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7	Attorneys for Bolthouse Properties, LLC					
8	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA					
9	COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA					
10	* * *					
11	COORDINATION PROCEEDING SPECIAL TITLE (Rule 1550(b))) Judicial Council Coordination				
12) CASE NO. 1-05-CV-049053				
13	CASES))				
14	INCLUDED ACTIONS:))				
15	LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS	OPPOSITION TO DEMURRER OF SHELDON R. BLUM, TRUSTEE, TO CROSS-COMPLAINT OF BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC				
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18	LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS))				
19	DISTRICT NO. 40 v. DIAMOND FARMING COMPANY, et al.,					
20	Kern County Superior Court Case No. S-1500-CV-254348))				
21	DIAMOND FARMING COMPANY, and))				
22	W.M. BOLTHOUSE FARMS, INC., v. CITY OF LANCASTER, et al.,					
23	Riverside Superior Court Case No. RIC 344436 [c/w case no. RIC 344668 and 353840]))				
24	ROSAMOND COMMUNITY SERVICES))				
25	DISTRICT, CROSS-COMPLAINANT,					
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Cross-Defendant/Cross-Complainant, BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC (hereinafter "BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES"), hereby submits Opposition to Demurrer of Cross-Defendant, Sheldon R. Trustee (hereinafter "BLUM"), to Cross Complaint of BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

its

Blum

SUMMARY OF ARGUMENT

BLUM filed the instant Demurrer without standing to do so and upon a patent misunderstanding of the procedural posture of, and the substantive law applicable to, this coordinated action. In sum, BLUM demurs to a pleading to which he is not an interested party and founds the Demurer upon his belief that BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES is attempting to impair his rights. BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES' pleading does not contain any allegations against BLUM, does not assert any rights adverse to BLUM and therefore cannot be challenged on Demurrer by BLUM'S angst is misdirected, and should be aimed at the parties who seek to impair his overlying landowner rights; the municipal purveyors.

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PROCEDURAL POSTURE ESTABLISHING THAT BLUM LACKS STANDING

Plaintiff/Cross-Defendant/Cross-Complainant, WM. BOLTHOUSE FARMS, INC. filed a quiet title action against certain municipal purveyors only on January 25, 2001. On January 18, 2006, those municipal purveyors filed a cross-complaint against anyone who may claim a right to groundwater in the Antelope Valley,

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ostensibly including BLUM. In response, BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES filed its Cross-Complaint, the pleading attacked herein by BLUM'S Demurrer, against the *municipal purveyors only*. BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES' Cross-Complaint does not present any allegations against BLUM. Accordingly, BLUM has no standing to attack the sufficiency of BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES' Cross-Complaint and the totality of his arguments may, thus, be disregarded by the court.

III

JUDICIAL NOTICE OF THE LEASE IS IMPROPER

[Demurrer § 1.]

Despite BLUM'S claim that the lease between Sheldon Blum (as an individual) and WM. BOLTHOUSE FARMS, INC. (not BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC) dated August 2, 2001 (hereinafter the "Lease") is "of such common knowledge within the territorial jurisdiction of this Court that it cannot be the subject of dispute[,]" judicial notice cannot be taken of the document. appropriately cited by BLUM, Code of Civil Procedure § 430.30 provides that a demurrer is appropriate only upon that which appears on its face, or upon that which the court is required to or may take judicial. (Code Civ. Proc. § 430.30(a)(b)) "If there is any doubt whatever either as to the fact itself or as to its being a matter of common knowledge, evidence should be required." (Barreiro v. State Bar, (1970) 2 Cal.3d 912, 925) How a lease agreement between private parties is "of such common knowledge" to this Court is not stated by BLUM, for it cannot be so stated with any degree of good faith. The Lease should be disregarded,

as should all references thereto in the Demurrer.

