BRADLEY T. WEEKS, Bar No. 173745 1 CHARLTON WEEKS LLP 1031 West Avenue M-14, Suite A Palmdale, CA 93551 3 legal@charltonweeks.com (661) 265-0969 4 Antelope Valley Resource Conservation District Attorney for 5 Intervenor 6 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 7 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 8 9 ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER **CASES** 10 **Included Consolidated Actions:** 11 Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 40 v. Diamond Farming Co. Superior Court of 13 California County of Los Angeles, Case No. BC 325 201 14 Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 40 v. Diamond Farming Co. Superior Court of 16 California, County of Kern, Case No. S-1500-CV-254-348 17 Wm. Bolthouse Farms, Inc. v. City of 18 Lancaster Diamond Farming Co. v. City of 19 Lancaster Diamond Farming Co. v. Palmdale Water Dist. Superior Court of California, 20 County of Riverside, consolidated actions, Case Nos. RIC 353 840, RIC 344 436, RIC 344 21 668 22 Rebecca Lee Willis v. Los Angeles County 23 Waterworks District No. 40 Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles, Case No. 24 BC 364 553 25 Richard A. Wood v. Los Angeles County 26 Waterworks District No. 40 Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles, Case No. 27 BC 391 869

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Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding No. 4408

Lead Case No. BC325201

ANTELOPE VALLEY RESOURCE CONSERVATION DISTRICT REPLY TO OPPOSITION TO MOTION FOR LEAVE TO INTERVENE AND SET EVIDENTIARY **HEARING REGARDING GROUNDWATER PUMPING RIGHTS**

Date: December 13, 2022

Time: 9:00 a.m.

Location: 191 N. 1st Street, Department 22,

San Jose, CA 95113

Assigned Judge: Hon. Jack Komar (Ret.)

Antelope Valley Resource Conservation District, replies to opposition to the motion to intervene filed by the Antelope Valley Watermaster on October 12, 2022.

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

The Antelope Valley Resource Conservation District (hereafter "AVRCD") seeks an order from this court allowing it to intervene in this action. The AVRCD has an interest relating to groundwater in the Basin, thus intervention is proper, pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 387(d)(1)(B).

The Antelope Valley Watermaster (hereafter "Watermaster") agrees that AVRCD should be allowed to intervene. No other party has opposed this motion.

Therefore, the only order which is sought from this Court – allowing AVRCD to intervene – is unopposed. Accordingly, the Court should allow AVRCD to intervene.

AVRCD and the Watermaster both also agree that the court should set an evidentiary hearing to determine AVRCD's groundwater pumping rights.

Thus, there is no dispute between the order requested by AVRCD and the order agreed to by the Watermaster.

II. THE WATERMASTER'S REQUEST TO CONDITION THE ORDER FOR INTERVENTION IS IMPROPER AND WITHOUT LEGAL BASIS

The Watermaster attempts to condition the entry of an Order allowing intervention upon the entry of an order that AVRCD pay the Watermaster \$58,870.02 and enjoining it from groundwater pumping.

The Watermaster's opposition cites no legal authority in support of the notion that a person's intervention in a lawsuit can be conditioned upon the entry of an Order to pay money and an injunction. Code of Civil Procedure section 387 itself does not give the Court the power to condition an order allowing intervention upon the payment of money or an injunction.

"Pursuant to section 387 the trial court has discretion to permit a nonparty to intervene where the following factors are met: (1) the proper procedures have been followed; (2) the nonparty has a direct and immediate interest in the action; (3) the intervention will not enlarge the

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issues in the litigation; and (4) the reasons for the intervention outweigh any opposition by the parties presently in the action." Reliance Ins. Co. v. Superior Court (2000) 84 Cal. App. 4th 383, 386.

The factors stated in Reliance Ins. Co. v. Superior Court, supra, 84 Cal.App.4th 383 are present. The court in *Reliance*, nor in any of the other case, gave this Court authority to condition the order allowing intervention upon the payment of money or the entry of an injunction (*Truck* Ins. Exchange v. Superior Court (Transco Syndicate No. 1) (1997) 60 Cal. App. 4th 342, 346).

III. WATERMASTER'S ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN A JUDGMENT AGAINST AVRCD THROUGH AN OPPOSITION TO A MOTION IS WITHOUT LEGAL SUPPORT AND IMPROPER

The Watermaster requests a judgment against AVRCD for \$58,870.02 by an opposition to a motion. The Watermaster also requests an order enjoining pumping against AVRCD by that same opposition.

The judgment purports to adjudicate and establish the rights of the attorney under the agreement as against his client. This, of course, could have been done only after the trial of an action in which the parties to the agreement had been given an opportunity to present their respective demands and such defenses, if any, as either might wish to assert against the demands of the other. It could not be done ex parte nor in a summary manner. The right to be heard before judgment is given is not only guaranteed by the Constitution but is carried through all of the systems of procedure under which courts exercise their powers. The constitutional right to a day in court embraces the privileges granted by statute, for the powers of the court are limited not alone to what they may do but also to the manner in which it may be done. A judgment cannot be given against or in favor of one who is not a party to the action. Overell v. Overell (1937) 18 Cal.App.2d 499, 502.

