1 2 3 4 5 6	Ralph B. Kalfayan, SBN133464 David B. Zlotnick, SBN 195607 David M. Watson, SBN 219705 KRAUSE, KALFAYAN, BENINK & SLAVENS LLP Tel: (619) 232-0331 Fax: (619) 232-4019 Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class	
7		TE CTEATE OF CALLEODNIA
8		HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
9	FOR THE COUNT	Y OF LOS ANGELES
10		
11	REBECCA LEE WILLIS, on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated,	JUDICIAL COUNCIL COORDINATION
12	Plaintiff,	PROCEEDING No. 4408 Santa Clara Case No. 1-05-CDV-049053
13	vs.	Assigned to The Honorable Jack Komar
14	LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT NO. 40; CITY	REQUEST FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF WILLIS' OPPOSITION TO DEFENDANTS'
15	OF LANCASTER; CITY OF LOS ANGELES; CITY OF PALMDALE;	DEMURRER TO SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT
16	PALMDALE WATER DISTRICT; LITTLEROCK CREEK IRRIGATION)) DATE: August 11, 2008
17 18	DISTRICT; PALM RANCH IRRIGATION DISTRICT; QUARTZ HILL WATER) TIME: 9:00 a.m.) DEPT: 1
	DISTRICT; ANTELOPE VALLEY WATER))
19	CO.; ROSAMOND COMMUNITY SERVICE DISTRICT; MOJAVE PUBLIC	Phase 2 Trial: October 6, 2008
20 21	UTILITY DISTRICT; CALIFORNIA WATER SERVICE COMPANY; DESERT	
22	LAKE COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT; NORTH EDWARDS WATER	
23	DISTRICT; and DOES 4 through 1,000,	
24	Defendants.) }
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1	TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:				
2	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT in support of Plaintiff's Opposition to Defendants'				
3	Demurrer Plaintiff hereby requests this Court pursuant to California Evid. Code Section 452(d) to				
4	take judicial notice of	the documents attache	ed hereto:		
5					
6	Exhibit A:	Answer of Rosamone	d Community Services District and Los Angeles		
7		County Waterworks	District No. 40 to Complaints and All Cross-		
8		Complaints (Document No. 464)			
9					
10	Exhibit B:	Exhibit B: First Amended Cross-Complaint of Public Water Suppliers for Declaratory			
1 1		and Injunctive Relief	and Adjudication of Water Rights		
12					
13	Exhibit C:	Answer to all Cross-C	Complaints by Palmdale Water District and Quartz		
14		Hill Water District			
15					
16 17	Dated: July <u>\(\mathcal{Y}\), 200</u>	08	KRAUSE KALFAYAN BENINK & SLAVENS, LLP		
18			Rolph B Kalpayan follo		
19			Ralph B. Kalfayan, Esq.		
20	,	·	David B. Zlotnick, Esq. David M. Watson, Esq.		
21			Attorneys for Plaintiff and the Class		
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EXHIBIT A

BEST BEST & KRIEGER LLP

ERIC L. GARNER, Bar No. 130665

EXEMPT FROM FILING FEES UNDER GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 6103

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES - CENTRAL DISTRICT

ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER CASES

Included Actions:

Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 40 v. Diamond Farming Co., Superior

20 Court of California, County of Los

Angeles, Case No. BC 325201;

Los Angeles County Waterworks District 22 No. 40 v. Diamond Farming Co., Superior

> Court of California, County of Kern, Case No. S-1500-CV-254-348;

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Wm. Bolthouse Farms, Inc. v. City of

Lancaster, Diamond Farming Co. v. City of 25 Lancaster, Diamond Farming Co. v.

Palmdale Water Dist., Superior Court of 26

RIC 353 840, RIC 344 436, RIC 344 668

California, County of Riverside, Case Nos.

Judicial Council Coordination No. 4408

Santa Clara Case No. 1-05-CV-049053 Assigned to The Honorable Jack Komar

ANSWER OF ROSAMOND COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT AND LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT NO. 40 TO COMPLAINTS AND ALL CROSS-COMPLAINTS

BESTBEST & KRIEGER LLP 5 P APK PLAZA, SUITE | 500 IRVNE, CALIFORNIA 9261 4

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Cross-Defendants Rosamond Community Services District and Los Angeles County
Waterworks District, No. 40 ("Cross-Defendants") hereby answer all Complaints and CrossComplaints in these coordinated proceedings including without limitation the Cross- Complaints
filed by City of Palmdale, Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency, County Sanitation Districts
Nos. 14 and 20, Diamond Farming Company, Bolthouse Properties, LLC, Antelope Valley
Groundwater Agreement Association (First Amended Complaint) and any other Complaints or
Cross-Complaints that now or hereafter assert claims against Cross-Defendants. Each CrossDefendant answers for itself and for no other Defendant. The use of the word "Cross-Defendants"
is a matter of convenience and readability and not intended to imply a joint answer.

