ELLISON, SCHNEIDER & HARRIS L.L.P. **EXEMPT FROM FILING FEES** 1 Christopher M. Sanders (SBN 195990) GOVERNMENT CODE § 6103 2600 Capitol Avenue, Suite 400 2 Sacramento, California 95816 Telephone: (916)447-2166 3 Facsîmile: (916) 447-3512 4 Attorneys for Cross-Defendants. County Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County Nos. 14 and 20 5 6 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 7 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES - CENTRAL DISTRICT 8 9 COORDINATION PROCEEDING SPECIAL Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding 10 TITLE (RULE 1550(b)) No. JCCP 4408 11 ANTELOPE VALLY GROUNDWATER SANTA CLARA CASE NO.: 1-05-CV-049053 CASES The Honorable Jack Komar, Judge Presiding 12 13 **INCLUDED ACTIONS:** JOINT STATEMENT OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC LANDOWNERS REGARDING 14 Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 40 **MUTUALS' MOTION TO INTERPRET** vs. Diamond Farming Company, a corporation, 15 **JUDGMENT (PER COURT'S MAY 3, 2016** Superior Court of California, County of Los MINUTE ORDER) Angeles Case No. BC 325201; 16 Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 40 Date: May 25, 2016 17 Time: vs. Diamond Farming Company, a corporation, 9:00 a.m. Superior Court of California, County of Kern. Dept.: Room 222, Los Angeles 18 Case No. S-1500-CV-254-348: Judge: Jack Komar, Presiding 19 Wm. Bolthouse Farms, Inc. vs. City of Lancaster, Diamond Farming Company, a corporation vs. 20 City of Lancaster, Diamond Farming Company, a corporation vs. Palmdale Water District, Superior 21 Court of California, County of Riverside, Case Nos. RIC 353840, RIC 344436, RIC 344668. 22 23 24 I. INTRODUCTION 25 Cross-Defendants, the Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency, the City of Los Angeles, 26

JOINT STATEMENT OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC LANDOWNERS REGARDING MUTUALS' MOTION TO INTERPRET THE JUDGMENT

by and through its Department of Airports, Los Angeles World Airports (LAWA), the County

Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles County Nos. 14 and 20 (LA County Sanitation), Bolthouse

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Properties, LLC, and WM. Bolthouse Farms, Inc., Diamond Farming Company, Grimmway Enterprises, Inc., Crystal Organic Farms LLC, Lapis Land Company, LLC, Tejon Ranchcorp, Tejon Ranch Company, Granite Construction Company, Craig Van Dam, Delmar D. Van Dam, Gary Van Dam, Gertrude J. Van Dam (collectively, "Overliers") submit this statement in further Opposition to the Motion to Interpret the Judgment and Physical Solution filed by the ANTELOPE VALLEY UNITED MUTUALS GROUP ("the Mutuals"), and pursuant to the Court's May 3, 2016 Minute Order.

The Judgment and Physical Solution ("Judgment") was entered on December 23, 2015. It mandates the formation of a five-member Watermaster Board, and provides in Section 18.1.1 that two landowner representatives to the Board shall be "elected by majority vote of the landowners identified on Exhibit 4 (or their successors in interest) . . ." Under the guise of seeking an Order "interpreting" the foregoing unambiguous language, the Mutuals seek an Order modifying or rewriting this provision of the Judgment, or giving an advisory opinion. The Mutuals also claim that certain improprieties occurred during the five (5) Watermaster formation meetings which were held in January, March and April, 2016. None of the purported evidence proffered in support of the Mutuals' Motion or contained in the Mutuals' recently filed Statement of Exhibits and Evidence supports the Mutuals' argument that the Judgment is ambiguous, in need of clarification, or in need of modification, or that the two landowner seats should be further subdivided by water use to give the Mutuals greater voting power.

Based on the evidence proffered by the Mutuals, the Overliers do not believe that the Court should consider any extrinsic evidence to interpret or modify the Judgment and therefore do not presently intend to call any witnesses in their case-in-chief. The Overliers submit the Court should first determine whether Section 18.1.1 is ambiguous; if the Court determines an ambiguity exists, the Court should then require an offer of proof on the ambiguity from the Mutuals, and allow the parties to conduct discovery on that point.