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The method of obtaining a money judgment in our legal system is a trial. The method of obtaining a permanent injunction also a trial. The method of obtaining preliminary injunction is a noticed motion.

The Watermaster has done none of the above. An Opposition to a motion is not an allowed method to obtain a money judgment or an injunction. That will require a trial.

IV. THE WATERMASTER IS ENTITLED TO NOTHING AGAINST AVRCD BECAUSE IT IS NOT A PARTY TO THE JUDGMENT

In its motion to intervene, AVRCD did not request this court to make any ruling regarding its pumping rights under the Judgment. Such a request would deprive other parties their due process rights to present argument and evidence regarding AVRCD's rights under the Judgment. The most important right of AVRCD under the judgment will be its pumping rights. Once AVRCD pumping rights are ascertained, another issue will be if AVRCD is required to purchase Replenishment Water.

At the evidentiary hearing on this matter, if the Watermaster, or any other party, wishes to provide evidence that AVRCD has pumped groundwater in excess of it pumping rights, it will have the opportunity to present this evidence.

The Watermaster's request that this Court pre-judge this issue before hearing this evidence at an evidentiary hearing, is improper, and should be denied.

V. AVRCD IS NOT A PRESENTLY A PARTY TO THE JUDGMENT AND THEREFORE DID NOT VIOLATE THE JUDGMENT

AVRCD is not Party to the judgment, and accordingly does not owe the Watermaster any money under the judgment. Because AVRCD is not a Party to the judgment, there is no ongoing violation of the Judgment. "A judgment may not be rendered either against or in favor of one who is not a party to the action." *Hutchinson v. California Trust Co.* (1941) 43 Cal.App.2d 571, 575.

AVRCD is not even a Party as that term is defined by the Judgment. Paragraph 3.5.27 defines a Party, and AVRCD does meet this definition. Once AVRCD intervened, then it will be a Party, but not until then.

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The claim that AVRCD currently owes the Watermaster any money, or is delinquent, is not true. It is not true in the general sense, as stated in *Hutchinson v. California Trust Co.* It is also not true under the terms of the Judgment. Until AVRCD is a Party, it is not obligated to pay any Replacement Water Assessment. Nor does the Watermaster have an legal authority to demand such payments.

Equally, AVRCD is not obligated to pay any Watermaster attorney fees or interest. The judgment only applies to Parties. Judgment paragraph 18.4.12 only applies to Parties. Interest and attorney fees may only be charged once assessment has become delinquent. Because there can be no assessment, there can be no delinquency.

Further, there may never be an assessment for Replacement Water. If the court determines that AVRCD groundwater rights exceeded its pumping, then no Replacement Water assessments will be due.

VI. AVRCD CLEARLY HAS THE RIGHT TO PRODUCE GROUNDWATER

AVRCD, and its predecessors, has been continuously pumping groundwater since at least 1949. As a public entity, the AVRCD, and its predecessor the University of California, did not need to continuously pump groundwater to protect is production rights, but it has. AVRCD is not obligated to seek a new production right, as argued in the Opposition. AVRCD has a production right based upon its ownership of its property. This right was not (and could not be) taken away by the Judgment. This right was accommodated by paragraph 5.1.10 of the Judgment.

AVRCD bore no obligation to seek intervention earlier, and the Watermaster has offered no contrary legal authority.

The production rights of the AVRCD, as a non-stipulating party are stated in paragraph 5.1.10. This paragraph anticipates the court will provide a non-stipulating party with Production Rights, as stated in the judgment. AVRCD is entitled to receive those Production Rights, based upon the evidence it anticipates presenting at the evidentiary hearing. The evidence will show that AVRCD pumps groundwater from property it owns, and reasonable and beneficially uses that water on its own property. Accordingly, AVRCD holds Overlying Production Rights, as described

on Exhibit 4 of the Stipulation for judgment, although without some of the benefits, as also described in paragraph 5.1.10.

VII. CONCLUSION

The Watermaster's attempt to condition AVRCD's intervention should be denied. AVRCD should be allowed to unconditionally intervene in this action.

CHARLTON WEEKS LLP

Dated: December 6, 2022

Bradley T. Weeks

Attorney for Antelope Valley Resource Conservation District, Intervenor

The exact title of the document, or documents, served, or served and filed, is identified below. The business address of the person making the service is 1031 West Avenue M-14, Suite A; Palmdale, California, 93551. This electronic service occurred, and the person making the service, is employed, in Los Angeles county, and is over the age of 18 years. The electronic service address of the person making the service is electronicserviceaddress@charltonweeks.com. The document, or documents, identified below were served electronically.

The date of Service is 12/6/2022. The name of the person making the service is Gayle Fenald.

The documents served are as follows:

ANTELOPE VALLEY RESOURCE CONSERVATION DISTRICT REPLY TO OPPOSITION TO MOTION TO INTERVENE AND SET EVIDENTIARY HEARING

Name and Electronic Service Address of each person Served

I posted the documents listed above to the Antelope Valley Groundwater Cases (avwatermaster.org) website.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: 12/6/2022 /s/ Gayle Fenald
Gayle Fenald