ANSWER

Pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 431.30(d), Cross-Defendants hereby generally deny each and every allegation contained in the Complaints and Cross-Complaints and further deny that Plaintiffs and Cross-Complainants are entitled to any relief against Cross-Defendants.

FIRST AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to State a Cause of Action)

1. The Complaints and Cross-Complaints fail to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action.

SECOND AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Waiver)

2. The Complaints and Cross-Complainants by their silence and inaction have acquiesced to Cross-Defendants' extraction of groundwater from the Basin.

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THIRD AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Unreasonable Use of Water)

3. The relief requested in the Complaints and Cross-Complaints is barred by Article X, section 2 of the California Constitution in that the requested relief would be wasteful and result in unreasonable use, unreasonable method of use, or unreasonable method of diversion of water.

FOURTH AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Waiver)

4. Plaintiffs and Cross-Complainants have knowingly and intentionally waived any right to assert some or all of the claims set forth in each and every cause of action contained in the Cross-Complaints.

FIFTH AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Physical Solution)

5. In the event of the imposition of a physical solution or some form of declaratory relief, due regard must be given to the prior and paramount nature of Cross-Defendants' prescriptive water rights.

SIXTH AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Estoppel)

6. Cross-Defendants are informed and believe, and on that basis allege, that Plaintiffs and Cross-Complainants by their acts and omissions are estopped from asserting any of the claims upon which they seek relief.

SEVENTH AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Doctrine of Laches)

7. Some or all of Plaintiffs and Cross-Complainants' claims for relief are barred by the doctrine of laches. For at least five years prior to the commencement of the instant action, the

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Basin was in a continuous state of overdraft. That overdraft continued and was exacerbated by increased domestic and agricultural production. Cross-Defendants have relied upon Plaintiffs and Cross-Complainants' inaction and their failure to make a formal assertion of any prior and paramount right to that of Cross-Defendants.

EIGHTH AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Right to Recapture Imported Water)

8. Cross-Defendants purchase water which is imported from outside the Antelope Valley Basin ("Basin") and is distributed to Cross-Defendants customers. After use by Cross-Defendants customers for irrigation, domestic, municipal and industrial uses, a portion of the imported water percolates into the Basin and augments the native supply of water in the Basin. Cross-Defendants have a right to extract from the Basin the amount of water equal to the portion of water imported by Cross-Defendants from outside the Basin which augments the Basin. This right is superior in priority to the rights claimed by Plaintiffs and Cross-Complainants.

NINTH AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Non-Interference)

On information and belief, Cross-Defendants' water production does not interfere
in any way with Plaintiffs and Cross-Complainants' claimed water rights.

TENTH AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to Join Necessary Parties)

10. Plaintiffs and Cross-Complainants have failed to join indispensable and necessary parties, namely other landowners and water producers within the Basin.

ELEVENTH AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Appropriative/Prescriptive Rights)

11. For many years, Cross-Defendants have produced groundwater from the Basin and

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distributed the water through its water system to its customers for reasonable and beneficial uses. Cross-Defendants' production of groundwater from the Basin has been open, notorious and under claim of right, hostile to any rights of Plaintiffs and Cross-Complainants, and has continued for a period of more than five consecutive years during which the Basin was in a state of overdraft. By reason of Cross-Defendants' historical production of groundwater, Cross-Defendants have acquired an appropriative or prescriptive right to groundwater that is equal or superior in priority to that of the Cross-Complainants.

TWELFTH AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Right to Assert Additional Affirmative Defenses)

12. Plaintiffs and Cross-Defendants do not presently have sufficient knowledge or information on which to form a belief as to whether they may have additional, as yet unstated, affirmative defenses. Cross-Defendants reserve the right to assert additional affirmative defenses in the event discovery indicates that they would be appropriate.

THIRTEENTH AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Tort Claims Act)

13. Plaintiffs and Cross-Complainants have failed to comply with the Tort Claims Act, Government Code Section 900 *et seq*.