II. STATEMENT

## A. The Mutuals' Extrinsic Evidence Is Irrelevant And Not Admissible To Contradict, Vary, Or Amend The Judgment.

As indicated in their Joint Opposition to the Motion posted and filed on May 12, 2016, the Overliers submit that the Mutuals' motion should be denied, in its entirety; and that there is no need for an evidentiary hearing thereon.

The Judgment is essentially a contract. "The fundamental goal of contractual interpretation is to give effect to the mutual intention of the parties." (People v. Shelton (2006) 37 Cal.4th 759, 767; Powerine Oil Co., Inc. v. Superior Court (2005) 37 Cal.4th 377, 390.) That intent must, in the first instance, be determined from the language of the contract itself. (State v. Allstate Ins. Co. (2009) 45 Cal.4th 1008, 1018.) "The mutual intention of the parties is to be inferred, if possible, solely from the written provisions of the contract. Where contractual language is clear and explicit, it governs." (Powerine Oil Co., Inc., 45 Cal.4th at 1018.) Thus, the plain language of the contract governs its interpretation. (Civ.Code § 1638.) Ordinary words are given their ordinary meaning and technical words being given a technical meaning. (Civ. Code §§ 1641, 1644, 1645.)

The parol evidence rule "generally prohibits the introduction of any extrinsic evidence, whether oral or written, to vary, alter or add to the terms of an integrated written instrument." (Casa Herrera, Inc. v. Beydoun (2004) 32 Cal.4th 336, 343 [citation omitted]; Code Civ., Proc., § 1856(a).) This is because the written agreement supersedes the negotiations which precede or accompany the agreement's execution. (Id. at 344.) Thus, the parol evidence rule establishes that prior or contemporaneous agreements cannot contradict the terms contained in an integrated written agreement. (Id.; Founding Members of the New Port Beach Country Club, Inc. (2003) 109 Cal.App.4th 944, 954.)

In interpreting the contract, the court determines, as a matter of law, not fact, whether the language is ambiguous. (Winet v. Price (1992) 4 Cal.App.4th 1159, 1165.) Unless such an ambiguity exists, parol evidence is not admissible. (Id.) Even where there is an ambiguity, the parol evidence rule bars the introduction of extrinsic evidence of prior or contemporaneous statements to vary or contradict the terms of a writing that was intended by the parties as a final expression of their JOINT STATEMENT OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC LANDOWNERS REGARDING MUTUALS' MOTION TO INTERPRET THE JUDGMENT

agreement as to those terms. (Code Civ. Proc., § 1856(a); Pacific Gas & Elec. Co. v. G.W. Thomas Drayage (1968) 69 Cal.2d 33, 39-40; Winet v. Price, supra, 4 Cal.App.4th 1159, 1166.)

B. The Mutuals' Proposed Interpretation Would Contradict and Render Part of the Judgment Meaningless and Disenfranchise the Public Landowners.

The language of section 18.1.1 of the Judgment is clear and unambiguous. Each landowner shown on Exhibit 4, public and private, has the right to cast one vote per acre-foot of allocation for the landowner seats. There are five public entity landowners listed on Exhibit 4, namely; Antelope Valley Joint Union High School District, AVEK, City of Los Angeles, and County Sanitation Districts of Los Angeles # 14 and #20. Although these five public landowners cannot hold a landowner seat, each is a landowner in the AVAA and bargained for a right to vote on the landowner seats. The Mutuals seek an order amending the Judgment to disenfranchise the public landowners. The request amounts to not simply a clarification of existing language, but a wholesale modification. None of the evidence proffered by the Mutuals supports a different, but reasonable, interpretation. Accordingly, all of the Mutuals extrinsic evidence on this point is not admissible and should be barred.

