article 21
1922 1923	3,750 3,261	3,743	91%	104
1924	3,489	3,251 1,244	79% 30%	106
1925	3,353	1,870	45%	ő
1926 1927	3,393 3,860	2,981 3,845	72%	64
1928	3,458	3,384	93% 82%	213 134
1929 1930	2,907	1,108	27%	o
1931	3,326 2,933	2,655 1,018	69% 25%	117
1932	3,139	1,406	34%	0 242
1933 1934	3,427 3,470	1,330 1,541	32%	512
1935	3,798	3.769	37% 92%	206 229
1836 1937	3,596	3,573	87%	ō
1938	3,492 3,344	3,362 3,344	82% 81%	BO
1939	3,262	3,262	79%	714 349
1940 1941	3,239 2,526	3,219	78%	154
1942	3,167	2,527 3,167	61% 77%	246 918
1943 1944	3,104	3,104	75%	623
1945	3,090 3,112	3,091 3,101	75% 75%	0
1946	3,215	3,215	78%	359 249
1947 1948	3,422	3,292	80%	0
1949	3,395 3,313	2,942 2,284	72% 55%	0
1950	3,465	3,199	78%	Ö
1951 1952	3,497 2,585	3,497 2,588	65%	388
1953	3,323	3,323	63% 81%	275 513
1954 1955	3,294	3,294	80%	523
1956	3,228 3,581	2,207 3,586	54% 87%	0 324
1957	3,235	3,235	79%	257
1958 1958	2,980 3,547	2,880	72%	1,106
1960	3,555	3,480 1,866	95% 45%	366 0
1961	3,580	2,869	65%	97
1962 1963	3,690 3,823	3,262 3,818	79% 93%	0
1964	3,492	3,323	81%	202 0
1965 1966	3,059 3,282	3,059	74%	177
1967	2,950	3,282 2,946	80% 72%	516 923
1968	3,324	3,329	81%	552
1969 1970	2,638 3,257	2,632 3,257	64% 79%	275
1971	3,341	3,341	81%	552 0
1972 1973	3,457 3,097	3,342	81%	414
1974	3,184	3,092 3,184	75% 77%	384 854
1975	3,229	3,229	70%	903
1 <b>976</b> 1977	3,471 3,421	3,265 159	79% 4%	189
1978	3,623	3,603	88%	0 300
1979 1880	3,512 2,715	3,501	85%	160
1961	3,358	2,709 3,358	68% 62%	138 545
1982	2,890	2,890	70%	801
1983 1984	2,497 3,227	2,498 2,766	61%	400
1965	3,214	3,214	67% 78%	552 0
1986 1987	2,321	2,297	56%	120
1988	2,896 2,967	2,898 856	70% 21%	546 0
1989	3,561	3,174	77%	0
1990 1991	3,628 3,425	1,099	27%	0
1992	3,366	1,052 1,428	26% 35%	0
1993	3,862	3,848	94%	159
1994	3,689	3,308	80%	0
Average	3,290	2,818	60%	262
Maximum Minimum	3,862	3,848	94%	1,108
mentifiti	2,321	159	4%	0

Table B-9 SWP Water Delivery from Delta for Study 7 (tal)

	Model		Percent	
	variable	Model	of full	Model
Year	Table A demand	Table A	Table A -	Article 21
1922	4,133	delivery 4,133	4.133 marf 100%	supply
1923	4,133	4,133	100%	21 6
1924 1925	4,133	382	9%	ŏ
1926	4.133 4.133	1,491 2.721	38%	190
1927	4,133	4,133	88% 100%	279 301
1928	4,133	3,379	82%	0
1929 1930	4,133	1,118	27%	0
1931	4,133 4,133	2,738 1,072	86% 26%	141
1932	4,133	1,572	38%	0 112
1933 1934	4,133	1,337	32%	547
1935	4,133 4,133	1,471 4,061	36%	242
1938	4,133	3,729	98% 90%	218 0
1937	4,133	3,389	82%	70
1938 1939	4,133 4,133	4,133	100%	200
1940	4.133	3,450 4,116	83% 100%	0
1941	3,898	3,908	95%	114 0
1942	4,133	4,133	100%	123
1943 1944	4,133 4,133	3,787 3,542	92% 86%	497
1945	4,133	3,889	94%	Q 118
1946	4.133	3,828	93%	0
1947 :: 1948	4,133 4,133	2,771	67%	0
1949	4,133	2,940 2,025	71% 40%	0
1950	4,133	3,400	82%	Ö
1961 1952	4,133	4,133	100%	252
1953	3,898 4,133	3,912 4,133	95% 100%	0
1954	4,133	4,123	100%	296 0
1955 1956	4,133	1,505	36%	0
1957	4,133 4,133	4,133 3,585	100%	352
1958	4,133	4,133	100%	0 229
1959	4,133	3,787	92%	107
1960 1961	4,133 4,133	1,607 2,712	39%	0
1962	4,133	3,311	86% 80%	299 1
1963	4,133	4,133	100%	161
1984 1985	4,133 4,133	2,889	70%	0
1986	4,133	3,485 4,133	84% 100%	47 178
1967	4,183	4,133	100%	157
1968	4,133	3,797	92%	465
1969 1970	3,898 4,133	3,910 4,122	95%	83
1971	4,133	4,133	100%	493 . D
1972	4,133	2,721	68%	ŏ
1973 1974	4,133 4.133	4,032	98%	259
1975	4.133	4,133 4,133	100% 100%	69 134
1978	4,133	3,137	76%	0
1977 1978	4,133	187	5%	0
1979	3,898 4,133	3,902 3,773	94% 91%	300 144
1980	9,898	3,513	85%	86
1981	4,133	3,797	92%	71
1982 1983	4,133 3,898	4,133 3,909	100%	171
1984	4,133	4,133	95% 100%	357 490
1985	4,123	3,413	83%	0
1986 1987	3,898 4,133	2,857	89%	63
1988	4,133 4,133	3,307 423	80% 10%	163
1989	4,133	3,513	85%	0 91
1990	4,133	855	21%	0
1991 1992	4,133 4,133	850 1.461	21% 35%	0
1993	4,133	4,133	100%	102 255
1994	4,133	3,153	76%	0
Average	4,110	3,178	77%	124
Madmum Minimum	4,133 3,896	4,133 187	100%	547
	2,030	101	5%	0

## Appendix G

- UWMP CONTACTED AGENCIES LIST
- AVEK TREATED M&I CUSTOMER LIST

#### <u>UWMP Contacted Agencies/AVEK M&I Customers</u>:

City of California City 21000 Hacienda Blvd. California City, CA 93505 fax: 760-373-7511

Edwards Air Force Base Mike Keeling, Directorate of Contracting fax: 275-9656

City of Lancaster Randy Williams, Public Works 44933 Fern Avenue Lancaster, CA 93534 fax: 723-6182

Los Angeles County Department of Public Works Attn: Dean Efstathiou P. O. Box 7508 900 S. Fremont Avenue Alhambra, CA 91802 fax:

City of Palmdale Attn: Steve Williams 38250 N. Sierra Highway Palmdale, CA 93550 fax: 661-267-5292

Building Industry Association Attn: Gretchen 43423 Division Street, Suite 401 Lancaster, CA 93535

fax: 848-6090

Kern County Planning Department Attn: 1115Truxtun Avenue Bakersfield, CA fax: 868-3485

```
Billiton Exploration U.S.A.
```

PO Box 576 Room 4156

Houston, TX 77001-0576

Billing

Contact: H. James Sewell
Phone: (281) 544-2807
Fax: (281) 544-2238
E-mail: Jim.Sewell@shell.com

Emergency

Contact 1: H. James Sewell
Day Phone: (281) 544-2807
Night Phone: (281) 731-3287
Contact 2: Ken Tweedt
Day Phone: (661) 824-9404
Night Phone: (661) 824-9232

Boron CSD (Treated/M&I)

PO Box 1060 Boron, CA 93596

Billing

Contact: Janna Riddle
Phone: (760) 762-6127
Cell: (760) 559-1224
Fax: (760) 762-6508
E-mail: bcsd@ccis.com

**Emergency** 

Contact 1: Russell Terrill
Day Phone: (760) 250-3270
Night Phone: (760) 762-6795
Contact 2: Pete Lopez
Day Phone: (760) 250-3271
Night Phone: (760) 250-3271

