1 2 3 4 5	RICHARD G. ZIMMER - SEN 107263 T. MARK SMITH - SEN 162370 CLIFFORD & BROWN A Professional Corporation Attorneys at Law Bank of America Building 1430 Truxtun Avenue, Suite 900 Bakersfield, CA 93301-5230 (661) 322-6023	
6	Attorneys for Bolthouse Properties	;, LLC
7	SUPERIOR COURT	OF CALIFORNIA
8	COUNTY OF S	SANTA CLARA
9	* * *	
10 11	COORDINATION PROCEEDING) SPECIAL TITLE (Rule 1550(b))	
12		CASE NO. 1-05-CV-049053
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	INCLUDED ACTIONS: LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT NO. 40 v. DIAMOND FARMING COMPANY, et al., Los Angeles Superior Court Case No. BC325201 LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT NO. 40 v. DIAMOND FARMING COMPANY, et al., Kern County Superior Court Case No. S-1500-CV-254348 DIAMOND FARMING COMPANY, and W.M. BOLTHOUSE FARMS, INC., v. CITY OF LANCASTER, et al., Riverside Superior Court Case No. RIC 344436 [c/w case no. RIC 344668 and 353840]	DATE: March 24, 2006 TIME: 10:00 a.m. DEPT: D-17
24 25	ROSAMOND COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT, CROSS-COMPLAINANT,	
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PROPERTIES, LLC ("Bolthouse"), submits 1 BOLTHOUSE the 2 following Issues Conference Statement: 3 Ι CLAIMS BEING LITIGATED 4 5 Quiet Title Bolthouse and Diamond Farming filed Quiet Title actions 6 7 roughly seven years ago. These actions were filed to quiet title to specific properties In Rem including the appurtenant right to 8 9 pump percolating groundwater on the properties. The overlying landowners in the present litigation also will seek to quiet 10 11 title of their overlying rights to reasonably pump percolating 12 groundwater on their identified properties. Declaratory Relief Claims 13 The purveyor parties which filed the Los Angeles County and 14 15 Kern County actions, now coordinated in this action, are making declaratory relief claims of prescriptive rights, appropriative 16 17 rights, physical solution, municipal priority, storage of 18 imported water, recapture of return flows and unreasonable use of 19 water. Additional purveyor parties may make similar claims for

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declaratory relief.

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II

ORGANIZATION OF PLEADINGS

The Court has requested joint pleadings be developed wherein the purveyor parties respond by way of Cross-complaint to the Bolthouse and Diamond Farming Complaints requesting quiet title. It is anticipated that the quiet title Complaints and Crosscomplaints for declaratory relief will be drafted broadly so as to include the interests of all overlying landowners in the Complaint and all purveyor parties in the Cross-complaint. In this way, although particular claims of specific parties may vary to some degree in terms of proof, the consolidated pleadings will nevertheless cover all potential claims.

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III

MEETING BETWEEN LIAISON GROUP ATTORNEYS

Once the issues are identified, the liaison group attorneys 9 and any other attorneys who desire to attend, should meet to 10 11 evaluate the issues before the Court and to consider stipulation 12 to matters which may not be in dispute. For example, there may be an agreement between the attorneys and parties, for procedural 13 14 purposes of determining necessary parties in this action, as to a 15 particular geographic area or area of adjudication for purposes of naming and serving all necessary parties. There may be 16 17 agreement as to additional issues as well. To the extent that agreement cannot be reached, the parties are free to discuss 18 19 these issues with their experts, have experts meet and confer 20 and/or take any other action they deem necessary in hopes of Agreement on 21 reaching agreement on as many issues as possible. 2.2 issues will streamline the litigation. If the parties cannot agree, trial will be necessary on such issues. 23

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IV

SERVICE OF ALL NECESSARY PARTIES

Once a geographic area or area of adjudication is determined

for the procedural purpose of including all necessary parties, 1 2 such parties should be served and brought into the lawsuit. 3 HANDLING CLAIMS OF LANDOWNERS OR PURVEYORS WHO 4 HAVE NO INTEREST BEING INVOLVED IN THE LAWSUIT 5 Once all necessary parties are served, it can be determined 6 whether all parties so served have any interest in being involved 7 in this lawsuit. Parties which have no interest in being 8 involved in the lawsuit potentially can disclaim any quiet title 9 10 issues on the one hand, or declaratory relief claims on the 11 other. Or, such parties can simply allow a default to be taken 12 if they do not respond to the Complaint. VI 13 POTENTIAL PHASING OF LAWSUIT 14 Trial on Area of Adjudication 15 16 If the parties cannot agree upon a geographical area and/or 17 area of adjudication for procedural purposes for lawsuit, a trial of this issue can be conducted. 18 19 Trial on Quiet Title The various landowner parties can exchange title information 20 regarding the In Rem properties before the Court to confirm 21 2.2 ownership of the property for purposes of placing the property 23 before the Court for quiet title adjudication. It is very possible that a stipulation can be reached in this regard similar 24 25 to what occurred in the Santa Maria action, except hopefully at an earlier stage in the proceedings. 26

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1 If agreement cannot be reached as to ownership of the fee 2 interest properties before the Court In Rem, trial can be 3 conducted on this issue.