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BLUM'S request for judicial notice is also procedurally defective in that it is not made in a separate document as required by $Rule\ of\ Court\ 3.1306(c)$. Additionally, Sheldon R. Blum's attached Declaration is improper material outside the "four corners" of the pleading, and should likewise be disregarded on demurrer. (Code Civ. Proc. $S\ 430.30(a)\ (b)$)

IV

REAL PARTY IN INTEREST

[Demurrer § 6.A. (1)]

BLUM clearly fails to recognize that WM. BOLTHOUSE FARMS, INC. and BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC are separate entities with independent rights at-issue in the coordinated action. the allegations presented by WM. BOLTHOUSE FARMS, INC. in its Second Amended Complaint and those alleged in BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC'S Cross-Complaint conflict is of no consequence because the entities clearly cannot hold equal rights. Accordingly, the commonality of the entities respective allegations, or their counsel, is not a sufficient ground for demurrer pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 430.10.

v

VERIFICATION OF FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION OF CROSS-COMPLAINT [Demurrer § 6.B.]

BLUM is the first party to assert that the First Cause of Action of BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES' Cross-Complaint requires verification. First, title is not being quieted against BLUM, so

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he has no standing to challenge the sufficiency of the cause of action. Second, if the court requires verification, BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES can, and will, ameliorate the problem by verification and/or amendment.

LESSOR VS. LESSEE RIGHTS

VI

[Demurrer §§ 6.A.(2) & 7.]

BLUM cites several authorities for the proposition that a lessee cannot take from his lessor by adverse possession. (Schwarzbaugh v. Sampson, (1936) 11 Cal.App.2d 451; Amalgamated Transit Union, Local 1756, AFL-CIO v. Superior Court, (2007) 148 Cal.App.4th 39; Civil Code § 1006) BLUM further cites to authority establishing that an overlying landowner has paramount rights to subsurface water beneath his property. (City of Barstow v. Mojave Water Agency, (2000) 23 Cal.4th 1224) While BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES acknowledges that the above authorities, and the propositions asserted by them, are instructive law, they have no bearing on the allegations of BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES' Cross-Complaint because BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES asserts no claim of right to water beneath BLUM'S property paramount or adverse to BLUM. A lessee of BLUM'S parcels is free to assert rights to subsurface waters to which his lease grants him use. Such a claim of right asserted by a lessee is not paramount to his lessor, but rather, is subservient and founded upon the rights conferred by the lease.

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Additionally, the ultimate determination of rights to waters underlying parcels identified by both WM. BOLTHOUSE FARMS, INC. and BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC will be in conformity with the authority cited by BLUM and not adverse to his rights as an overlying landowner.

VII

42 USCS 1983 CAUSE OF ACTION IS NOT AGAINST BLUM

[Demurrer § 8.]

BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES acknowledges and agrees that its Third and Fourth Causes of Action, based on 42 USCS 1983, are not proper if alleged against a private citizen (absent concerted action allegations). As with the remainder of the allegations of the Cross-Complaint, however, the Third and Fourth Causes of Action are not leveled at BLUM, so this ground for demurrer is improper.

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VIII

5TH THROUGH 10TH CAUSES OF ACTION ARE PROPERLY PLED [Demurrer §§ 9. - 13.]

BLUM argues that the Fifth through Tenth Causes of Action of the Cross-Compliant fail to incorporate or set forth a sufficient factual or legal foundation. First, as stated above, none of the allegations of this pleading are leveled at, or applicable to, BLUM. Second, even if BLUM had standing to attack them, each of these causes of action is complete and procedurally sufficient.

A simple review of the Common Allegations, which are incorporated by reference into each cause of action, reveals that the issues to be decided or declared are fully and adequately set

forth in a manner which apprises the affected cross-defendants of the matter in dispute. Each such cause of action alleges rights to water underlying identified parcels, be it as an overlying owner, overlying lessee or as a return flow facilitator. The essence of BLUM'S attack on these causes of action lies in a lack of an understanding of the rights in dispute among the numerous parties and the limited sub-group thereof against whom the Cross-Complaint is actually directed. None of these causes of action adversely impacts whatever rights BLUM may have as an overlying landowner of an affected parcel.

THERE IS NO DEFECT OR MISJOINDER OF PARTIES

IX

[Demurrer § 14.]

BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES' Cross-Complaint does not claim rights superior to BLUM. As set forth above, BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES acknowledges that its rights to water as a lessee are subordinate and dependent upon the rights of the lessor. In this instance, BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES is not a party to the LEASE. The Cross-Complaint responds to the municipal purveyors' Cross-Complaint and asserts rights adverse to the municipal purveyors, not overlying landowners. Accordingly, BLUM need not be added as a MOE cross-defendant by BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES for he is not an interested or indispensable party to BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES' Cross-Complaint. There is no defect or nonjoinder issue, so demurrer under Code of

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Civil Procedure § 430.10(d) is not properly asserted.

THERE IS NOT ANOTHER ACTION PENDING

[Demurrer § 15.]

BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES is befuddled by BLUM'S Code of Civil Procedure \$ 430.10(c) argument that BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES' Cross-Complaint is barred because there is "another action pending" based upon the pleadings filed by WM. BOLTHOUSE FARMS, INC. First, BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC and WM. BOLTHOUSE FARMS, INC. are separate and distinct legal entities. Second, the filing of a cross-complaint in response to a cross-complaint by yet another party does not constitute "another pending action."

Demurrers on this ground are disfavored unless the parties in both actions stand in the same relative positions and the actions are substantially the same. (Lord v. Garland, (1946) 27 Cal.2d 840, 848; Childs v. Eltinge, (1973) 29 Cal.App.2d 843, 848) Such is not the case in this coordinated action.

XI

THE CROSS-COMPLAINT IS NOT UNCERTAIN

[Demurrer § 16.]

Incorporating the above discussion, the Cross-Complaint is not subject to attack by BLUM and does, nevertheless, set forth sufficient allegations to constitute its causes of action. No further comment is warranted.

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XII

ATTORNEY'S FEES ARE NOT APPROPRIATE

[Demurrer § 17.]

request for judicial notice of the Lease ineffective as set forth above, so the court need not reach the issue of attorney's fees thereunder. Even if the court could take judicial notice of the Lease, the Civil Code § 1717 argument asserted by plaintiff is absurd. First, under Civil Code § 1717(a) contractual attorney's fees are recoverable only upon the enforcement of the contract, which is not the case here on Demurrer. Second, Civil Code § 1717 applies only to the parties to the contract, not a third party such as BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC. (Sessions Payroll Management v. Noble Construction Co., (2000) 84 Cal. App. 4th 671) Third, pursuant to Civil Code § 1717(b) BLUM must be successful on his Demurrer, then file a motion with the court seeking a determination of who the prevailing party on the contract is and fixing reasonable fees under the contract. BLUM'S request should be summarily denied.

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XIII CONCLUSION AND REQUEST FOR RELIEF BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC respectfully requests that BLUM'S request for judicial notice be denied, that the materials attached to the Demurrer be disregarded and that each ground for demurrer set forth therein be overruled. DATED: January 25, 2008 CLIFFORD & BROWN ZIMMER, T. MARK SMITH, ESQ. JEREMY J. SCHROEDER, ESQ. Attorneys for BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC

1	PROOF OF SERVICE (C.C.P. §1013a, 2015.5)			
2	Antelope Valley Groundwater Cases			
	Judicial Counsel Coordination Proceeding No. 4408 Santa Clara County Superior Court Case No. 1-05-CV-049053			
3	Sama Ciara County Superior Court Case No. 1-03-Cv-049055			
4	I am employed in the County of Kern, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a			
5	party to the within action; my business address is 1430 Truxtun Avenue, Bakersfield, CA 93301.			
6	On January 25, 2008, I served the foregoing document(s) entitled:			
7	OPPOSITION TO DEMURRER OF SHELDON R. BLUM, TRUSTEE, TO CROSS-COMPLAINT OF BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC			
9	by placing the true copies thereof enclosed in sealed envelopes addressed as stated on the attached mailing list.			
10	by placing _ the original, _ a true copy thereof, enclosed in a sealed enveloped addressed as follows:			
11				
12	X BY SANTA CLARA SUPERIOR COURT E-FILING IN COMPLEX LITIGATION PURSUANT TO CLARIFICATION ORDER DATED OCTOBER			
13	27, 2005.			
14	Executed on January 25, 2008, at Bakersfield, California.			
15 16	X (State) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.			
17	(Federal) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the Bar of this Court at whose direction the service was made.			
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