Department of Health Services

System #: 1510002 Contact Person: James Stites Phone: (661) 335-7315

```
City of California City
                                             (Treated/M&I)
21000 Hacienda Blvd
California City, CA 93505
       Billing
               Contact:
               Phone:
                              (760) 373-8696
               Fax:
               E-mail:
       Emergency
               Contact 1:
               Day Phone:
               Night Phone:
               Contact 2:
               Day Phone:
               Night Phone:
       Department of Health Services
               System #:
               Contact Person:
               Phone:
Desert Lake CSD
                                             (Treated/M&I)
PO Box 567
Boron, CA 93596
       Billing
                              Dollie Kostopoulos
               Contact:
                              (760) 762-5349
               Phone:
               Fax:
                              (760) 762-3161
               E-mail:
                              dimples@ccis.com
       Emergency
               Contact 1:
                              Dollie Kostopoulos
               Day Phone:
                              (760) 403-0012
               Night Phone:
                              (760) 762-5786
               Contact 2:
                              Deanna Lone
               Day Phone:
                              (760) 762-5349
               Night Phone:
                             (760) 762-5365
       Department of Health Services
               System #:
                              1510027
               Contact Person: James Stites
               Phone:
                              (661) 335-7315
```

#### **Desert Sage Apartments**

(Treated/M&I)

Rick Nishimura 1101 Salisbury

La Canada, Ca. 91011

Billing

Contact:

Rick Nishimura

Phone:

(818) 720-6042

Fax:

(818) 790-9973

E-mail:

**Emergency** 

Contact 1:

Rick Nishimura

Day Phone:

(818) 720-6042

Night Phone:

(818) 720-6042

Contact 2: Day Phone: Night Phone:

#### **Edgemont Acres MWC**

(Treated/M&I)

PO Box 966

North Edwards, CA 93523-0966

Billing

Contact:

Renee Richey

Phone:

(760) 769-4764

Fax:

(760) 769-4764

E-mail:

eamwc@ccis.com

Emergency

Contact 1:

Ray Young

Day Phone:

(760) 769-4166

Night Phone:

E-mail:

ryoung@ccis.com

Contact 2: 

Bruce White

Day Phone:

(760) 769-4754

Night Phone:

Department of Health Services

System #:

1500290

Contact Person:

Phone:

```
Edwards AFB (Main Base)
                                             (Treated/M&I)
95 CEG/CERF - Main Base Water Delivery
225 N. Rosamond Blvd
Building 3500
Edwards AFB, CA 93524-8540
       Billing
               Contact:
               Phone:
                              (661) 277-4927
               Fax:
               E-mail:
       Emergency
               Contact 1:
               Day Phone:
               Night Phone:
               E-mail:
               Contact 2:
               Day Phone:
               Night Phone:
       Department of Health Services
               System #:
               Contact Person:
               Phone:
Edwards AFB (Phillips Lab)
                                             (Treated/M&I)
95 CEG/CERF – Propulsion Lab Water
225 N. Rosamond Blvd
Building 3500
Edwards AFB, CA 93524-8540
       Billing
               Contact:
               Phone:
                              (661) 277-4927
               Fax:
               E-mail:
       Emergency
               Contact 1:
               Day Phone:
               Night Phone:
               E-mail:
              Contact 2:
               Day Phone:
              Night Phone:
       Department of Health Services
              System #:
              Contact Person:
              Phone:
```

```
FPL Energy (Treated/M&I)
```

41100 Highway 395 Boron, CA 93516 Billing

Contact: Janis Hill

Phone: (760) 762-5562 x300 Fax: (760) 762-5546 E-mail: rfimbres@kjcsolar.com

**Emergency** 

Contact 1: Robert Fimbres

Day Phone: (760) 762-5562 x300

Night Phone: (760) 964-9854

Contact 2: Mike Roberson

Day Phone: (760) 762-5562 x375

Night Phone: (760) 964-4334

#### **Mojave Public Utility District**

(Treated/M&I)

15844 K Street Mojave, CA 93501

Billing

Contact: Carol Pridgen
Phone: (661) 824-4161
Fax: (661) 824-2361

E-mail:

Emergency

Contact 1: Bruce Gaines
Day Phone: (661) 824-4161
Night Phone: (661) 824-0529

Contact 2: Bee Coy

Day Phone: (661) 824-4262 Night Phone: (661) 824-2435

Department of Health Services

System #: 1510014 Contact Person: James Stites Phone: (661) 335-7315

**Rosamond CSD** 

(Treated/M&I)

2700 20<sup>th</sup> Street West Rosamond, CA 93560

Billing

Contact: Phone:

Toni Welsh (661) 256-3411

Fax:

(661) 256-2557

E-mail:

twelsh@qnet.com

**Emergency** 

Contact 1:

Juan DeLaRosa

Day Phone:

Night Phone:

(661) 256-3411

Contact 2:

Sherry DeLano

Day Phone: (661) 256-3411

Night Phone:

Department of Health Services

System #:

1510018

Contact Person: Jesse DHaLiwal

Phone:

(661) 335-7318

**US Borax** 

(Treated/M&I)

14486 Borax Rd Boron, CA 93516

Billing

Contact:

Mark Severson

Phone:

(760) 762-7462

Fax:

(760) 762-7531

E-mail:

mark.severson@borax.com

**Emergency** 

Contact 1:

Chuck Amento

Day Phone: Night Phone: (760) 762-7353

Contact 2:

(760) 559-4327 Suresh Rajapakse

Day Phone:

(760) 762-7053

Night Phone:

(760) 447-9766

#### **SOUTH FEEDER**

```
Antelope Valley Country Club
                                             (Treated/M&I)
39800 Country Club Dr
Palmdale, CA 93551
       Billing
               Contact:
                              Martha Whitfield
               Phone:
                              (661) 947-3142 x13
                              (661) 947-5026
               Fax:
               E-mail:
       Emergency
               Contact 1:
                              Buzz Barker
               Day Phone:
                              (661) 810-0313
               Night Phone:
                              (760) 373-8234
               Contact 2:
                              Steve Applegate
               Day Phone:
                              (661) 947-3142 x15
               Night Phone:
                              (661) 949-0657
California Water Service Co
                                             (Treated/M&I)
Antelope Valley District
5015 West Avenue L-14
Quartz Hill, CA 93536
       Billing
               Contact:
               Phone:
                              (661) 943-9001
               Fax:
                              (661) 722-5720
               E-mail:
       Emergency
              Contact 1:
                              Kevin Payne
              Day Phone:
                              (661) 943-9001
              Night Phone:
                              (661) 400-9403
               Contact 2:
                              Jose Ojeda
              Day Phone:
                              (661) 943-9001
              Night Phone:
                              (661) 400-9404
       Department of Health Services
              System #:
                              1910243
              Contact Person: Steve Sung
              Phone:
                              (213) 580-5723
```

```
El Dorado MWC
                                             (Treated/M&I)
PO Box 900519
Palmdale, CA 93590
       Billing
               Contact:
                              Jeanne Miller
               Phone:
                              (661) 947-3255
               Fax:
                              (661) 947-9701
               E-mail:
                              sprung@antele.net
       Emergency
               Contact 1:
                              Steve Sprunger
               Day Phone:
                              (661) 266-6233
               Night Phone:
                              (661) 273-4059
               Contact 2:
                              Murry Sprunger
               Day Phone:
                              (661) 947-8189
               Night Phone:
                              (661) 947-8189
       Department of Health Services
               System #:
                              1900803
               Contact Person: Teymoori
               Phone:
                              (213) 580-5746
Landale MWC (Operated by California Water Service Co)
                                                            (Treated/M&I)
PO Box 5808
Lancaster, CA 93539
       Billing
               Contact:
                              John Rogers (Landale MWC)
               Phone:
               Fax:
               E-mail:
       Emergency
               Contact 1:
                              Kevin Payne (California Water Service Co)
               Day Phone:
                              (661) 943-9001
               Night Phone:
                              (661) 400-9403
               Contact 2:
                              Jose Ojeda (California Water Service Co)
               Day Phone:
                              (661) 943-9001
               Night Phone:
                              (661) 400-9404
       Department of Health Services
              System #:
               Contact Person:
               Phone:
```

```
Los Angeles County Waterworks Districts (Treated/M&I)
```