Ironically, after arguing that the public landowners cannot vote, the Mutuals next argue that the two landowner seats should be represented by distinct and diverse interests within the landowner group, such as large vs small, or agriculture vs non-agriculture. (Motion, p. 13-15.) The Mutuals' motive is transparent - to increase the voting power of the Mutuals, a cardinal change in the Judgment. The only evidence proffered to support this argument comes from the failed Antelope Valley Accord. The draft Antelope Valley Accord (Exhibit 3 to Motion) contemplated a 7 to 9 member Board, with a seat held by the Mutuals. Obviously, that agreement failed and evidence of the Accord is irrelevant and not admissible to alter or vary the terms of the Judgment. The Mutuals complain that without further subdividing the seats, diverse interests cannot be represented on the Board. To the contrary, Exhibit 4 represents all of the diverse interests. By giving each Party on Exhibit 4 one vote per acre-foot of allocation, all diverse interests are represented commensurate with their respective stake in the water resources. That is exactly what the Stipulating parties agreed to. Moreover, the Mutuals' proposed modification would lead to the absurd result of leaving the JOINT STATEMENT OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC LANDOWNERS REGARDING MUTUALS' MOTION TO INTERPRET THE JUDGMENT

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27 28 public landowners without representation on the Board.

## None of the Mutuals' Proffered Evidence is Offered To Explain Section 18.1.1, C. but Rather Offered to Vary, Contradict or Modify the Judgment.

None of the declarations, exhibits or other evidence proffered by the Mutuals demonstates that the Judgment is ambiguous, or that the Stipulating Parties reached some other agreement not reflected in the Judgment. In fact, the Mutuals concede that no such extraneous agreement was reached, and instead attempt to rely on deal points from the failed Antelope Valley Accord. The Court should interpret the Judgment based on the four corners of the document. Because the Mutuals do not propose to offer any admissible evidence to clarify an ambiguity, the private and public landowners do not intend to affirmatively offer any witnesses or evidence on the purported issues raised as to the meaning of Section 18.1.1 of the Judgment, but reserve the right to present rebuttal evidence and testimony, including without limitation the testimony of Jan Goldsmith, Esq., and possibly other attorneys who participated in the negotiations which resulted in the parties' Stipulation for the Judgment and Physical Solution. The anticipated length of their testimonies would be 2-3 hours. Their proposed testimony would be that the parties' agreed that the public landowners listed on Exhibit 4 would be allowed to vote on the selection of the two landowner representatives to the Watermaster Board, and there was no agreement that the landowner representatives should represent differing water uses. Indeed, the undersigned would be surprised if the Mutuals even attempted to offer any contrary evidence. The statements of law relied upon by the undersigned are set forth herein and in their Joint Opposition posted and filed on May 12, 2016, and Evidence Code section 1152.

Additionally, in the event the Court determines to hold an evidentiary hearing as to the Mutuals' allegations that certain improprieties occurred during the Watermaster formation meetings, AVEK intends to call as witnesses Dwayne Chisam (its General Manager), Robert Parris, Esq. (AVEK Board Member), Gregory Reed (by declaration), and possibly others. The anticipated length

Significantly, the Mutuals' supporting declarations do not lay any foundation for the claim that the parties agreed and intended that: the word "landowner" should be given the restrictive meaning suggested in their Motion; or the two landowner seats should represent differing water uses. JOINT STATEMENT OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC LANDOWNERS REGARDING MUTUALS' MOTION TO INTERPRET THE JUDGMENT

