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| 6  | Barnes Family Trust of 1989, Thomas M. Bookman, B.J. Calandri, John Calandri, John Calandri as Trustee of the John and B.J. Calandri 2001 Trust, Son Rise Farms, Calmat Land Company, Sal and |  |  |
| _  | Connie L. Cardile, Efren and Luz Chavez, Consolidated Rock Products, Del Sur Ranch LLC,   |  |  |
| 7  | Steven Godde as Trustee of the Forrest G. Godde Trust, Lawrence A. Godde, Lawrence A. Godde   |  |  |
| 8  | and Godde Trust, Robert and Phillip Gorrindo, Gorrindo Family Trust, Laura Griffin, Healy Farms,  |  |  |
|    | Healy Enterprises, Inc., Habod Javadi, Juniper Hills Water Group, Eugene V., Beverly A., & Paul   |  |  |
| 9  | S. Kindig, Paul S. & Sharon R. Kindig, Kootenai Properties, Inc., Gailen Kyle, Gailen Kyle as   |  |  |
| 10 | Trustee of the Kyle Trust, James W. Kyle, James W. Kyle as Trustee of the Kyle Family Trust,  |  |  |
| 10 | Julia Kyle, Wanda E. Kyle, Maritorena Living Trust, Jose and Marie Maritorena, Richard H. Miner,  |  |  |
| 11 | Barry S. Munz, Terry A. Munz and Kathleen M. Munz, Eugene B. Nebeker, R and M Ranch, Inc.,  |  |  |
|    | Richard and Michael Nelson, Robert Jones, John and Adrienne Reca, Edgar C. Ritter, Paula E.   |  |  |
| 12 | Ritter, Paula E. Ritter as Trustee of the Ritter Family Trust, Sahara Nursery, Mabel Selak, Jeffrey   |  |  |
| 13 | L. & Nancee J. Siebert, Dr. Samuel Kremen, Tierra Bonita Ranch Company, Beverly Tobias, Triple  |  |  |
| 13 | M Property FKA and 3M Property Investment Co., Vulcan Materials Co. and Vulcan Lands Inc.,  |  |  |
| 14 | Willow Springs Company, Donna and Nina Wilson, Ramin Zomorodi, Genz Development and   |  |  |
|    | Castle Ranch Estate, collectively known as the Antelope Valley Ground Water Agreement   |  |  |
| 15 | Association ("AGWA")  |  |  |
| 16 | SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA   |  |  |
|    | EOD THE COUNTY OF LOCANCELES  |  |  |
| 17 | FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES   |  |  |
| 18 |   |  |  |
|    | ANTELOPE VALLEY  ) Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding   |  |  |
| 19 | GROUNDWATER CASES ) No. 4408  |  |  |
|    | $m{j}$  |  |  |

### Included Actions: 20 Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 21 40 v. Diamond Farming Co. Superior Court of 22 California County of Los Angeles, Case No. BC 325 201 Los Angeles County Waterworks 23 District No. 40 v. Diamond Farming Co. Superior Court of California, County of Kern, 24 Case No. S-1500-CV-254-348 Wm. Bolthouse 25 Farms, Inc. v. City of Lancaster Diamond Farming Co. v. City of Lancaster Diamond 26 Farming Co. v. Palmdale Water Dist. Superior Court of California, County of Riverside, 27 consolidated actions, Case No. RIC 353 840, RIC 344 436, RIC 344 668 28

Santa Clara Case No. 1-05-CV-049053 Assigned to The Honorable Jack Komar

TRIAL SETTING CONFERENCE STATEMENT OF THE ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER AGREEMENT ASSOCIATION (AGWA)

Date: July 9, 2012 Time: 9:00 a.m.

Dept: Department 1, Room 534

The Antelope Valley Groundwater Agreement Association ("AGWA") submits the following Trial Setting Statement.

# I. <u>JOINDER: AGWA JOINS IN THE STATEMENTS FILED BY AVEK, THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, AND BOLTHOUSE</u>

If the adjudication is to proceed through litigation rather than settlement, then it is most logical that the primary legal contentions between the purveyors and the landowners — prescription and return flows — should be the next set for resolution. However, settlement discussions are ongoing and another mediation is scheduled for September 11. United States Geological Survey water level data shows that water levels in the Basin have been largely stable for the past five years, and, with the downturn in the economy, demands for water are not increasing. There is simply no reason to rush to trial on matters of this magnitude when settlement discussions are ongoing and the Basin is not suffering harm.