PO Box 7508

Alhambra, CA 91802-7508

Billina

 Contact:
 Rami Gindi

 Phone:
 (626) 300-3357

 Fax:
 (626) 300-3385

 E-mail:
 rgindi@ladpw.org

**Emergency** 

Contact 1: Craig David
Day Phone: (661) 886-1673

Night Phone:

Contact 2: Ken Rosander
Day Phone: (661) 400-3835
Night Phone: (661) 722-4099
Contact 3: Adam Arriki

Day Phone: Night Phone:

Department of Health Services

System #: 1910070 (4-50,4-53,4-56,4-59,4-66,4-70,4-71,34-7, 34-9)

Contact Person: James Ko Phone: (213) 977-6808

#### **Palm Ranch Irrigation District**

(Treated/M&I)

42116 50<sup>th</sup> Street West, Suite D Quartz Hill, CA 93536

Billing

Contact: Phillip Shott
Phone: (661) 943-2469
Fax: (661) 943-8184
E-mail: pranch7314@aol.com

Emergency

Contact 1: Phillip Shott Day Phone: (661) 943-2469 Night Phone: (661) 266-9894 Cell Phone: (661) 810-6488 Contact 2: Pete Tuculet Day Phone: (661) 943-2469 Night Phone: (661) 723-7894 Cell Phone: (661) 810-5712

Department of Health Services

System #: 1910103

Contact Person: Grazyna Newton

Phone: (213) 580-5714 / (818) 349-7960

```
PO Box 3218
Quartz Hill, CA 93586
       Billing
               Contact:
                              Susan Greenhouse
               Phone:
                              (661) 943-3170
               Fax:
                              (661) 943-0457
               E-mail:
                              sgreenhouse@qhwd.com
       Emergency
               Contact 1:
                              Dave Meraz
               Day Phone:
                              (661) 943-3170
               Night Phone:
                              (661) 810-2217
               Contact 2:
                              Mike McCracken
               Day Phone:
                              (661) 943-3170
               Night Phone:
                              (661) 810-2223
       Department of Health Services
               System #:
                              1910130
               Contact Person: Grazyna Newton
               Phone:
                              (213) 580-5734
Shadow Acres MWC
                                             (Treated/M&I)
PO Box 900669
Palmdale, CA 93590
       Billing
               Contact:
                              Jeanne Miller
               Phone:
                              (661) 947-0200
               Fax:
                              (661) 947-9701
               E-mail:
       Emergency
               Contact 1:
                              Jon Saitta
               Day Phone:
                              (661) 435-5192
               Night Phone:
                              (661) 435-5192
               Contact 2:
                              Jim Wisneski
               Day Phone:
                              (661) 947-0200
               Night Phone:
                              (661) 224-1526
       Department of Health Services
               System #:
                              1900301
               Contact Person: Steve Layne
               Phone:
                              (661) 723-4549
```

**Quartz Hill Water District** 

12/20/2005 APPENDIX G

(Treated/M&I)

## **Sunnyside Farms MWC**

(Treated/M&I)

PO Box 901025 Palmdale, CA 93590

Billing

Contact:

Jeanne Miller

Phone: Fax:

(661) 947-3437 (661) 947-9701

E-mail:

**Emergency** 

Contact 1:

Chuck Laird

Day Phone: Night Phone: (661) 406-6486

Contact 2:

(661) 406-6486 Linda Enger

Day Phone:

(661) 947-2244

Night Phone:

(661) 947-2244

Department of Health Services

System #:

1900146

Contact Person:

Phone:

(661) 723-4549

#### **Westside Park MWC**

(Treated/M&I)

40317 11th Street West Palmdale, CA 93551-3024

Billing

Contact:

Phil Wood

Phone:

(661) 273-2997

Fax:

(661) 266-7938

E-mail:

philw@rglobal.net

Emergency

Contact 1:

Bill Raggio

Day Phone:

(661) 272-4512

Night Phone:

(661) 272-4512

Contact 2:

Phil Wood (661) 273-2997

Day Phone: Night Phone:

(661) 273-2997

Department of Health Services

System #:

Contact Person:

Phone:

#### White Fence Farms MWC

(Treated/M&I)

41901 20<sup>th</sup> Street West Palmdale, CA 93551

Billing

Contact: Phone:

Dotty Jernigan (661) 943-3316

Fax:

(661) 943-3576

E-mail:

wffwater@aol.com

**Emergency** 

Contact 1: Day Phone: Mike McCracken (661) 810-2223

Night Phone:

(661) 810-2223

Contact 2: Day Phone: Night Phone:

Department of Health Services

System #:

1910249

Contact Person: Susanna Cohen Phone: (213) 580-5723

#### White Fence Farms MWC #3

(Treated/M&I)

2606 West Avenue N-8 Palmdale, CA 93551

Billing

Contact:

Frank Anley

Phone:

(661) 266-8850

Fax: E-mail:

(661) 266-8850 f.e.anley@att.net

Emergency Contact 1:

Frank Anley

Day Phone: Night Phone: (661) 266-8850

Contact 2:

(661) 947-3240 Philip Anley

Day Phone:

(661) 224-6087

Night Phone:

(661) 943-5600

Department of Health Services

System #:

1900523

Contact Person: Grazyna Newton Phone:

(213) 580-5734

#### **EAST FEEDER**

**Los Angeles County Waterworks Districts** (Treated/M&I)

PO Box 7508

Alhambra, CA 91802-7508

Billing

Contact:

Ramy Gindi

Phone:

(626) 300-3357

Fax:

(626) 300-3385

E-mail:

rgindi@ladpw.org

**Emergency** 

Contact 1:

Craig David

Day Phone:

(661) 886-1673

Night Phone:

Contact 2:

Ken Rosander

Day Phone:

(661) 400-3835

Night Phone:

(661) 722-4099

Contact 3:

Adam Arriki

Day Phone: Night Phone

Department of Health Services

System #:

1910203

(24-4,33-3)

Contact Person: James Ko

Phone:

(213) 977-6808

System #:

1910005

(38-4,38-5,38-6)

Phone:

Contact Person: Steve Sung (213) 580-5723

#### **ACTON FEEDER**

Los Angeles County Waterworks Districts (Treated/M&I)

PO Box 7508

Alhambra, CA 91802-7508

Billing

Contact:

Ramy Gindi

Phone:

(626) 300-3357

Fax:

(626) 300-3385

E-mail:

rgindi@ladpw.org

**Emergency** 

Contact 1:

Craig David

Day Phone:

(661) 886-1673

Night Phone:

Contact 2:

Ken Rosander

Day Phone: Night Phone: (661) 400-3835 (661) 722-4099

Contact 3:

Adam Arriki

Day Phone: Night Phone

Department of Health Services

System #:

1910248

(37-10)

Contact Person: Jeremy Chen Phone:

(213) 977-7372

#### **Lake Hughes Feeder (Willow PS)**

**Lake Elizabeth MWC** 

(Untreated/M&I)

14960 Elizabeth Lake Rd Elizabeth Lake, CA 93532

Billing

Contact: Gayle Roth
Phone: (661) 724-1806
Fax: (661) 724-1281

E-mail:

**Emergency** 

Contact 1: Gayle Roth
Day Phone: (661) 724-1806
Night Phone: (661) 724-1850
Contact 2: Kenneth Gray
Day Phone: (661) 724-1806
Night Phone: (661) 724-9274

## **Appendix H**

#### **ASSUMPTIONS FOR POPULATION GROWTH PROJECTIONS**

The population growth projections encompass water purveyors located in areas currently served by AVEK primarily around the Antelope Valley and portions of eastern Kern County. This includes the City of Lancaster, portions of the City of Palmdale, various communities in Kern County, and two unincorporated areas in Los Angeles County. Communities in Kern County include the cities of Mojave, Boron, Edwards, and Rosamond, and the Edwards Air Force Base. Unincorporated communities in Los Angeles County include Acton and Lake LA area.

The base population shown in this report is taken from years 1990 and 2000 census data provided by California Department of Finance (DoF). Documentation can be retrieved at the following web link - <a href="http://www.dof.ca.gov/HTML/DEMOGRAP/CALHIST2a.XLS">http://www.dof.ca.gov/HTML/DEMOGRAP/CALHIST2a.XLS</a>.