1	of their testimonies would be 2-3 hours. AVEK would also offer at that time the exhibits attached to		
2	Mr. Chisam's declaration which was posted and filed May 12, 2016. This includes the Nomination		
3	form and the Statement of rules and procedures for the election of the two landowner		
4	representatives, agreed to by virtually all parties listed on Exhibit 4 who have participated in the		
5	process, and which afford due process and fairness to all.		
6			
7	Dated: May 16, 2016	ELLISON, SCHNEIDER & HARRIS	
8		Ву:	
9		Christopher Sanders, Attorneys for	
10		COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT OF LOS ANGELES COUNTY NOS. 14 AND 20Dated: May	
11		16, 2016	
12	Dated: May 16, 2016	BRUNICK, McELHANEY & KENNEDY PLC	
13	Saled: 1718y 10, 2010	Diction, Modelining Content of the	
14		Ву:	
15		William J. Brunick Leland P. McElhaney	
16		Attorneys for ANTELOPE VALLEY-EAST KERN WATER AGENCY	
17			
18	Dated: May 16, 2016	CLIFFORD & BROWN	
19			
20		By:Richard G. Zimmer	
21		Attorneys for BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC	
22		and WM. BOLTHOUSE FARMS, INC.	
23	Dated: May 16, 2016	KRONICK, MOSKOVITZ, TIEDEMANN & GIRARD	
24		Le la Dall	
25		By: Stanley Powell	
26		Attorneys for the CITY OF LOS ANGELES	
27		by and through its Department of Airports, Los Angeles World Airports (LAWA)	
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2	Dated: May 16, 2016	LeBEAU-THELEN
3		Day 12
4		Bob Joyce Attorneys for DIAMOND FARMING
5 6		Attorneys for DIAMOND FARMING, GRIMMWAY ENTERPRISES, INC., CRYSTAL ORGANIC FARMS and LAPIS
7		LAND CO.
8	Dated: May 16, 2016	KUHS & PARKER
9		
10		Ву:
11		Robert Kuhs Attorneys for TEJON RANCHCORP, TEJON
12		RANCH COMPANY and GRANITE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY
13		CONSTRUCTION COMPANY
14	Dated: May 16, 2016	YOUNG - WOOLRIDGE
15		
16		By:Scott Kuney
17		Attorneys for CRAIG VAN DAM, DELMAR D. VAN DAM, GARY VAN DAM,
18		GERTRUDE J. VAN DAM
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1	Dated: May 16, 2016	I DE ATT THE EN
2	Dated. May 10, 2010	LeBEAU-THELEN
3		By:
<b>4</b> 5		Bob Joyce Attorneys for DIAMOND FARMING, GRIMMWAY ENTERPRISES, INC.,
6		CRYSTAL ORGANIC FARMS and LAPIS
7		LAND CO.
8	Dated: May 16, 2016	KUHS & PARKER
9		Plants
10		By: Robert Kuhs
11		Attorneys for TEJON RANCHCORP, TEJON
12		RANCH COMPANY and GRANITE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY
13		
14	Dated: May 16, 2016	YOUNG - WOOLRIDGE
15		
16		By:Scott Kuney
17		Attorneys for CRAIG VAN DAM, DELMAR
18		D. VAN DAM, GARY VAN DAM, GERTRUDE J. VAN DAM
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2	Dated: May 16, 2016	LeBEAU-THELEN
3	-	Ву:
4		Bob Joyce
5		Attorneys for DIAMOND FARMING, GRIMMWAY ENTERPRISES, INC.,
6		CRYSTAL ORGANIC FARMS and LAPIS LAND CO.
7		
8	Dated: May 16, 2016	KUHS & PARKER
9		
10	· ·	By:Robert Kuhs
11		Attorneys for TEJON RANCHCORP, TEJON
12		RANCH COMPANY and GRANITE CONSTRUCTION COMPANY
13		
14	Dated: May 16, 2016	YOUNG - WOOLRIDGE
15		
16		By: Scott Kuney
17		Attorneys for CRAIG VAN DAM, DELMAR, D. VAN DAM, GARY VAN DAM,
18		GERTRUDE J. VAN DAM
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## **PROOF OF SERVICE**

STATE OF CALIFORNIA }
COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO}

I am employed in the County of the San Bernardino, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action; my business address is 1839 Commercenter West, San Bernardino, California.

On May 16, 2016, I served the foregoing document(s) described as: JOINT STATEMENT OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC LANDOWNERS REGARDING MUTUALS' MOTION TO INTERPRET JUDGMENT (PER COURT'S MAY 3, 2016 MINUTE ORDER) on the interested parties in this action served in the following manner:

XX BY ELECTRONIC SERVICE AS FOLLOWS by POSTING the document(s) listed above to the Santa Clara website in the action of the *Antelope Valley Groundwater Litigation*, Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding No. 4408, Santa Clara Case No. 1-05-CV-049053.

X (STATE) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed on May 16, 2016, at San Bernardino, California.

P. To Anne Quihuis