LAW OFFICES OF 1 SHELDON R. BLUM 2 2242 CAMDEN AVENUE, SUITE 201 SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA 95124 TEL: (408) 377-7320 3 Fax: (408) 377-2199 STATE BAR No. 83304 4 Attorney for Defendant SHELDON R. BLUM. 5 TRUSTEE For The SHELDON R. BLIM TRUST 6 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 7 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 8 Coordinated Proceedings Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding Special Title (Rule 1550 (b)) No. 4408 ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER Santa Clara Case No. 1-05-CV-049053 CASES Assigned to Hon, Jack Komar 11 Included Actions: **BLUM TRUSTEE'S REPLY BRIEF RE:** 12 DEMURRER TO SECOND AMENDED **COMPLAINT TO QUIET TITLE OF** 13 Los Angeles County Waterworks District PLAINTIFF WM. BOLTHOUSE FARMS. No. 40 v. Diamond Farming Co. INC. Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BC 325 201 15 Hearing Date: March 3, 2008 Time: 10:00 a.m. 16 Los Angeles County Waterworks District Dept.: 1 No. 40 v. Diamond Farming Co. Judge: Hon. Jack Komar 17 Kern County Superior Court Case No. S-1500-CV-254-348 Complaint Filed: 1/25/01 18 First Amended Complaint filed: 5/1/01 Second Amended Complaint filed: 11/14/03 19 Wm. Bolthouse Farms, Inc., v. City of & 12/3/03 Lancaster; Diamond Farming Co. v. City of 20 Lacncaster; Diamond Farming Co. v. City Trial Date: Not Set of Palmdate Water District. 21 Riverside County Superior Court 22 Consolidated Action Nos. RIC 344 840. RIC 344 436, RIC 344 668 23 AND RELATED CROSS-ACTIONS. 24 25 Defendant SHELDON R. BLUM, TRUSTEE For The SHELDON R. BLUM TRUST 26 (hereinafter "BLUM TRUSTEE"), hereby submits his Reply Brief to Plaintiff WM. BOLTHOUSE 27

Reply Brief of Blum Trustee Re: Demurrer To Second Amended Complaint To Quiet Title

28

FARMS, INC., (hereinafter "BOLTHOUSE FARMS"), Opposition, as follows:

#### INTRODUCTION

BLUM TRUSTEE filed a Demurrer to the Second Amended Complaint To Quiet Title of Plaintiff BOLTHOUSE FARMS (hereinafter "SAC), on the following grounds under Code of Civil Procedure §§ 430.10: (1) Another action pending between the same parties or privies on the same cause of action (subd. (c)); (2) Defect or misjoinder of parties (subd. (d)); (3) Failure to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action (subd. (e)); and (4) Uncertainty (subd. (f)). BLUM TRUSTEE also requested an award for reasonable attorney fees and other costs of suit. (Cal. Civ. Code § 1717, Cal. Civ. Proc. § 1033.5(a)(10)(A)).

Plaintiff BOLTHOUSE FARMS filed opposition to the Demurrer, stating: (1) BLUM
TRUSTEE has no standing to file a Demurrer since he is not a defendant in the action; (2) The
Court may not Judicially Notice the Lease Agreement between BOLTHOUSE FARMS and BLUM
TRUSTEE; (3) Both Plaintiff BOLTHOUSE FARMS and Cross-Complainant BOLTHOUSE
PROPERTIES are "real parties in interest" because they are separate entities and any conflict
between their pleadings is of no consequence; (4) Plaintiff asserts no claim of right to water
beneath BLUM'S property paramount or adverse to BLUM, but rather are subservient and
founded upon the rights conferred by the lease; (5) There is no defect or misjoinder of parties
because BLUM TRUSTEE is not a DOE Defendant, indispensable party or interested party to the
SAC; (6) The filing of the Cross-Complaint of BOTLHOUSE PROPERTIES after the filing of
Plaintiff BOLTHOUSE FARMS SAC does not constitute another pending action; (7) The CrossComplaint (i.e. omits SAC), is not uncertain, and therefore no further comment is warranted; and
(8) Judicial Notice of the Lease Agreement and the contractual issue of attorney fee is improper
and should not be addressed herein.

Z

## II. LEGAL ANALYSIS

1. THE SAC CLEARLY IDENTIFIES BLUM TRUSTEE AS A DEFENDANT WHO IS A DOE DEFENDANT, AS WELL AS AN INDISPENSABLE OR INTERESTED PARTY, AS A MATTER OF LAW.

Plaintiff BOLTHOUSE FARMS has a patent misunderstanding of the thrust of its allegations asserted in its verified SAC Quite Title action against known "LEASED" fee owners of record, including BLUM TRUSTEE. It goes well beyond Plaintiff's claim to be quieting title "against certain municipal purveyors only."