#### Lancaster:

Population growth projections were based on the average growth rate of Palmdale from 2000 to 2020 as reported by Southern California Association of Government (SCAG) Documentation can be retrieved at their website - <a href="http://www.scag.ca.gov/forecast/downloads/2004GF.xls">http://www.scag.ca.gov/forecast/downloads/2004GF.xls</a>.

#### Palmdale:

Population growth projection provided by SCAG. Documentation can be retrieved at their website - <a href="http://www.scag.ca.gov/forecast/downloads/2004GF.xls">http://www.scag.ca.gov/forecast/downloads/2004GF.xls</a>. Since AVEK boundaries encompasses approximately 50% of the City of Palmdale, only 50% of the projected population have been included in the tables and figures of this report.

#### Kern County:

Data for population growth projections are also provided by the DoF. Documentation for the projections can be retrieved at their website at -

www.dof.ca.gov/HTML/DEMOGRAP/DRU Publications/Projections/P3/KERN.XLS. The DoF projections did not separate the cities mentioned above with the remaining cities in Kern County. Therefore, population growth data was extrapolated using year 2000 census data of the areas served by AVEK and the projected kern county growth rates from this DoF document. The population from this area accounts for approximately 11%-15% of the total population served by AVEK.

#### Los Angeles County:

Data for population growth projections are provided by SCAG. Documentation for the projections can be retrieved at their website at - <a href="http://www.scag.ca.gov/forecast/downloads/2004GF.xls">http://www.scag.ca.gov/forecast/downloads/2004GF.xls</a>. The SCAG projections did not separate the areas served by AVEK with the remaining unincorporated cities in Los Angeles County. Therefore, population growth data was extrapolated using year 2000 census data and the projected growth rate of 'Unincorporated LA County' as provided in the SCAG growth projection document. The population from this area accounts for approximately 6%-7% of the total population base served by AVEK.

## **Appendix I**

- EXCERPT FROM LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT RECYCLED WATER SUPPLY ASSESSMENT
- SANITARY SURVEY UPDATE REPORT 2001
- WATER QUALITY WEBSITE INFORMATION

#### 2.3 Recycled Water Supplies

Another source of water that is available to the Antelope Valley but is not yet being utilized by the Study Area is recycled water. District No. 40 is currently leading an effort to develop a Recycled Water Facilities Plan for the Antelope Valley. This Facilities Plan recommends a backbone recycled water system to serve the Study Area.

#### 2.3.1 Source Characteristics

Lancaster Water Reclamation Plant (LWRP), Palmdale Water Reclamation Plant (PWRP) and Rosamond Wastewater Treatment Plant (RWWTP) are three wastewater treatment plants in the Study Area. These three plants primarily provide secondary treated effluent. Currently, the only recycled water in the Study Area that is treated to a tertiary level is a small percentage of the wastewater at the LWRP through additional onsite facilities known as the Antelopa Valley Tertiary Treatment Plant (AVTTP). Effluent management is challenging in Antelopa Valley because the area is a closed basin with no river or other outlet to the Pacific Ocean. Effluent management options are restricted to methods such as reuse, evaporation, and percolation. LWRP, PWRP and RWWRP will all provide tertiary treated effluent with future upgrades. A description of each of the three treatment plants that may provide recycled water to the Study Area is provided below.

#### 2.3.1.1 Lancaster Water Reclamation Plant (LWRP)

The LWRP, built in 1959 and located north of the City of Lancaster, is owned, operated, and maintained by the Los Angeles County Sanitation District No. 14 (District No. 14). LWRP, which has a permitted capacity of 16.0 mgd, treated an average flow of 13.3 mgd in 2004 to secondary

standards for use agricultural irrigation, wildlife habitat, and recreation. Additionally, 0.6 mgd is currently treated to tertiary standards and used for landscape irrigation at the Apollo Lakes Regional County Park.

District No. 14 plans to upgrade the existing LWRP for a total capacity of 21 mgd by 2008 with a proposed future upgrade to 26 mgd by 2014. Tertiary treated effluent from the upgraded LWRP will be available for municipal reuse in addition to the existing uses.

#### 2.3.1.2 Palmdale Water Reclamation Plant (PWRP)

PWRP, built in 1953 and located on two sites adjacent to the City of Paimdale, is owed, operated, and maintained by the Los Angeles County Sanitation District No. 20 (District No. 20). PWRP, which has a permitted capacity of 15.0 mgd, treated an average flow of 9.4 mgd in 2004 to secondary standards for land application or agricultural irrigation.

A recent revision to the Waste Discharge Requirements due to concerns of nitrate in the groundwater, requires District No. 20 to eliminate their existing practice of land application and agricultural irrigation above agronomic rates of treated effluent by October 15, 2008. By November 15, 2009, District No. 20 is required to prevent the discharge of nitrogenous compounds to the groundwater at levels that create a condition of pollution or violate the water quality objectives identified in the 1994 Water Quality Control Plan for the Lahontan Region (1994 Basin Plan). In response, the treatment capacity of the PWRP will be increased to 22.4 mgd and tertiary treatment added. Tertiary treated water is anticipated to be fully used for municipal purposes.

#### 2.3.1.3 Rosamond Wastewater Treatment Plant (RWWTP)

RWWTP, located in the City of Rosamond, is owned, operated, and maintained by the RCSD. RWWTP, which has a permitted capacity of 1.3 mgd, treated an average flow of 1.1 mgd to undisinfected secondary standards for landscape irrigation on-site.

RCSD plans to increase the capacity to 1.8 mgd in 2010 through the addition of 0.5 mgd tertiary treatment facility. The tertiary treatment facility will then be upgraded to 1.0 mgd in 2018.

Design for the proposed treatment plant improvements is complete and has been approved by the State of California. Construction is currently delayed due to lack of funding. Once constructed, the plant would provide tertiary treated recycled water for landscape imigation at median strips, parks, schools, senior complexes and new home developments.

#### 2.3.2 Availability of Supply

For the purpose of this study, wastewater flow projections are being used to define the amount of recycled water available to the Study Area. These projections were determined from the Draft Facilities Plan and are for tertiary treated water only. They also consider recycled water that has already been contracted out to users outside of the Study Area. Table 2-7 provides a summary of the recycled water flow projections for the Study Area through 2030. The flow projections for LWRP and PWRP in 2005 include secondary treated effluent because the tertiary treatment plant upgrades are not yet constructed.

DRAFT 2005 Integrated UWMP for the Antelope Valley,

Page 18

TABLE 2-7 RECYCLED WATER AVAILABILITY TO STUDY AREA 2005 - 2030

	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030
LWRP <sup>(p)</sup> (mgd)	12	14.8	19	23	27.1	31.2
PWRP <sup>(0)</sup> (mgd)	10.0	13,2	16.4	19.5	22.4	25.5
RWWTP <sup>(c)</sup> (mgd)	0	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Study Area (mgd)	22.0	28.5	36.4	43.5	50,5	57.7
Study Area (AFY)	24,700	32,000	40,800	48,800	56,700	64,800

Notes:

Although Table 2-7 provides the volumes of recycled water available, actual use of recycled water is limited to demand. Table 2-8 provides the projections of recycled water demand for the Study Area assuming 100 percent delivery of Table A and existing groundwater pumping rates. The projections are based on a recycled water market assessment and are generally for agricultural irrigation, landscape irrigation, and wildlife habitat. Due to delays in funding, RCSD has yet to determine their recycled water demand or identify any recycled water users. Thus, for purposes of this report, a conservative estimate of zero demand was assumed. District No. 40 recycled water demands were determined from the addition of the City of Lancaster and City of Palmdale demands from the Facilities Plan. Use of recycled water would be encouraged through the use of financial incentives (i.e., recycled water would be available at a lower cost than the existing potable water supply).