VII

TRIAL ON DECLARATORY RELIEF CLAIMS

Prescription

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7 Prescription was the primary issue involved in the Riverside The prescription claims present multiple requirements of 8 action. proof which potentially could be handled in one phase, or in 9 10 several shorter phases. Since there can be no prescription claim 11 in the absence of overdraft, overdraft may be an issue which the 12 Court would like to place first in order of priority. If the parties cannot agree upon whether the geographic area in question 13 was in overdraft at a particular time, this issue may be tried. 14

The issues of self-help and dormant correlative rights have been mentioned by several parties in previous briefings to the Court. To the extent that self-help was exercised, there can be no prescription. Likewise, the doctrine of dormant correlative rights, will insulate landowners from a claim of prescription as well. Accordingly, having a phase trial on this issue next would potentially be an effective use of judicial time and resources.

A prescriptive claim legally requires proof of several elements. Notice is fundamental to a prescription claim. Once on notice of a prescriptive claim, a landowner acts at his or her peril in failing to take action by self-help or judicial intervention to prevent prescription. The notice issue along 1 || with other elements of prescription can be tried together.

2 Other Declaratory Relief Claims

claims of declaratory 3 Additional relief such as 4 appropriative rights, physical solution, municipal priority, storage, return flows and alleged unreasonable use of water can 5 6 be tried either collectively or individually depending upon the 7 perceived scope of factual presentation and legal analysis necessary to properly evaluate these claims. 8

VIII

JUDGMENT AND CONTINUING JURISDICTION

Following presentation of all of the evidence the Court should issue a Judgment declaring quiet title to overlying rights of the landowners subject to any declaratory relief claims proved by the purveyors. The Court can retain jurisdiction to hear additional disputes which may rise between the parties following Judgment.

18 DATED: March 17, 2006

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Respectfully submitted, CLIFFORD & BROWN

By:

RICHARD G. ZIMMER, ESQ. T. MARK SMITH, ESQ. Attorneys for BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC 1 || with other elements of prescription can be tried together.

2 Other Declaratory Relief Claims

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Respectfully submitted, CLIFFORD & BROWN

By:

RICHARD C. ZIMMER, ESQ. T. MARK SMITH, ESQ. Attorneys for BOLTHOUSE RROPERTIES, LLC

6 BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC'S ISSUES CONFERENCE STATEMENT

1	PROOF OF SERVICE	
2	STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF KERN:	
3	I am a resident of the County aforesaid; I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within entitled action; my business address is 1430 Truxtun Avenue, Suite 900, Bakersfield, California, 93301.	
4		
6 7	On March 17, 2006, I served the BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC'S ISSUES CONFERENCE STATEMENT on the interested parties in said action.	
8 9	(xx) BY SANTA CLARA SUPERIOR COURT E-FILING IN COMPLEX LITIGATION PURSUANT TO CLARIFICATION ORDER DATED OCTOBER 27, 2005.	
9 10	() VIA FACSIMILE - [C.C.P. § 1013(e)]; - The telephone number of	
11	the sending facsimile machine was (661) 322-3508. The telephone(s) number of the receiving facsimile machine(s) is	
12	listed below. The Court, Rule 2004 and no error was reported by the machine. Pursuant to California Rules of Court, Rule 2006(d), the machine was caused to print a transmission record	
13	of the transmission, a copy of which is attached hereto.	
14 15	() VIA OVERNIGHT DELIVERY on the date below stated, pursuant to CCP \$1013(c)(d), I deposited such envelope with delivery fees fully prepaid with CALIFORNIA OVERNIGHT.	
16	() BY MAIL I am readily familiar with the business' practice for	
17	collection and processing of correspondence and documents for mailing with the United States Postal Service. Under that	
18	practice, the correspondence and documents would be deposited with the United States Postal Service that same day, with	
19	postage thereon fully prepaid, in the ordinary course of business at Bakersfield, California.	
20 21	I declare, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California, that the foregoing is true and correct.	
22	Executed on March 17, 2006, at Bakersfield, California.	
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24	Rose Mary Myus	
25	ROSEMARY MYERS	
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