LAW OFFICES OF 1 SHELDON R. BLUM 2242 CAMDEN AVENUE, SUITE 201 2 San Jose, California 95124 TEL: (408) 377-7320 3 Fax: (408) 377-2199 STATE BAR NO. 83304 4 Attorney for Cross-Defendant SHELDON 5 R. BLUM, TRUSTEE For The SHELDON R. BLUM TRUST 6 7 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding Coordinated Proceedings No. 4408 Special Title (Rule 1550 (b)) Santa Clara Case No. 1-05-CV-049053 ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER Assigned to Hon. Jack Komar CASES 12 **BLUM TRUSTEE'S REPLY BRIEF RE:** Included Actions: 13 DEMURRER TO CROSS-COMPLAINT OF **BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC.** 14 Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 40 v. Diamond Farming Co. Hearing Date: March 3, 2008 15 Los Angeles County Superior Court Time: 10:00 a.m. Case No. BC 325 201 16 Dept.: 1 Judge: Hon. Jack Komar 17 Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 40 v. Diamond Farming Co. Complaint Filed: 1/25/01 18 Kern County Superior Court First Amended Complaint filed: 5/1/01 19 Case No. S-1500-CV-254-348 Second Amended Complaint filed: 11/14/03 & 12/3/03 20 Wm. Bolthouse Farms, Inc., v. City of Trial Date: Not Set Lancaster; Diamond Farming Co. v. City of) 21 Lacncaster; Diamond Farming Co. v. City 22 of Palmdate Water District. Riverside County Superior Court Consolidated Action Nos. RIC 344 840, 23 RIC 344 436, RIC 344 668 24 AND RELATED CROSS-ACTIONS. 25 Cross-Defendant SHELDON R. BLUM, TRUSTEE For The SHELDON R. BLUM TRUST 26 27 Reply Brief of Blum Trustee Re: Demurrer To Cross-Complaint of Bolthouse Properties, LL.C.

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(hereinafter "BLUM TRUSTEE"), hereby submits his Reply Brief to Cross-Complainant BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC. (hereinafter "BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES"), Opposition, as follows:

## . INTRODUCTION

BLUM TRUSTEE filed a Demurrer to the Cross-Complaint of BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES on the following grounds under Code of Civil Procedure §§ 430.10: (1) Another action pending between the same parties or privies on the same cause of action (subd. (c)); (2) Defect or misjoinder of parties (subd. (d)); (3) Failure to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action (subd. (e)); and (4) Uncertainty (subd. (f)). BLUM TRUSTEE also requested an award for attorney fees and other costs of suit (Cal. Civ. Code § 1717, Cal. Civ. Proc. § 1033.5(a)(10)(A)).

BOLTHOUSE PROPERITES filed opposition to the Demurrer stating that the Cross-Complaint does not present any allegations against BLUM, but rather are "against the municipal purveyors only." As provided herein, BLUM TRUSTEE believes that is untrue.

The Opposition further states: (1) BLUM TRUSTEE is not a Cross-Defendant and has no standing to file a responsive pleading; (2) The Court may not Judicially Notice the Lease Agreement between BOLTHOUSE FARMS and BLUM TRUSTEE; (3) Both Plaintiff BOLTHOUSE FARMS and Cross-Complainant BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES are "real parties in interest" because they are separate entities, and any conflict between their pleadings is of no consequence; (4) BLUM TRUSTEE has no standing to object to the lack of verification, but it will provide one; (5) Cross-Complainant asserts no claim of right to water beneath Lessor BLUM'S property paramount or adverse to BLUM, but rather are subservient and founded upon the rights conferred by the lease; (6) The Third and Fourth Causes of Action are not directed against BLUM TRUSTEE; (7) The Fifth Through Tenth Causes of Action are properly pled and procedurally sufficient because they are not directed against BLUM TRUSTEE; (8) There is no defect or

misjoinder of parties because BLUM TRUSTEE is not a Defendant MOE, indispensable party or interested party to the Cross-Complaint; (9) The filing of the Cross-Complaint after the filing of BOLTHOUSE FARMS SAC does not constitute another action pending since they are separate entities with independent rights; (10) The Cross-Complaint is not uncertain nor subject to attack by BLUM TRUSTEE, and (11) BLUM TRUSTEE'S request for attorney fees is improper and should not be addressed herein.