TABLE 2-8 PROJECTED FUTURE USE OF RECYCLED WATER IN THE STUDY AREA (AFY)

	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030
District No. 40	2,720	5,440	8,160	10,880	13,600
Percent of Total Supply	2	4	6	<u>8</u>	<u>10</u>
Rosamond CSD	0	0	0	0	<u>D</u>
Percent of Total Supply	0	0	0	0	0
Quartz Hill WD	0	0	0	0	0
Percent of Total Supply	0	0	0	0	0
Study Area	2,720	5,440	8,160	10,880	13,600
Percent of Total Supply	2	4	5 .	7	8

#### 2.3.3 **Water Quality**

The current and projected water quality of the treated wastewater at LWRP, PWRP and RWWTP that will be used for recycled water purposes is expected to meet tertiary treated standards as defined in California Water Code Title 22 regulations. Furthermore, the use of recycled water would allow for more potable water to available with the same water quality as

<sup>(</sup>a) Obtained from the Lancaster Water Reclamation Plant 2020 Facilities Plan, prepared by the Sanitation Districts

of Los Angeles County, May 2004, less the 3,03 mgd streedy committed to contract.

(b) Obtained from the Draft Palmdele Water Reclamation Plant 2025 Facilities Plan and Environmental Impact

Report, prepared by the Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County, April 2005.

(c) Obtained from documentation and phone calls provided by RCSD in May 2005 and a RCSD fax received in August 2005.

### CALIFORNIA STATE WATER PROJECT WATERSHED

# Sanitary Survey Update Report 2001

PREPARED BY:

California Department of Water Resources
Division of Planning and Local Assistance
Municipal Water Quality Investigations Program

Under the direction of: The State Water Contractors

December 2001

Gray Davis Governor State of California Mary D. Nichols Secretary for Resources The Resources Agency Thomas M. Hannigan
Director
Department of Water Resources

#### 2001 SANITARY SURVEY DEDATE.

#### Contents

More detailed Contents information along with lists of Figures and Tables are provided at the beginning of each chapter. At the beginning of chapters 3 through 10, which address the State Water Project watershads and water supply systems, the reader will find eignificance multices reading potential contentinent sources.

Chapter 1 Introduction and Background	1-1
1.1 Purpose of the Watershed Samitary Survey Update	1-1
1.2 History of the SWP Sanitary Survey Update 2001	1-1
1.3 Coordination with Stakeholders	1-1
1.4 2001 Smitary Survey Assessment Approach	1-2
1.5 Scope of Work for Each SWP Watershed	1-2
1.6 Selection and Evaluation of Potential Contaminant Sources	I-2
1.7 Report Organization	1-3
1.8 Relationship with DHS's Drinking Water Source Assessment and Protection (DWSAP)  Program	
Chapter 2 Regulatory Overview	2-1
2.1 Drinking Water Regulations	
2.2 Recent and Proposed Rules	2-15
2.3 Drinking Water Quality Parameters of Concern	2-23
References	
WATERSHEDS (CHAPTERS 3 THROUGH 7)	
Chapter 3 Barker Slough/North Bay Aqueduct	2.1
3.1 Watershed Description	
3.2 Water Supply System	1-C
3.3 Potential Centaminant Sources (PCSs)	3-10 2-10
3.4 Water Quality Summary	3-1∆ 0.1.2
3.5 Significance of Potential Contaminant Sources	
3.6 Watershed Management Practices	2- <u>/₩</u>
References	
Chapter 4 The Delta	
4.1 Environmental Setting	
4.2 Potential Centaminant Sources	4.21
4.3 Water Quality Summary	
4.4 Significance of Potential Contaminant Sources	4.125
4.5 Watershed Management Practices	
References	

#### 2001 SANITARY SURVEY UPDATE

Chapter 5 South Bay Aquedica and Lake Del Valle	5-1
5.1 Watershed Description	되
5.2 Water Supply System	5-5
5.3 Potential Contaminant Sources	5.0
5.4 Water Quality Summary	5_12
5.5 Significance of Potential Contaminant Sources	5.41
5.6 Watershed Management Practices	
References	**************************************
Chapter 6 San Luis Reserveir	5.1
6.1 Watershed Description	6.1
6.2 Water Supply System	
6.3 Potential Contaminant Sources	5.6
6.4 Water Quality Summary	
6.5 Significance of Potential Contaminant Sources	£51
6.6 Watershed Management Practices	
Refrences	6.33
Chapter 7 Southern California Reservoirs	7 1
7.1 Pyramid Lake	7.1
7.2 Castair Labe	
7.3 Silverwood Lake	7.1") 3 <u>k</u> .0
7.4 Lake Perris	
References	70°C
Water Supply systems (Chapters 8 through 10)	reconstruction d'All'E
Chapter 8 California Aqueduct	8-1
8.1 Clifforn Count Forebay to O'Neill Forebay.	<b>8-1</b>
82 The O'Neill Foreign	8-7
8.3 Outlet of O'Neill Forebay to Check 21 (Kettleman City): San Luis Canal	8-20
8.4 Kettleman City to Kern River Intertie	<b>8-57</b>
8.5 Kern River Intertie to East/West Banch Bifurcation	8-61
RE	\$-71
Chapter 9 Coastal Branch Aqueduct	9-1
9.1 Introduction	9-1
9.2 Water Supply System	9-1
9.3 Potential Contaminant Sources	9-3
9.4 Water Quality Summary	9.4
9.5 Significance of Potential Contaminant Sources	9-8
9.6 Watershed Management Practices and Recommendations	9-8
References	Q.D
Chapter 10 East and West Branches of the California Aqueduct	10-1
10.1 West Branch	
10.2 East Rearch	104
Paterones	10 17

#### 2001 SANITARY SURVEY UPDATE

Chapter 11 State Water Project Emergency Action Plan	11-1
11.1 Introduction	
11.2 Regulatory Overview and Anthority	11-1
11.3 Description of the Emergency Management System Structure	11-7
11.4 DWR EAP Responsibility and Procedures	11-4
11.5 Related Emergency Planning Documents	11-4
11.6 Description of a Typical DWR Field Division EAP	11-5
11.7 Emergency Action Plan Maintenance Procedure	11-5
11.3 Emergency Action Plan Maintenance Responsibility	11-5
11.9 Emergency Management and Duties	11-6
11.10 Emergency Duties of Field Division Personnel	11-6
11.11 Area Custrul Center and Project Operations Center Notification Responsibilities	11-7
11.12 Coordination with the Office of Emergency Services	
11.13 Public Information And News Media Assistance	11-8
References	
Chapter 12 Polhogens	
12.2 Bacteria Summery	
123 Giardia	
12.4 Cryptosporidium	
12.5 Long Term 2 Enhanced Surface Water Treatment Rule Microbial Index	12-25
12.6 Studies of Health Risks Resulting from Body-Contact Recreation in Southern Californ	ė.
SWP Reservoirs	12-28
12.7 Protozoan Sampling Method Concerns	
References	12-35
Chapter 13 Conschusions and Recommendations	13-1
Chapter 3 Barker Slough/North Bay Aqueduct	13-1
Chapter 4 The Delta	13-3
Chapter 5 South Bay Aqueduct and Lake Del Valle	13-10
Chapter 6 San Luis Reservoir	13-14
Chapter 7 Southern California Reservoirs	
Chapter 8 California Aqueduct	13-22
Chapter 9 Coastal Branch Aqueduct	13-26
Chapter 10 East-and West Branches of the California Aqueduct	13-27
Chapter 12 Pathogens	13-28
Appendix A. Anderson Report to State Water Contractors	Back
Appendix B Summary of Purbogen Occurrence in the SWP and QA/OC Work Using the EPA's	
Information Collection Rule Immunofluorescent Assay (ICR IFA)	Back
Appendix C Summary of Method 1623 Recovery Analysis	Back
Glacense and Matrix Communican Chart	Th1-

#### 2001 SANDARY SURVEY OF DATE

#### State of California Gray Davis, Governor

#### The Resources Agency Mary D. Nichols, Secretary for Resources

Department of Water Resources Thomas M. Hannigan, Director

L. Lucinda Chipponeri Deputy Director for Legislation

Peggy Bernardy Chief Counsel

Steve Macaulay Chief Deputy Director

Jonas Minton Deputy Director Raymond Hart Deputy Director

Division of Planning and Local Assistance Naser J. Bateni, Chief

Water Quality Assessment Branch Phil Wendt, Chief Technical Services Section Dan Otis, Chief

#### Prepared under the supervision of

Richard S. Breuer, Chief Municipal Water Quality Investigations Unit

#### Prepared by

Michael Zanoli, Project Leader

Carol L. DiGiorgio

Гелутао Сио

Marvin Jung

William McCune Sleven Murphy

Murage Ngalia

James O. Sidiman

DWR Division of Operations and Waintenance, Staff of the Environmental Assessment Branch

#### Editorial review, graphics, and report production

Brenda Main, Supervisor of Technical Publications

Martiee Talley, Lead Editor

Mikki Ekompulisi

Make Durant

Chris Derr

Greichen Goeiti

Alloe Dyer

Joanne Pierce

Research and editorial assistance

Kurits Banchero

Nicholas George

Joseph Hemmer

Kathryn Staccont

#### Acknowledgments

The Smitmy Survey Action Committee (SSAC) provided project oversight, logistical support, and manuscript nation for the 2001 Santary Survey Update. A work team consisting of manubers of the SSAC and California Department of Health Services worked with Department of Water Recourses stuff to refuse the original work plan for the update, and to address issues that aroundering its writing and production. While the majority of the draft report was reviewed by the SSAC, this report is a DWR product and does not necessarily reduct the visuspoint of individual committee members or the number's organization.