BOLTHOUSE FARMS action clearly alleges superior priority of overlying water rights on each "PARCEL" identified in Exhibit "A", in connection with its farming operations on "PROPERTIES" it owns and leases. BOLTHOUSE FARMS further alleges that "plaintiff's overlying water rights" are superior to any rights defendants may have to take groundwater for non-overlying use." Plaintiff then alleges that "the claim of each defendant to superior or coequal rights to extract and use groundwater is without basis in law or equity". (SAC Pg. 4, ¶ 8, ¶ 10, ¶ 12, ¶ 14).

Under a misconception of the law, BOLTHOUSE FARMS failed to name and serve any of the expressly identified fee owners, and disingenuously claimed to be ignorant of the true names and capacities of "All Persons Unknown Claiming Any Legal Or Equitable Right, Title, Estate, Lien, Or Interest in the PROPERTIES Described In This Complaint Adverse to Plaintiff's Title, Or Any Cloud Upon Plaintiff's Title Thereto." Plaintiff further claims to be ignorant of DOE Defendants "who claim that they have water rights to extract groundwater for non-overlying use based on rights co-equal or superior to Plaintiff. (SAC Pg. 3 ¶ 6).

BOLTHOUSE FARMS incorrectly surmised that BLUM TRUSTEE claims no equitable or legal rights, title or interests in the groundwater beneficially used on the BLUM PARCELS adverse to, inconsistent with, competing against or negatively impacted by Plaintiff's purported title claim.

Plaintiff's position, that there is no defect or misjoinder of parties since BLUM TRUSTEE is not a indispensable or interested party or otherwise within the above-stated classification of a "Person Unknown Claiming Any Legal Or Equitable Right, Title, Estate Or interest.." and/or a DOE Defendant is faulty and misplaced as a matter of fact, procedural and substantive law.

Immediate action by BLUM TRUSTEE was necessary, based on being clearly identified in the SAC, Exhibit "A", and either named fictitiously as a "Person Claiming Any Legal Or Equitable Right, Estate Or Interest", as a DOE Defendant or otherwise as a matter of law, should have been compulsory or permissively joined in the SAC action. The action in essence is a pending action against the BLUM PARCELS, and to third parties, establishes a perceived cloud or encumbrance on BLUM TRUSTEE'S title. Under Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 761.010, Plaintiff was required to file a notice of the pending action in the County Recorders Office where the real property described in the SAC is located.

The SAC also asserts competing and frivolous claims against BLUM TRUSTEE'S property and water rights, and represents a default under the lease, and an injustice and inequity of the BLUM PARCELS 116 agricultural acres, under the California priority water allocation system. Plaintiff's farming conduct is within the classification of 'appropriative use' of water and not 'overlying use of water on the BLUM PARCELS, since it delivers groundwater from another parcel. (*City of Barstow v. Mojave Water Agency* (2000) 23 Cal.4<sup>th</sup> 1224).

# 2. PLAINTIFF NOW CONCEDES THAT BLUM TRUSTEE IS NOT A DEFENDANT AND THAT PLAINTIFF DOES NOT CLAIM RIGHTS SUPERIOR OR CO-EQUAL TO THOSE OF BLUM TRUSTEE.

Plaintiff now seeks to disaffirm its pleading allegations, and states that: (1) BLUM

TRUSTEE is not a party to this action; (2) Plaintiff does not assert any water rights adverse or superior to those of BLUM TRUSTEE; and (3) The only water rights Plaintiff has to the BLUM PARCELS are those expressly granted under the terms of the Lease Agreement between the

parties.

Notwithstanding BOLTHOUSE FARMS' recanting position, BLUM TRUSTEE continues to find inconsistency with and variances to BOLTHOUSE FARMS conflicting propositions.

Without citing authority, BOLTHOUSE FARMS claims in its opposition that: "A lessee of BLUM'S parcels is free to assert rights to subsurface waters to which his lease grants him use. Such a claim of right asserted by a lessee is not paramount to his lessor, but rather, is subservient and founded upon the rights conferred by the lease. Accordingly, the SAC need not assert the allegations specific to BLUM to establish its quiet title claim against the municipal purveyors".

(Opp. Pg. 5, 4-10). Clearly, BOLTHOUSE FARMS relies upon its farming operations for the 'beneficial use' of the BLUM PARCELS and leasehold interest under the Lease Agreement to ostensibly claim "overlying water rights" on the BLUM PARCELS. As a matter of law, the title conferred by a lessee's occupancy is not a sufficient interest in real property to enable the occupant to commence or maintain a Quiet Title action. (Civ. Code ¶ 1006). Based on the foregoing, BLUM TRUSTEE requests this Court to sustain the Demurrer without leave to amend.

3. PLAINTIFF HAS FAILED TO ESTABLISH THAT IT IS THE REAL PARTY IN INTEREST, AS THERE IS ANOTHER ACTION PENDING BETWEEN THE SAME PARTIES OR PRIVIES, CONCERNING THE SAME SUBJECT MATTER.