FOURTEENTH AND SEPARATE AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Incorporation By Reference)

14. As permitted by the Court's Appearance Form, Cross-Defendants incorporate by reference, as if fully set forth herein, each and every affirmative defense to the Complaint or Cross-Complaint filed by any other party, whether their answers are filed before or after the filing of this answer.

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LAW OFFICES OF BESTBEST& KRIEGER LLP 5 PARK PLAZA, SUITE I SOO IRWNE, CALIFORNIA 926 4

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PROOF OF SERVICE

I, Kerry V. Keefe, declare:

I am a resident of the State of California and over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action; my business address is Best Best & Krieger LLP, 5 Park Plaza, Suite 1500, Irvine, California 92614. On February 23, 2007, I served the within document(s):

ANSWER OF ROSAMOND COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT AND LOS ANGELES COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT NO. 40 TO COMPLAINTS AND ALL CROSS-COMPLAINTS

Postsonestowers	by posting the document(s) listed above to the Santa Clara County Superior Court website in regard to the Antelope Valley Groundwater matter.
de de la constante de la const	by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at Irvine, California addressed as set forth below.
greated delice of the second s	by causing personal delivery by ASAP Corporate Services of the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.
greated states of the states o	by personally delivering the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.
emones en	I caused such envelope to be delivered via overnight delivery addressed as indicated on the attached service list. Such envelope was deposited for delivery by Federal Express following the firm's ordinary business practices.
correspondence Service on that am aware that	I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing e for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal same day with postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business. I on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.
above is true a	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the ad correct.
	Executed on February 23, 2007, at Irvine, California.
	Kerry V. Keefe
ORANGEVKKE PEFA	4201 I

ORANGE/KKEEFE/24201.1

EXHIBIT B

Property BEST BEST & KRIEGER LLP EXEMPT FROM FILING FEES ERIC L. GARNER, Bar No. 130665 UNDER GOVERNMENT CODE 2 JEFFREY V. DUNN, Bar No. 131926 SECTION 6103 STEFANIE D. HEDLUND, Bar No. 239787 3 5 PARK PLAZA, SUITE 1500 IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92614 4 TELEPHONE: (949) 263-2600 TELECOPIER: (949) 260-0972 5 Attorneys for Cross-Complainants ROSAMOND COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT and LOS ANGELES COUNTY 6 WATERWORKS DISTRICT NO. 40 7 OFFICE OF COUNTY COUNSEL 8 COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES RAYMOND G. FORTNER, JR., Bar No. 42230 0 COUNTY COUNSEL FREDERICK W. PFAEFFLE, Bar No. 145742 10 PRINCIPAL DEPUTY COUNTY COUNSEL 500 WEST TEMPLE STREET 11 LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90012 TELEPHONE: (213) 974-1901 12 TELECOPIER: (213) 458-4020 Attorneys for Cross-Complainant LOS ANGELES 13 COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT NO. 40 14 [See Next Page For Additional Counsel] SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 15 COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES - CENTRAL DISTRICT 16 17 ANTELOPE VALLEY 18 Judicial Council Coordination No. 4408 GROUNDWATER CASES CLASS ACTION 19 Included Actions: Los Angeles County Waterworks District Santa Clara Case No. 1-05-CV-049053 20 No. 40 v. Diamond Farming Co., Superior Assigned to The Honorable Jack Komar Court of California, County of Los 21 Angeles, Case No. BC 325201: [Code Civ. Proc., § 382] 22 Los Angeles County Waterworks District - PROPOSED FIRST-AMENDED CROSS-No. 40 v. Diamond Farming Co., Superior 23 COMPLAINT OF PUBLIC WATER Court of California, County of Kern, Case SUPPLIERS FOR DECLARATORY AND No. S-1500-CV-254-348; INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND 24 ADJUDICATION OF WATER RIGHTS Wm. Bolthouse Farms, Inc. v. City of 25 Lancaster, Diamond Farming Co. v. City of Lancaster, Diamond Farming Co. v. 26 Palmdale Water Dist., Superior Court of California, County of Riverside, Case Nos. 27 RIC 353 840, RIC 344 436, RIC 344 668 28

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Cross-Complainants California Water Service Company, City of Lancaster, City of Palmdale, Littlerock Creek Irrigation District, Los Angeles County Water Works District No. 40, Palmdale Water District, Rosamond Community Services District, Palm Ranch Irrigation District and Quartz Hill Water District (collectively, the "Public Water Suppliers") allege:

INTRODUCTION

1. This cross-complaint seeks a judicial determination of rights to all water within the adjudication area of the Antelope Valley Groundwater Basin as determined by the Court's Orders in this case (the "Basin"). An adjudication is necessary to protect and conserve the limited water supply that is vital to the public health, safety and welfare of all persons and entities that depend upon water from the Public Water Suppliers. For these reasons, the Public Water Suppliers file this cross-complaint to promote the general public welfare in the Antelope Valley; protect the Public Water Suppliers' rights to pump groundwater and provide water to the public; protect the Antelope Valley from a loss of the public's water supply; prevent degradation of the quality of the public groundwater supply; stop land subsidence; and avoid higher water costs to the public.