The Department of Water Resources appreciates the SSAC's input and support in the development of the 2007 Santary Survey Update:

Elsine Archibald Archibald and Wallberg Consultants
William Bramon Control Court Water Authority

Richard Horner DWR Division of Planning and Local Assistance

Jorry Bruns Contral Valley RWQCB

Chris Chalcapha State Water Resources Control Board.
Doughs G. Chun Alameda County Water District
John Coloum State Water Contractors.

Rick DaLson Matter District of Southern California

Russall F. Fuller Antelope Valley East Kom Water Agency
David Geneales DWR Division of Local Assistance -

WQA - Field Support Unit

Richard Habernas: Department of Health Services -

Deinking Water Field Operations: Branch

Judy Haute (241.630)

Robert Haltquist Department of Health Services

Larry Joyce DWR Distance of Operations and Maintenance

Marvin June Marvin June and Associates

Carl Lischecke California Department of Fiealth Services -

Division of Daishing Water and Environmental Management

Rich Losso Metropolitan Water District Water District of

Southern California

Benca Marder PhD U.S. Emironmental Protection Agency
David Marthour. Santa Clara Valley Water District
Steve McLaux Cartaic Lake Water Agency
David Okita Solana County Water Agency

Dan Otis DWK Division of Planning and Local Assistance

Dan Paterron. DWR Operations and Maintenance

Turan Ramadan. City of Nines

Walt Shaunce State Water Recourses Control Board

K.T. Sissan PhD Courts. Cooks Water District John Stewart Napa County FC & WCD

Mick Stawart Matropolitan Water District of Southern California
Marcia Torobin Matropolitan Water District of Southern California

Leah Walker Department of Health Services

Phil Weath DWR Division of Planning and Local Assistance
Richard Woodard. Water Quality Consultant — State Water Contactors

Bill Walff Kara County Water Agency

Michael Zanoli DWR Division of Planning and Local Accistance

#### 2001 SANITARY SURVEY UPDATE

DWR gratefally achieved edges the following individuals for their contribution in providing data, analyses, review, and insight:

Michael Anderson Elaine Archibeld Dannas Rechtold Benjamin Renz Doma Barthouriak Elissa Callman Cautral Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board-Freezo office Christian Erickson Dong Chun Laura de Albidraca Gupal Deal Karin Dunbuff Rob Fagurness Gury Funkcioner Sceny Fong Dick Gage Kan Gaines Grag Ganzanberg Roberto Gennez Johnny Gonzalez

Mark Gowdy Jos Hardentla Laura Hidas John E. Issen. Joff Janik Larry Joyco John Kamp Mary Ann Menn John Monks Dan Mills Barry Montoya Frank Mercis Angels O'Brien. Dan Palmana Micty Pope Louis Piatt Turan Ramadan Dong Rischhister Log Samianto Wielei Shiriall Mark Vale Turi Wegener

#### STATE WATER PROJECT CONTRACTORS

Alameda County Flood Control and Water Conservation District Zone 7

Alamada County Water District

Antidops Valley-East Kura Water Appeary

Casitas Municipal Water District

Cartaic Lake Water Agency

Central Court Water Authority

City of Yoka City

Coachalls Valley Water District

County of Butte

County of Kieses

Creating-Lake Arrenthead Water Agency

Decari Water Agency

Dudley Ridge Water District

Empire-West Side Irrigation District

Keen County Water Agency

Littlanck Coak Irrigation District

Metropolitan Water District of Southern California

Mojare Water Agency

Napa County Flood Control and Water Conservation District

Oak Flat Water District

Palmedale Water District

Phona: County Flood Costrol and Water Conservation District

San Bonardino Valley Municipal Water District

San Galmel Valley Minnicapal Water District

San Gorgania Pass Water Apparen

San Lais Chispe County Flood Control and Water Conservation District

Santa Clara Valley Water Elicinist

Solano County Water Agency

Tulsea Lake Basin Water Storage District

#### Contents

Introduction and Background	1-1
1.1 Purpose of the Watershed Sanitary Survey Update	1-1
1.2 History of the SWP Sanitary Survey Update 2001	. 1-1
1.3 Coordination with Stakeholders	1-1
1.4 2001 Sanitary Survey Assessment Approach	. 1-2
1.5 Scope of Work for Bach SWP Watershed	1_2
1.6 Selection and Evaluation of Potential Contaminant Sources	1-2
1.7 Report Organization	1-3
1.7.1 Chapter Presentation	1_3
1.7.2 Significance Matrices	1-7
1.7.3 Development of Conclusions and Recommendations	. 1-7
1.8 Relationship with DHS's Drinking Water Source Assessment and Protection	
(DWSAP) Program	1-7
Reference	1_R
Personal Communication	1-8
Figure	
Figure 1-1 Sanitary Survey Chapters and Corresponding Watersheds.	1-5

## 1

#### Introduction and Background

#### 1.1 PURPOSE OF THE WATERSHED SANITARY SURVEY LIPDATE

The California Department of Health Services (DHS), under California Surface Water Treatment regulations, requires that all water purveyors perform a sanitary survey of their water source watersheds and update it every 5 years. These regulations implement the federal Surface Water Treatment Rule (SWTR), which became effective on 31 December 1990.

The purpose of a watershed sanitary survey is to:

- Describe control and management practices,
- Describe potential contaminant sources or activities (PCSs) and their effect on drinking water source quality.
- Determine if appropriate treatment is provided, and
- Identify actions and recommendations to improve or control contaminant sources.

## 1.2 HISTORY OF THE SWP SANITARY SUBVEY LIPOATE 2001

After completion of the initial State Water Project (SWP) Sentury Survey in 1990, a SWP Sentury Survey Action Committee (SSAC) was formed. It consisted of staff from the California Department of Water Recourses (DWR) and DHS's Drinking Water Program, representatives of the State Water Contractors and consultants. The SSAC's rule was to fellow up on the supert's recommendations. The SSAC's work recorded in the State Water Project Action Plan. This action committee has continued to meet over the years, and although individual membership has changed, the SSAC makeup has remained the same.

The SSAC has taken on the task of providing guidance for the 3-year updates of the Sauttary Survey. The Sauttary Survey Update Report 1996 fiscured on changes in SWP untendeds and unter quality since 1990. The update also provided information from site visits to watercheds—Del Valla, San Luis, Pyramid, Castria, Silverwood, Partis, Barlon Slough North Bay Aquaduct waterched, and the open channel section of Constal Aquaduct. An amphasis was placed on the occurrence of colliners and the pathogens Glandia and cryptospectition. The Update 1996, completed in May 1996, included the ments of an extensive

database cauch on toxic sites within SUP-

#### 1.3 COORDINATION WITH STAKEHOLDERS

Properation for the Sanstary Survey Update Report 2001 began July 1999 with SSAC meetings to discuss and develop a work plan and scape of work. The SSAC approved a dealt work plan and schedule in September 1999 and adopted the final work plan in December 1999.

In May 2000, SSAC members with specific expective and/or accour volunteered to work as a subgroup to expedite the information estricual, members of the 2001 update. These seven members represented DHE, SWP contractors, Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWESC), Sents Clara Valley Water District (SCVWD), DWE's Operations and Maintenance Division (C&M), and the California Urban Water Agencies (CLIWA).

