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6	Class Counsel for the Willis Class	
7 8	SUPERIOR COURT OF	THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
9	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES	
10	ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER CASES	RELATED CASE TO JUDICIAL COUNCIL COORDINATION PROCEEDING NO. 4408
11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	This Pleading Relates to Included Action: REBECCA LEE WILLIS and DAVID ESTRADA, on behalf of themselves and all others similarly situated, Plaintiffs, v. LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT NO. 40; CITY OF LANCASTER; CITY OF PALMDALE; PALMDALE WATER DISTRICT; LITTLEROCK CREEK IRRIGATION DISTRICT; PALM RANCH IRRIGATION DISTRICT; QUARTZ HILL WATER DISTRICT; ANTELOPE VALLEY WATER CO.; ROSAMOND COMMUNITY SERVICE DISTRICT; PHELAN PINON HILL COMMUNITY SERVICE DISTRICT; and DOES 1 through 1,000; Defendants.	WILLIS CLASS' CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE STATEMENT Date: March 26, 2015 Time: 10:00 am Place: Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles 111 North Hill Street, Room 222 Los Angeles, Ca 90012 Judge: Hon. Judge Komar
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The Willis Class respectfully submits the following Case Management Conference Statement in advance of the March 26, 2015 status conference.

On March 4, 2015, the Wood Class and the Public Water Suppliers jointly filed a Motion for Preliminary Approval of Settlement, which Motion incorporated a Stipulation for Entry of Judgment and Proposed Physical Solution (the "SPPS"). The Willis Class filed its Opposition to the Motion on March 13, 2015. On March 11, 2015, the Public Water Suppliers informed the Court that "approximately 140 parties, including the Wood Class, have approved and executed the" SPPS. (See District 40's Case Management Conference Statement dated March 11, 2015). District 40's CMC Statement was completely unnecessary, irrelevant, and a thinly-veiled attempt to pressure this Court into accepting the SPPS as is.

While 140 parties may have approved the SPPS, the 65,000 Willis Class Members did not and the Willis Class Members object to its terms. The 140 parties who approved and signed the SPPS received a permanent allocation of water from the NSY free of replacement assessment. As set forth in the Willis Class' Opposition to the Preliminary Approval, this Court correctly rejected a permanent allocation of groundwater in the proposed Wood Class Settlement in 2012 because such an allocation would impact the rights of nonsettling parties. Because the 140 parties do not represent all of the parties in this action, the Court must again reject the Wood Class' attempt to obtain a permanent allocation of groundwater in the proposed Wood Class Settlement.

These water rights are extremely valuable and worth almost one billion dollars to the Stipulating Parties. *See*, Associated Press Article discussing a current sale of water at \$700 AFY dated March 14, 2015, attached as Exhibit 1. The land and property values of the 140 parties have been enhanced in the SPPS, while the land and property values of the Willis Class Members have been diminished even further. *See* Groundwater Valuation Chart, attached as Exhibit 2.

In addition, those same 140 parties have agreed among themselves in the SPPS to abrogate the correlative rights of the Willis Class: the Willis Class does not share in the Native Safe Yield ("NSY"), must meet onerous and costly requirements before it will be determined whether the Class member can pump any amount of groundwater, and must pay a replacement assessment on the amount of any groundwater pumped (with the possible exception of water pumped for domestic use). The abrogation of Willis Class Members' water rights in the SPPS was done by agreement among the other parties without a pleading or notice to the class. Furthermore, the abrogation materially deviates from the significant benefits obtained by the Willis Class in the Willis Settlement and Willis Class Judgment. The SPPS cannot be approved by this Court as is, even at the Preliminary Approval stage. In rejecting the previously-proposed Wood Class Settlement which included a permanent allocation of groundwater for the Wood Class Members, this Court recognized that it cannot grant Preliminary Approval when nonsettling parties' rights would be negatively impacted and diminished by the proposed settlement. Because the 65,000-Member Willis Class' rights are negatively impacted and diminished by the SPPS, the Court cannot grant Preliminary Approval for the SPPS.

As detailed in the Willis Class' Motion for Court-Appointed Expert, a Court-appointed expert is critical to the Willis Class' ability to oppose the SPPS as well as to present the alternative proposed physical solutions or APPS to the Court.

The Archdiocese should be added as a class representative to ensure adequate representation for the Willis Class for decades to come as the Court sits in Equity over the Physical Solution ultimately adopted by this Court.

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1	Finally, the Court should approve the Willis Class' Motion for an Order Permitting Class		
2	Counsel to Seek Attorneys' Fees which was filed pursuant to the express terms of the Willis		
3	Stipulation of Settlement and Willis Judgment.		
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5	D. 4. 1. 10. 2015	285 Object 1972 188 Sector 2017 to Eve (1911)	
6	Dated: March 19, 2015	Respectfully submitted,	
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10		Ralph B. Kalfayan Lynne M. Brennan	
11		Class Counsel for the Willis Class KRAUSE KALFAYAN BENINK &	
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