CROSS-COMPLAINANTS

- 2. California Water Service Company is a California corporation which extracts groundwater from the Basin to serve customers within the Basin.
- 3. The City of Lancaster is a municipal corporation located in the County of Los Angeles, and which produces and receives water for reasonable and beneficial uses, including overlying uses. The City of Lancaster further provides ministerial services to mutual water companies that produce groundwater from the Basin.
- 4. The City of Palmdale is a municipal corporation in the County of Los Angeles. The City of Palmdale receives water from the Basin.

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day well w	Littlerock Creek	Irrigation	District i	s a public	agency	which	extracts	groundwat	CI
from the Basin	to serve custom	ers within	the Basin						

- 6. Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 40 is a public agency governed by the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors. District 40 has been lawfully organized to perform numerous functions, including providing Basin groundwater to the public in a large portion of the Antelope Valley. To this end, District 40 has constructed, maintained and operated a public waterworks system to supply water to the public.
- 7. Palmdale Water District is an irrigation district organized and operating under Division II of the California Water Code. Palmdale Water District extracts groundwater from the Basin for delivery to customers.
- 8. Palm Ranch Irrigation District Palm Ranch Irrigation District is a public agency which extracts groundwater from the Basin to serve customers within the Basin.
- 9. Rosamond Community Services District provides water to more than 3,500 residents of Kern County for domestic uses, fire protection, and irrigation. Rosamond has drilled and equipped wells to pump groundwater from the Basin. Rosamond has constructed, maintained and operated a public waterworks system to supply water to the public.
- 10. Quartz Hill Water District is a county water district organized and operating under Division 12 of the California Water Code. Quartz Hill extracts groundwater from the Lancaster Sub-basin of the Antelope Valley Groundwater Basin for delivery to customers.

CROSS-DEFENDANTS

11. The following persons and/or entities are the owners of, and/or are beneficial interest holders in real property within the geographic boundaries of the Basin. These persons

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and/or entitles claim overlying rights to extract water from the Basin, whether or not they have heretofore exercised such overlying rights: ABC Williams Enterprises LP, ACEH Capital, LLC, Jacqueline Ackermann, Cenon Advincula, Oliva M. Advincula, Mashallah Afshar, Antonio U. Agustines, Airtrust Singapore Private Limited, Marwan M. Aldais, Allen Alevy, Allen Alevy and Alevy Family Trust, Georgine J. Archer, Georgine J. Archer as Trustee for the Georgine J. Archer Trust, A V Materials, Inc., Guss A. Barks, Jr., Peter G. Barks, Ildefonso S. Bayani, Nilda V. Bayani, Big West Corp, Randall Y. Blayney, Melody S. Bloom, Bolthouse Properties, Inc., David L. Bowers, Ronald E. Bowers, Leroy Daniel Bronston, Marilyn Burgess, Laverne C. Burroughs, Laverne C. Burroughs, Trustee of the Burroughs Family Irrevocable Trust Dated August 1, 1995, Bruce Burrows, John and B. Calandri 2001 Trust, California Portland Cement Company, Calmat Land Co., Melinda E. Cameron, Castle Butte Dev Corp, Catellus Development Corporation. Bong S. Chang, Jeanna Y. Chang, Moon S. Chang, Jacob Chetrit, Frank S. Chiodo, Lee S. Chiou, M S Chung, City of Los Angeles, Carol K. Claypool, Clifford N. Claypool, W. F. Clunen, Jr., W. F. Clunen, Jr. as Trustee for the P C Rev Inter Vivos Trust, Consolidated Rock Products Co., County Sanitation District No. 14 of Los Angeles County, County Sanitation District No. 20 of Los Angeles County, Ruth A. Cumming, Ruth A. Cumming as Trustee of the Cumming Family Trust, Catharine M. Davis, Milton S. Davis, Del Sur Ranch LLC, Diamond Farming Company, Sarkis Djanibekyan, Hong Dong, Ying X Dong, Dorothy Dreier, George E. Dreier, Morteza M. Foroughi, Morteza M. Foroughi as Trustee of the Foroughi Family Trust, Lewis Fredrichsen, Lewis Fredrichsen as Trustee of the Friedrichsen Family Trust, Joan A. Funk, Eugene Gabrych, Marian Gabrych, Aurora P. Gabuya, Rodrigo L. Gabuya, GGF LLC, Genus LP, Betty Gluckstein, Joseph H. Gluckstein, Forrest G. Godde, Forrest G. Godde as Trustee of the Forrest G. Godde Trust, Lawrence A. Godde, Lawrence A. Godde and Godde Trust, Maria B. Gorrindo, Maria B. Gorrindo as Trustee for the M. Gorrindo Trust, Wendell G. Hanks, Andreas Hauke, Marilyn Hauke, Healy Enterprises, Inc., Walter E. Helmick, Donna L. Higelmire, Michael N. Higelmire. Davis L. and Diana D. Hines Family Trust, Hooshpack Dev Inc., Chi S. Huang, Suchu T. Huang, John Hui, Hypericum Interests LLC, Daryush Iraninezhad, Minoo Iraninezhad, Esfandiar Kadivar, Esfandiar Kadivar as Trustee of the Kadivar Family Trust, A. David Kagon, A. David

