Exhibit A

1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
2	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES		
3	BEFORE THE HONORABLE JACK KOMAR, JUDGE		
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5	000 		
6	COORDINATION PROCEEDING)		
7	SPECIAL TITLE (RULE 1550(b)))		
8	ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER CASES) JUDICIAL COUNCIL) COORDINATION PROCEEDING) NO. 4408		
9)) SANTA CLARA COUNTY		
10) CASE NO. 1-05-CV-049053) (E-Posting/E-Service) Purposes Only)		
12) / LOS ANGELES COUNTY		
13	SUPERIOR COURT CASE NO. BC 325 201		
14	CADE NO. BC 323 201		
15	00o-==		
16	REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS		
17	REPORTER 5 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS		
18	DEPARTMENT NO. 12		
19	JANUARY 22, 2015		
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21			
22			
23			
24	APPEARANCES:		
25	FOR PHELAN PINON HILLS: WESLEY A. MILIBAND, ESQ.		
26	FOR THE WILLIS PLAINTIFFS: RALPH KALFAYAN, ESQ.		
27	LYNNE M. BRENNAN, ESQ.		
28	FOR THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES: JANET K. GOLDSMITH, ESQ.		

1	CONTINUED APPEARANCES:		
2	TOD THE CHARL OF CALLEDNAN	NOW GOLDEN WELGHED THE	
3	FOR THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	A: NOAH GOLDEN-KRASNER, ESQ.	
4	FOR THE COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICTS OF LOS ANGELES:	CHRISTOPHER M. SANDERS, ESQ.	
5	DISTRICTS OF LOS ANGELLES:		
6	FOR THE LOS ANGELES COUNTY	JEFFREY V. DUNN, ESQ.	
7	WATERWORKS DISTRICT NO. 40:		
8	U.S. BORAX, INC.	WILLIAM M. SLOAN, ESQ.	
9	FOR THE PALMDALE WATER DISTRICT:	THOMAS S BINNI TIT ESO	
10		INOMAS S. BUNN, III, ESQ.	
11	FOR RICHARD WOOD:	MICHAEL D. MCLACHLAN, APC.	
12			
13	FOR THE BLUM TRUST:	SHELDON BLUM, ESQ.	
14			
15	ATTORNEYS PRESENT VIA COURT CALL:		
16	Andrew Brady Robert Brumfield Heather James William Brunick	W. Keith Lemieux	
17	Heather James	Andrew Ramoick	
18	Theodore Chester	John Tootle	
19	Michael Davis	Wendy Wang	
20	Michael Fife Arnold Graham Jeff Green Kyle Holmes Joseph Hughes	Bradley Weeks Warren Wellen Walter Wilson Richard Wood James Worth Richard Zimmer	
21			
22			
23	Scott Kuney Robert Kuhs		
24	Bob Joyce R. Lee Leininger		
25			
26	OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER:		
27		DEANNE M. HELGESEN, CSR. 8445	
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SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

JANUARY 22, 2015

PROCEEDINGS

THE COURT: All right.

Good morning and thank you for not complaining about the eleven o'clock start time for this hearing. I appreciate it.

We have several matters on calendar. You've all received or had an opportunity to examine the Notice to Counsel setting forth our agenda.

I'm going to start with the first item, which is the motion by the Blum Trust. The Court has issued a tentative ruling.

Mr. Blum?

MR. BLUM: Good morning, Your Honor. Sheldon Blum on behalf of the Blum Trust.

What I would like to comment, Your Honor, is that the beauty of making a Motion for Summary Judgement and submitting documentation is in conjunction with oral argument that's to be heard at a hearing, which is for today. And I realize that this Court finds that there may be a defect in the judicial notice document submitted, but I think it's a matter of writing style.

I notice that in the judicial notice of statute, it specifically requires the party to provide sufficient notice of the request through the pleadings or, otherwise, to enable such adverse party to prepare to meet the request and furnish the Court with sufficient information to enable it to take

same time that the stipulation is being fought. Because the stipulation includes the Wood Class, it is the Wood Class settlement.

You're going to see one document. That one document is the Wood Class settlement, and it is the physical solution. It's one document. It's one agreement. When he files that and moves for a preliminary approval, we have the burden to oppose it.

And if you look on Paragraph G, it says no objection to the stipulated judgement will be heard. It's -- he files a motion, he includes his settlement in that motion, which is a global settlement, we get 14 days to oppose, and we can't even be heard on the motion. That is not fair. It's just not fair.

THE COURT: Well, I don't know that there's no authority for not permitting objections on March the 19th. You can always file an objection any time you want to, any parties can, and where there's a proposed stipulated judgement as between the parties, that's one thing.

The physical solution potentially goes beyond just the interest of the parties to the stipulation, and to the extent that any physical solution appears to be a proposal for the Court to consider and adopt independently and to make a finding on all parties, would demand that any party have an opportunity to object and weigh in on that.

So just because a group of people, parties to a lawsuit, think that a particular physical solution is the appropriate one does not necessarily mean that the Court is

going to be bound to adopt that. There's got to be an 1 2 independent evaluation or something like that, and parties have to have an opportunity to weigh in. Due process would 3 require that. The Court does have an interest in protecting 4 5 the class members in both classes. And I can't tell you how appreciative I am that we 6 7 have two classes and lawyers who would be willing to step forward and represent those classes, I think, very 8 effectively. 9 And so it helps everybody else who is involved in 10 this lawsuit or who lives in the Antelope Valley. That's a 11 12 good thing. So I'm going to ask Mr. McLachlan, given those 13 comments, do you really think that Paragraph G is 14 appropriate? 15 16 MR. MCLACHLAN: I do, because --17 THE COURT: It's 2-G, actually. 18 MR. MCLACHLAN: Yes, 2-G. I do, but I'm not -- I do 19 in terms of the reason I stated judicial economy, because the 20 Willis Class is not being prevented from making its 21 objection. 22 When I present my motion, which is attached to my 23 settlement that Mr. Kalfayan has incorrectly stated what it's 24 going to look like, there's a settlement agreement in my case and then there is the global settlement, which is just, 25 essentially, a writing to that. I'm not asking the Court to 26 approve that in some sort of global sense. 27

What I'm asking the Court to do is what any class

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