Plaintiff has not established that it is the real party in interest. The allegations contained within Plaintiff BOLTHOUSE FARMS SAC and its successor [assignee, sublessee, transferee]

Cross-Complainant BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES' Cross-Complaint, are essentially identical, rely on and reference the same PARCELS, make claim to the same water rights and arise out of the same conduct as "overlying pumpers". The only distinction between BOLTHOUSE FARMS & BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, is in the spelling of their last name. Both parties are sufficiently related and claim to possess the same legally recognized interests in the same subject matter.

From the face of their pleadings, the Court can discern that they are in privy with one another, and

that the filing of BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES Cross-Complaint is based on acquiring "real party in interest" status via "Assignment" "Sublease" or "Transfer" of leasehold interests.

If it is true that BOLTHOUSE FARMS is the real party in interest, as well as BOTLHOUSE PROPERTIES, the SAC is fatally defective as it fails to establish the nature and basis of title. (Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 761.020(b). Plaintiff's general allegation of overlying water rights on LEASED PARCELS is treated as a conclusion of law (*Stafford v. Ballinger* (1962) 199 Cal.App.2<sup>nd</sup> 289, 292), and a quiet title action cannot lie in favor of an equitable title, as against BLUM TRUSTEE who is the holder of legal title. (*G.R. Holcomb Estate Co*, (1935) 4 Cal.2<sup>nd</sup> 289, 297).

## 4. PLAINTIFF'S SAC IS UNCERTAIN, AS A MATTER OF LAW.

BOLTHOUSE FARMS refuses to address and oppose the uncertainty issues in its opposition. Instead, Plaintiff only references its privy / successor in interest Cross-Complaint of BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES and states "No further comment is warranted". (Opp. Pg. 6., ¶ VII). As a matter of law, Plaintiff's response is an admission that the SAC is uncertain, and therefore the Demurrer should be sustained. (See Demurrer to SAC, Pg. 12, Section 8. Uncertainty).

## 5. JUDICIAL NOTICE OF THE LEASE AGREEMENT OR CONSIDERATION OF EXHIBIT "B", ARE THE ONLY VEHICLES BOLTHOUSE FARMS HAS TO ESTABLISH ANY WATER RIGHTS INVOLVING THE BLUM PARCELS.

Plaintiff BOLTHOUSE FARMS request that this Court disregard the attached Exhibit "B" Lease Agreement as improper material, devoids its SAC Quiet Title allegations concerning water rights arising out of its farming operations on the BLUM PARCELS.

Plaintiff's "basis of title" is obviously exclusively predicated on the terms and conditions of the Lease Agreement, which represents the "Best Evidence" to establish an essential element to a Quiet Title action. (Cal. Civ. Prod. § 761.020(b)). Without mandatory or permissive Judicial Notice of the Lease Agreement and/or consideration of the lease terms under Exhibit "B",

Plaintiff's conclusions of law render the SAC fatally defective and uncertain, and fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action for Quiet Title against BLUM PARCELS. Likewise, it cannot be ascertained from the pleadings whether Plaintiff's water rights are founded upon a lease that is written, oral or is implied by conduct. (Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 430.10(f)). Judicial Notice is also warranted as the grounds for the objection to the SAC appears from the express terms of the Lease Agreement (Cal. Civ. Proc. § 430.30(a)). BOLTHOUSE FARMS does not claim surprise or lack of authentication as it was signed by BOLTHOUSE FARMS and in its possession for over 6 years.

BLUM TRUSTEE'S request for attorney fees herein is also proper as the Lease

Agreement provides for the same; the contract was properly attached to the Demurrer as Exhibit

"B"; and were incurred to enforce the terms of the contract and/or to indemnify Lessor's economic resource time by being compelled to file this herein Demurrer. (See Ex. "B" Pg. 6, ¶9A.

Indemnification, and Pg. 10 ¶ 15(c) Attorney Fees). Additionally, the Declaration of Sheldon R.

Blum is proper material under Rules of Court, Rule 3.1112(b), and remains unopposed.

### III. CONCLUSION AND REQUEST FOR RELIEF.

Despite Plaintiff's current disavowal of claims, BOLTHOUSE FARMS' opposition either remains unresponsive or without including necessary points and authorities to the many raised pleading defects and/or otherwise cannot be cured by an amendment to the pleadings. Based on the foregoing, Defendant BLUM TRUSTEE respectfully request that this court enter its order sustaining the Demurrer without leave to amend, and award him reasonable attorney fees and other costs of suit.

DATED: February 5, 2008

LAW OFFICES OF SHELDON'R. BLUM

Ву:

SHELDON R. BLUM, Esq. Attorney For SHELDON R. BLUM, TRUSTEE