Following work plan development, DWR's Municipal Water Quality Investigations (MWQI) management and staff, DES staff, and the SSAC actablished agreements to help assure adequate progress, the obtainment of necessary information, and feedback on document content quality.

In conjunction with the agreements, this group— SSAC subgroup, MOVQI and DEE staff—held frequent and focused meetings; and conference calls

1-I CELETER 1

to track progress, discuss echedule and menurce issues, and priorities tasks.

DHS granted a schedule entension, which was requested because of staffing resource issues and difficulty in obtaining available information. The original delivery date of Jameny 2001 for the final nation draft was eventually changed to 4 May 2001. Because of time constraints, not all chapters were assisted by the SSAC prior to the release of the final nation draft. The SSAC, DHS, and DWR staff conducted a therough review of the final nation draft chapters and after a nation of the comments, the document was edited to achieve technical accuracy and consistent formatting.

#### 1.4 2001 SANITARY SURVEY ASSESSMENT APPROACH

Sanitary Survey Update Report 2001 offices detailed evaluations of study areas and issues that were selected based on actions and recommendations from provious reports and commens stranging from new data and information. Findings and recommendations in Update 1996 led to entensive studies of the Barber Slough watershed and pathogens in source waters. Each of these follow-up activities is possessed in detail in its own chapter.

The SSAC work plan specified that Sentrary Survey Update 2007 would only on mixing data and information from DWR, MWDSC, and other agencies and would require extensive coordination. and cooperation to obtain relevant information from several federal, State, and local sources.

During work plan development, it was agreed to provide information in Scattery Stewey Update 200/ to make it useful for SWP utilities in complying with the California Durishing Water Source Assessment and Protection (DWSAP) Program. The relationship of the Santiery Survey Update 200/ to the DWSAP Program is discussed in section 1.8. Santiery Survey Update 200/ is not required by the DWSAP Program but much of its PCS information is needly available for incorporation into a source water assessment as required by the DWSAP Program.

A key tack in the work plan was the preparation of a sanitary survey questionnaire and its distribution to SWP contractors. This appreach was also used for the Sanitary Survey Update 1996. The questionnaire was used to obtain information in the most officient and direct way possible on contaminant sources, synlable data, and major water quality issues. Of the 29 contractors, 12 responded to the questionnaire (accural contractors were not using SWP water at the time).

tarks. WATERSHED

During the development process for Sanitary Survey Update 2001, DWR, stated that new field recommissions curveys and additional manifering studies would not be performed specifically for the update. The sucception was a 4-year study of the Barker Slough waterched because Sanitary Survey Update 1996 recommended an investigation.

The major Santary Survey Update 2001 tacks purformed for each untershed study include:

- Review and evaluation of the results from the questionnaire sent to SWP contractors.
- Pursual communication with staff of various aguacies and nations of partitions reports and data about major water quality issues.
- Delination and mapping of each source watershed area.
- Evaluation of some and contaminants of length or suspected contain, as directed by DHS and the SSAC;
  - Development of impartment of PCSs and activities in each area.
  - Determination of the susceptibility of the water supplies of such area to those contaminant sources and activities.
- Reports and manuscries of the results; identification and rating of significant PCSs and development of recommended actions to reduce the cosceptibility of water supplies to activing and fature water quality problems.

#### 1.6 SELECTION AND EVALUATION OF POTENTIAL CONTAINMENT SOURCES

The ground types of PCSs used in the Santrary Survey Update 200/ were developed with SSAC input and the American Water Worls Association Guidance Manual. They we presented below.

- Recreation.
- Wasterster treatment/ficilities (includes treatment plant officent discharges, sterage, temport, treatment, disposal to land, and soptic systems)
- Urban rmodf
- Animal populations (includes grazing, drinies, and mild minual populations)
- Algal blooms
- Agricultural activities (includes agricultural cropland use, posticide inclicide use, and agricultural desirate)
- Mining
- Solid or humodora warts disposal facilities
- Logging

1-2 Chapter 1

- Unsufficient activity (includes illegal desping, bulking underground tank)
- Traffic accidents/spills
- Groundwater discharges
- Securates intension.
- Goologic husurds (handelides, earthquakes, floods)
- · Fine
- Land nor change;

Different PCSs can require different approaches and types of data for evaluation. In general, susceptibility to PCSs in a given waterched was datassized through the questionneits and information and data obtained in response to the following criteria:

- Fraquency of drinking water regulations (entriusm contaminant levels) being actually or nearly encoucled at the water treatment plant intakes, recurroirs, and in the treated water, including complaints about taste and odor.
- Constituents of concern (COC) crucing additional water treatment costs or affecting treatment operations (for example, TOC semeral requirement).
- Precincity of PCS to source waters (for example, reservoirs, streams) and/or treatment plant intakes.
- Beach closures due to high bacteria counts or wastes or spills associated with certain PCSs (for example, water recreation, savage spills, soptic tank leaks).
- Available water quality data on receiving water downstream of PCS area and upstream of the nemest water supply discussions.
   Comparison between these locations, including at the water supply intake.
  - The lack of data or the need to do a more thorough assessment of the conceptbility of the waterched to 1 or more PCSs.

#### 1.7 REPORT ORGANIZATION

#### 1.7.1 CHAPTER PRESENTATION

The Santiary Survey Update 2001 waterched chapters are organized by geographical areas, such as the 4 Southern California merceous, or by spatial connection, such as the 5 sections of the California Aquadact. Figure 1-1 shows the approximate geographical location of the watercheds covered in the chapters and finite corresponding sections of the SWP. The following SWP structures and their corresponding watercheds are covered in Santiary Survey Update 2001:

- · SUP recording
  - Pyramid Laks
  - Castaic Labo
  - Silversood Labs
  - Lake Porrie
  - San Lair Rosseymir
  - Labs Dal Valle
- SWP associate
  - Nuch Bay Aqueduci (Barbar Slough, watershed)
  - South Bay Aquadoca
  - California Aquaduct cactime:

H. O. Banks Pumping Plant to O'Neill Fumbury Check 13

O'Neill Further

O'Neill Furthey to Avenal

Avenal to Kern River Intertio

(Chock 18)

Kum River Intestis to East West Bifurcation (Check 41)

- Coastal Bounch
- East Bouch and Wast Brench
- . Harvey C. Banks Delta Passains Plant
  - The Secremento San Josephin Delta and unitersheds of the Secremento and San Josephin sivers

Major State Water Project Features CHAPTER. Herbillay Aquatics Aggedisch SAN FRANCISC CHAPTER C. Contain Reservoir CHAPTER II. East Miles Stancts SAN DIEGO

Figure 1-1 Sanitary Survey Chapters and Corresponding Ventersheds

At the beginning of such watershed socion, a summary matrix shows the assessed threat a PCS posses for that particular watershed and water supply system. The matrix also shows the chapter section where the PCS is presented in detail. The chapter than possess the following information:

- Descriptions of knd use, guelogy and soils, vegetation, and hydrology of such watershed area or descriptions of the SWP equadact branches for the water supply system site.
- Identification of PCSs for each area.
- Summary of water quality data.
- Discussion of the significance of the PCS(s) to each area.
- Watershod management practices.

Including this introductory chapter, 5 chapters do not focus on a particular watershed. Chapter 2 communices convert less and regulations for drieding water. Chapter 11 describes the SUP Energency Action Plan and related information. Chapter 12 procests and discusses pathogen data, which DHS and the SSAC considered necessary to include in this report. Chapter 13 contains conclusions and recommendations for the PCSs and water quality issues presented in chapters 3 through 10.