II. LEGAL ANALYSIS

1. THE CROSS-COMPLAINT DOES NAME BLUM TRUSTEE AS A CROSS-DEFENDANT WHO IS A FICTITIOUS MOE, AS WELL AS AN INDISPENSABLE OR INTERESTED PARTY, AND WHO FILED A CROSS-COMPLAINT AGAINST BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES.

BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES has a patent misunderstanding of the thrust of its allegations asserted in its Cross-Complaint. It goes well beyond Cross-Complainant's claim to be quieting title "against municipal purveyors only." Its charging allegations and 'Prayer for Relief' requests a declaration of quieting title to Cross-Complainant's rights to pump and reasonably use groundwater on specifically identified LEASED PARCELS, which includes the BLUM PARCELS.

The Cross-Complaint alleges the following pertinent paragraphs:

- 2. Cross-Complainant owns in fee certain parcels of real property, and/or owns water rights for certain properties, (hereinafter individually referred to as a "PARCEL") in the Antelope Valley area of Los Angeles County, California. Each PARCEL has previously been identified in previous Complaints filed by WM. BOLTHOUSE FARMS, INC.
- 4. Cross-Complainant is ignorant of the true names and capacities, whether individual..., or otherwise, of the Cross-Defendants named in this Cross-Complaint as MOE, and therefore sues these Cross-Defendants by these fictitious names.
- 5. By virtue of the location of each PARCEL overlying groundwater, Cross-Complainant holds an overlying water right or other right to groundwater, entitling Cross-Complainant to extract groundwater and to put the water to reasonable and beneficial use on the property. ("Cross-Complainants overlying water rights").

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- 7. Cross-Complainant has an appurtenant right and/or other water right to pump and reasonably use groundwater on the parcels at issue in this lawsuit. These rights are superior to the rights of the Cross-Defendants, based on the California priority water allocation system.
- 8. Cross-Complainant is informed and believes that each Cross-Defendant claims that it has water rights to extract groundwater for uses that are superior to, or coequal with, Cross-Complainant's overlying water rights, based on superior water right, or otherwise, whether in law or equity.
- 10. Cross-Complainant requests a declaration from the Court quieting title to Cross-Complainant's appurtenant rights to pump and reasonably use groundwater on their PARCELS.

By incorporating into the Cross-Complaint Exhibit "A", of BOLTHOUSE FARMS, SAC, Paragraph 2, includes the BLUM PARCELS, among other PARCELS, defined in that paragraph. Cross-Complainant next claims that it "owns", the water rights to those PARCELS. Paragraph 5, in sweeping brevity, alleges that Cross-Complainant holds overlying water rights or other rights to the groundwater for the reasonable and beneficial use on each PARCEL, classified as "Cross-Complainant's overlying water rights". Paragraph 7, asserts that these rights are superior to the rights of the Cross-Defendants, based on the California priority water allocation system.

Paragraph 8, recognizes Cross-Defendants water rights, whether in law or in equity. Paragraph 10, requests an adjudication to quieting title to Cross-Complainants water rights to pump and reasonably use groundwater on the PARCELS.

BLUM TRUSTEE is correctly identified as the fee record owner of one of the LEASED PARCELS, and is an indispensable or interested party to Cross-Complainant's action. Likewise, BLUM TRUSTEE is a MOE Cross-Defendant in Paragraph 4, whose true name and capacity, has always been well known to Cross-Complainant. Cross-Complainant's also complains "against each and every person who subsequently files a Cross-Complaint against BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES, LLC," which BLUM TRUSTEE had been compelled to do. Cross-Complainant's position that there is no defect or misjoinder of the parties is faulty and misplaced as a matter of

fact, procedural and substantive law.

BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES incorrectly surmises that BLUM TRUSTEE claims no equitable or legal rights, title or interests in the groundwater beneficially used on the BLUM PARCELS adverse to, inconsistent with, competing against or negatively impacted by Cross-Complainant's purported title claim.

Immediate action by BLUM TRUSTEE was necessary, based on being clearly identified in the Cross-Complaint, and either named fictitiously as a MOE Cross-Defendant or otherwise as matter of law, should have been compulsory and/or permissively joined in BOLTHOUSE'S action. The action in essence is a pending action against the BLUM PARCELS, and as to third persons, establishes a perceived cloud or encumbrance on BLUM TRUSTEE'S title. Under Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 761.010, Cross-Complainant was required to file a notice of the pending action in the County Recorders Office where the real property described in the Cross-Complaint is located. The Cross-Complaint also asserts competing and frivolous claims against BLUM TRUSTEE'S property and water rights, as a officious intermeddler, and without just compensation. Its litigation represents an injustice and inequity regarding the BLUM PARCELS 116 agricultural acres under the California priority water allocation system. Consequently, Cross-Defendant was required to file a Cross-Complaint against Cross-Complainant. BOLTHOUSES' farming conduct is within the classification of 'appropriative use' of water and not 'overlying use' of water on the BLUM PARCELS, since it delivers groundwater from another parcel. (City of Barstow v. Mojave Water Agency (2000) 23 Cal.4th 1224).

2. <u>CROSS-COMPLAINANT NOW CONCEDES THAT BLUM TRUSTEE IS NOT A CROSS-DEFENDANT AND THAT IT DOES NOT CLAIM RIGHTS SUPERIOR OR CO-EQUALTO THOSE OF BLUM TRUSTEE.</u>

Cross-Complainant now withdraws its above-stated allegations, and states that: (1)

BLUM TRUSTEE is not a party to this action; (2) Cross-Complainant does not assert any water

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rights beneath the BLUM PARCELS paramount or adverse to BLUM TRUSTEE; and (3) The only water rights Cross-Complainant has to the BLUM PARCELS are those expressly granted under the terms of the Lease Agreement between BOLTHOUSE FARMS and BLUM TRUSTEE, to which it is not a party.

Notwithstanding BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES recanting position, BLUM TRUSTEE continues to find inconsistency with and variances to BOLTHOUSE PROPETIES conflicting propositions. Without citing authority, BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES now claims that "A lessee of BLUM'S parcels is free to assert rights to subsurface waters to which his lease grants him use. Such a claim of right asserted by lessee is not paramount to his lessor, but rather, is subservient and founded upon the rights conferred by the lease." (Opp. Pg. 5, ¶ 20-25). "Each cause of action alleges rights to water underlying identified parcels, be it as an overlying owner, overlying lessee, or as a return flow facilitator." (Opp. Pg. 7 ¶ 2-4). Cross-Complainant relies upon its unauthorized farming operations on the BLUM PARCELS and unknown leasehold interest (i.e Assignee / Sublessee / Transferee) under the Lease Agreement in order to import water and claim its ostensible "overlying water rights".

3. CROSS-COMPLAINANT HAS FAILED TO ESTABLISH THAT IT IS THE REAL PARTY IN INTEREST, AS THERE IS ANOTHER ACTION PENDING BETWEEN THE SAME PARTIES OR PRIVIES, CONCERNING THE SAME SUBJECT MATTER.

Cross-Complainant has not established that it is the real party in interest. The allegations contained within Cross-Complainant Quiet Title First Cause of Action, and its predecessor [assignor, sublessor, transferor] Plaintiff BOLTHOUSE FARMS are essentially identical, reference the same PARCELS, make claim to the same water rights and arise out of the same conduct as "overlying pumpers". The only distinction between BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES & BOLTHOUSE FARMS, is in the spelling of their last name.