## II. AGWA PROPOSAL REGARDING NEXT PHASE

AGWA notes that of the two proposed topics for the next phase of trial – prescription and return flows (LA County Waterworks' First Amended Complaint 1st and 6th Causes of Action) – prescription is by far the more difficult of the two to try, particularly in light of the landowners' demand for a jury trial. The issues regarding return flows on the other hand are relatively narrow. These issues include: (1) legal resolution of ownership of return flow from imported water; (2) legal resolution of whether return flows that degrade the Basin can satisfy the legal requirement that such flows augment the water supply; and (3) technical resolution of amount of return flow from imported water.

There are good reasons to try the issue of return flows prior to prescription. A prerequisite to determining whether the purveyors have established prescriptive claims is to establish how much of their pumping during any prescriptive period was return flows from imported water versus native yield. If they were only pumping return flows, then they will have no pumping that will support a claim for prescription. Furthermore, as indicated by their Phase III trial testimony, the purveyors claim that return flows from imported water constitute nearly a quarter of the safe yield. Landowners contest this claim and believe that the actual amount of such imported water

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return flows is much smaller. Resolution of this dispute may be a major step toward facilitation of settlement. For these reasons, AGWA recommends that if a next phase of trial is to be scheduled, that it should pertain to LA County Waterworks' 6<sup>th</sup> Cause of Action regarding return flows from imported water.

#### III. PROVE-UP OF PUMPING

At the June 19, 2012 Case Management Conference, the Court discussed the possibility of scheduling some type of "prove-up" hearing as the next phase of trial. While resolution of certain issues may require the Court to establish the amount of pumping by specific parties during given time periods, such issues are intimately tied to discrete legal claims and only have relevance in the context of those claims. For example, in the context of the prescription claim, a prove up of individual landowner pumping is only relevant to establish self-help in the case that prescription has already been established. Such analysis for periods outside of the prescriptive period will be irrelevant, and if no prescription is shown, such an analysis will be irrelevant. While an analysis of specific parties' pumping may be necessary, it would be a waste of resources to conduct such analysis in a vacuum.

#### IV. FURTHER ISSUES FOR RESOLUTION

AGWA notes two additional issues requiring the Court's resolution – claims of the Willis Class and the priority of any Federal Reserved Right.

In its Case Management Statement for the June 19 hearing, the Willis Class indicated that it intends to object to any settlement proposal that contains specific allocations of water rights. In effect, the Willis Class asserts that because of its approved settlement with the purveyors, the purveyors now lack the authority to settle with the other landowners in the manner that has been under discussion with Justice Robie for the past year. This is a major issue that is inhibiting settlement discussions. Before the landowners devote further resources to mediation of a settlement, it is appropriate for the Court to provide guidance as to whether the purveyors have the ability to agree to that settlement.

A similar issue inhibiting settlement discussions is the priority of any Federal Reserved Right held by federal defendants vis-à-vis the water rights of other landowners in the Basin. This issue is explained in detail in AGWA's January 18, 2012 Motion for Legal Findings Regarding Scope of Rights of Federal Defendants.

AGWA believes that of all the issues discussed herein, these two are currently the most significant impediment to settlement and in need of Court resolution. Both of these issues are primarily legal in nature and could be resolved by the Court with a minimum of discovery and briefing. AGWA believes that both could be set for hearing in September or October.

>

Dated: July 6, 2012

BROWNSTEIN HYATT FARBER SCHRECK, LLP

MICHAEL T. FIFE BRADLEY J. HERREMA Attorneys for AGWA

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21 East Carrillo Street Santa Barbara, CA 93101

## PROOF OF SERVICE

I, Linda E. Minky, declare:

I am a citizen of the United States and employed in Santa Barbara County, California. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within-entitled action. My business address is Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck, LLP, 21 East Carrillo Street, Santa Barbara, California 93101-2706. On July 6, 2012, I served a copy of the within document(s):

# TRIAL SETTING CONFERENCE STATEMENT OF THE ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER AGREEMENT ASSOCIATION (AGWA

|   | by transmitting via facsimile the document(s) listed above to the fax number(s) se forth below on this date before 5:00 p.m. |
|---|--|
| _ | forth below on this date before 5:00 p.m.  |

BY ELECTRONIC MAIL: By posting the document listed above to the Santa Clara Superior Court website: www.scefiling.org regarding the ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER matter.

| by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed affixing a pre-paid air bill, and causing the envelope to be delivery | _ envelope and<br>ered to a |
|---|-----------------------------|
| agent for delivery.   |                             |

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed on July 6, 2012, at Santa Barbara, California.

Linda E. Minky