#### 1.7.2 SIGNIFICANCE MATRICES

Significance matrices provide a new approach for the SWF Sangary Survey to give the reacher a visual commany of the relative importance of PCSs in a watershed. Each watershed chapter begins with a matrix, which operates as a "read map" by providing a quick accessment of the meet important PCSs and directing the reader to corresponding chapter sections. The matrices are not alreaded ratings of importance. A chapter should be used completely to gain a full understanding of the potential threater to dricking water quality. Each PCS that threatens dricking water contamination of a water supply system was rated as follows:

- PCS is a highly significant threat to drinking water quality
- PCS is a medium threat to drinking water outling
- PCS is a potential threat, but available information is inadequate to rate the threat.
- PCS is a minor funct to drinking under quality

In each matrix, symbols represent ratings, and muchors stand for the chapter section in which the PCS is discussed. The ratings were based on data कार्व विकास होता. स्वीक्तको बैक्कोन्ड अस्तरको कि Santtary Survey Update 2001. Some data provided a clear connection between the PCS and its potential to contaminate drinking water. Some information was anecdotal and based on the collective knowledge and experience of the author investigating 2 source, as such as other SS Update authors and staff of the DWR Water Quality Assessment Breach. In some cause, where a PCS was a clear source of the continuinant but the linkage as a threat was unclear, the PCS was given a medium rating. Sometimes a PCS was a clear source of the continuinant, but evidence and that indicated the source was not a threat to drinking water. In those cases, the PCS received a miner threat rating, for enemple, posticides in the Dulta materibade.

Chapter hardings for PCSs initially were drawn from a master list approved by the SSAC work town. in fall 1999. The list had to be varied and expanded because of the cotrama variation in prographical areas and artifage for each chapter.

## 1.7.8 DEVELOPMENT OF CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Conclusions and monomentations in chapter 13 were developed at 5 workshops where SSAC and other staff reviewed and discussed authors' drafts and provided entensive imput and revision. Detail of the process and content is provided in the introduction to chapter 13. It must be emphasized that chapter 13 is not a "stand-alone" chapter and that each chapter must be reviewed to obtain a complete picture of the status of a particular varianted. Only significant PCSs were included in chapter 13's conclusions and recommendations.

## 1.8 RELATIONSHIP WITH DHS'S DRINKING WATER SOURCE ASSESSMENT AND PROTECTION (DWSAP) PROGRAM

Under the 1995 combonisation of the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), all states must complete a source water assessment (SWA) for public water systems by 2003. A SWA document is proposed to determine the existence of PCSs, to determine the appropriate manituring worlds, to inform the public, and to exist in the development of watershed protection programs. The DWSAP Program presents a set of standardized procedures for conducting a SWA. The DHS allows watershed sanitary surveys, like the Santtary Survey Update Report 2001, as alternative methods of determining a mater course's valuerability.

While its requirements are similar, Santiary Servey Update Report 2001 contains more information than a SWA. Because of the vart size of the SWP, many substantisheds interconnect with it. The major tasks of developing this smittery survey consisted of separate assessments for each of the substantisheds selected for inclusion. The DWSAP Program assessment and voluntability summary of sources that are part of the SWP may be based on the information contained in this Sauttary Survey Update.

DHS will use the Sanitary Survey Update Report 200) as the basis of the DWSAP Program's source water assessment for SWP facilities and for the properation of valuaribility summaries for those facilities. DHS will work with contractors and water will ties to complete the SWAs. Water will then will be required to include information about the massessment and valuaribility summary language in their Consumer Confidence Reports (Walker pers. comm).

There are 6 information comments that SWP contractors will be required to supply for their DWSAP Program accessments. Contractors will prepare flair own DWSAP Program accessments for DHS, based on Southery Survey Update 2001 information, to include the following:

- Location of Supply Source.
- 2) Delimention of Source Areas and/or Protection Zones—Waterchod will be designated as the source area/protection scene. This sentiary survey will provide the detailed information on the waterched, so each contractor's SWA can refer to the 2007 Santtary Survey Update Report.
- Evaluation of Physical Barrier
   Effectiveness—DHS will provide standard language on this.
- 4) Immunity of Possible Contaminating Activities—This is identified in the 2003 Smittery Survey Update Report. Water contractors can rules to the update and provide limited description in DWEAP Program document.
- Vulnerability Ranking—After review of our unter quality data provided by DWR and the unter contractors, a consistent approach for such contractor to use in assuring vulnerability will be developed.
- Accomment Map—2001 Sanitary Survey Update Report contains maps of watershed through major land mass pipelines, any intakes, on.

#### Reference

#### PERSONAL COMMUNICATION

Walker, Leah, Senier Bagineer, Department of Bealth Services, Deinking Water Program, 1999. B-mail to Miles Zaneli, UWE. Nov 23. California Home

Governor Home

Amber Alert

Saturday, Dec



**DWR Home** 

News and Information

State Water Project

Environment

**Water Conditions** 

Water Use and Planning

**Public Safety** 

Local Assistance



Department of Water Resources

Contact Us

- En Español
- Executive Management
- About DWR
- Other Agencies

#### Mission:

To manage the water resources of California in cooperation with other agencies, to benefit the State's people, and to protect, restore, and enhance the natural and human environments.

1416 9th Street, Sacramento, CA 95814

Mailing Address: P. O. Box 942836, Sacramento, CA 94236



Water Quality

- Water Quality
  - State Water Project Water Quality Division of Operations and Maintenance

The State Water Project water quality program collects detailed information on concentrations and distribution of chemical, physical, and biological parameters at more than thirty sites in the California Aqueduct and associated reservoirs.

- Municipal Water Quality Division of Environmental Services
   Site includes publications, program resources, projects and data related to drinking water quality.
- Office of Water Quality Division of Environmental Services
   Meet the overall water quality needs of DWR and to provide a central focal point for the collection and dissemination of water quality information.
- Bay-Delta Hearing and Program Development State Water Project Analysis Office Includes water rights hearings information, workshops, and Environmental Impact Reports.
- O South Delta Improvement Project (SDIP) Bay-Delta Office
  The SDIP works to incrementally maximize diversion capability into Clifton Court Forebay, while providing an adequate water supply for diverters within the SDWA, and reducing the effects of State Water Project exports on both aquatic resources and direct fish losses in the South Delta.
- North Delta Improvement Project (NDIP) Bay-Delta Office
   The NDIP works to implement flood control improvements in a manner that
   benefits aquatic and terrestrial habitats, to the extent practicable,
- Northern District Water Quality Division of Planning and Local Assistance
  Water bodies are assessed for water quality characteristics, risks to
  beneficial uses, and effects of watershed management.
- Central District Water Quality Division of Planning and Local Assistance
   Assists local agencies and watershed groups with the collection, analysis, and storage of water quality data from rivers, streams, lakes, and reservoirs throughout its district boundaries.
- San Joaquin District Water Quality Division of Planning and Local
   Assistance
   Provide assistance and technical advice to local water agencies and to the
   general public on water quality conditions and on water well standards.
- Southern District Weter Quality Division of Planning and Local Assistance
  Technical assessments are conducted that provide unique and consistent
  information on the status, trends, and causes of groundwater and surface
  water quality conditions.
- Southern Field Division Water Quality Programs Division of Operations and Maintenance

DWR

- Featured Links

  S. Delta Imp
- Figod Mana
   Paper .pdf
- Salton Sea I
- Perris Dam
- Water Plan i
- Hetch Hetch
- Oroville Rel
   SWP Delive
- Grants and

#### Quick Hits

- DWR Web S
- News Archit
- SWP Overvi
- Recreation
- Legislation
   Publications
- Employmen
- Doing Busir
- Water Data
- Contact Us

http://www.water.ca.gov/nav.cfm?topic=Environment&subtopic=Water\_Quality

12/10/2005

- Monitors the water quality of its four Southern California reservoirs to provide its State Water Project contractors with the most current reservoir conditions.
- Water Data Library Division of Planning and Local Assistance
   Grab sample water quality data collected by DWR.
- O California Data Exchange Center (CDEC) Division of Flood Management
  Real-time decision support system to DWR Flood Management and other
  flood emergency response organizations, providing operational and
  historical hydrologic and meteorlogic data, forecasts, and reports.
- San Joaquin River Real-time Program Division of Planning and Local Assistance
   The Real-time Water Quality Management Program uses telemetered stream stage, salinity data and computer models to simulate and forecast water quality conditions along the lower San Joaquin River.
- Land & Water Use
- Ecosystem/Watershed Restoration
- Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta
- Drainage
- Environmental Analysis & Review
- Ecological Studies
- Environmental Compliance & Evaluation
- Environmental Documentation
- Invasive Species

Back to Top of Page

Conditions of Use | Privacy Policy | Comments or Suggestions © 2005 State of California.