If it is true that BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES is the real party in interest, the pleadings fails to state a cause of action for quiet title because Cross-Complaint has not established the nature and basis of title. (Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 761.020(b). Cross-Complainant's general allegation of ownership is treated as a conclusion of law. (*Stafford v. Ballinger* (1962) 199 Cal.App.2<sup>nd</sup> 289, 292). The title conferred by a lessee's occupancy (assignee, sublessee, transferee), is not a sufficient interest in real property to enable the occupant to commence or maintain a Quiet Title action. (Civ. Code ¶ 1006).

## 4. THE CROSS-COMPLAINT IS UNCERTAIN, AS A MATTER OF LAW.

BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES does not address significant uncertainty and ambiguity issues in its opposition. Instead, Cross-Complainant states that the Cross-Complaint is not subject to attack by BLUM, and nevertheless sets forth allegations sufficient to constitute its causes of action. (Opp. Pg. 8., ¶ XI). Cross-Complainant does not want to cure the uncertainty raised in the moving papers, including when and how Cross-Complainant supposedly acquired ownership of the subject water rights, and/or whether Plaintiff's water rights are founded upon a lease that is written, oral, or otherwise is implied by conduct. (Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 430.10(f)). Cross-Complainant's response is an admission that its opposition is without merit, and therefore the Demurrer should be sustained.

## 5. JUDICIAL NOTICE OF THE LEASE AGREEMENT OR OF EXHIBIT "B", ARE THE ONLY VEHICLES BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES HAS TO ESTABLISH ANY WATER RIGHTS INVOLVING THE BLUM PARCELS.

BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES request that this Court disregard the attached Exhibit "B" Lease Agreement as improper material, devoids its Cross-Complaint Quiet Title allegations concerning water rights arising out of its farming operations on the BLUM PARCELS.

Plaintiff's "basis of title" is exclusively predicated on the terms and conditions of the Lease Agreement, which represents the "Best Evidence" to establish an essential element to a

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Quiet Title action. (Cal. Civ. Prod. § 761.020(b)). Without mandatory or permissive Judicial Notice of the Lease Agreement and/or consideration of the attached Exhibit "B", Plaintiff's conclusions of law render the Cross-Complaint fatally defective to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action for Quiet Title. (Cal. Civ.Proc. Code § 430.10(e)). Judicial Notice is also warranted as the grounds for the objection to the Cross-Complaint appears from the express terms of the Lease Agreement (Cal. Civ. Proc. § 430.30(a)).

BLUM TRUSTEE'S request for attorney fees herein is also proper as the Lease Agreement provides for the same against anyone holding under the lease; the contract was properly attached to the Demurrer as Exhibit "B", and were incurred to enforce the terms of the contract and/or to indemnify Lessor's economic resource time by having been compelled to file this herein Demurrer. (See Ex. "B" Pg. 6, ¶9A. Indemnification; Pg. 10 ¶ 15(c )). An assignee who receives a tenant's interest in a lease is jointly and severally liable with the tenant for the damages of a landlord. (Cal. Civ. Code § 1995.330). Additionally, the Declaration of Sheldon R. Blum is proper material under Rules of Court, Rule 3.1112(b), and remains unopposed.

## III. CONCLUSION AND REQUEST FOR RELIEF.

Despite Plaintiff's current disavowal of claims against BLUM TRUSTEE and the BLUM PARCELS, BOLTHOUSE PROPERTIES opposition either remains unresponsive or without points and authorities to the many raised pleading defects and/or otherwise cannot be cured by an amendment to the pleadings. Based on the foregoing, Cross-Defendant BLUM TRUSTEE respectfully requests that this court enter its order sustaining the Demurrer without leave to amend, and award him reasonable attorney fees and other costs of suit.

LAW OFFICES OF SHELDON R. BLUM DATED: February 5, 2008

> By: SHELDON R. BLUM, Esq. Attorney For SHELDON R. BLUM, TRUSTEE