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Kagon as Trustee for the Kagon Trust, Jack D. Kahlo, Cheng Lin Kang, Herbert Katz, Herbert Katz as Trustee for the Katz Family Trust, Marianne Katz, Lilian S. Kauffman, Lilian S. Kaufman as Trustee for the Kaufman Family Trust, Kazuko Yoshimatsu, Barbara L. Keys, Barbara L. Keys as Trustee of the Barbara L. Keys Family Trust, Billy H. Kim, Illy King, Illy King as Trustee of the Illy King Family Trust, Kootenai Properties, Inc., Kutu Investment Co., Gailen Kyle, Gailen Kyle as Trustee of the Kyle Trust, James W. Kyle, James W. Kyle as Trustee of the Kyle Family Trust, Julia Kyle, Wanda E. Kyle, Fares A. Lahoud, Eva Lai, Paul Lai, Ying Wah Lam, Land Business Corporation, Richard E. Landfield, Richard E. Landfield as Trustee of the Richard E. Landfield Trust, Lawrence Charles Trust, William Lewis, Mary Lewis, Pei Chi Lin, Man C. Lo, Shiung Ru Lo, Lyman C. Miles, Lyman C. Miles as Trustee for the Miles Family Trust, Malloy Family Partners LP, Mission Bell Ranch Development, Barry S. Munz, Kathleen M. Munz, Terry A. Munz, M.R. Nasir, Souad R. Nasir, Eugene B. Nebeker, Simin C. Neman, Henry Ngo, Frank T. Nguyen, Juanita R. Nichols, Oliver Nichols, Oliver Nichols as Trustee of the Nichols Family Trust, Owl Properties, Inc., Palmdale Hills Property LLC, Norman L. Poulsen, Marilyn J. Prewoznik, Marilyn J. Prewoznik as Trustee of the Marilyn J. Prewoznik Trust, Elias Qarmout, Victoria Rahimi, R and M Ranch, Inc., Patricia A. Recht, Veronika Reinelt, Reinelt Rosenloecher Corp. PSP, Patricia J. Riggins, Patricia J. Riggins as Trustee of the Riggins Family Trust, Edgar C. Ritter, Paula E. Ritter, Paula E. Ritter as Trustee of the Ritter Family Trust, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Los Angeles, Romo Lake Los Angeles Partnership, Rosemount Equities LLC Series, Royal Investors Group, Royal Western Properties LLC, Oscar Rudnick, Rebecca Rudnick, Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy, Marygrace H. Santoro, Marygrace H. Santoro as Trustee for the Marygrace H. Santoro Rev Trust, San Yu Enterprises, Inc., Daniel Saparzadeh, Helen Stathatos, Savas Stathatos, Savas Stathatos as Trustee for the Stathatos Family Trust, Seven Star United LLC, Mark H. Shafron, Robert L. Shafron, Kamram S. Shakib, Donna L. Simpson, Gareth L. Simpson, Gareth L. Simpson as Trustee of the Simpson Family Trust, Soaring Vista Properties, Inc., State of California, George C. Stevens, Jr., George C. Stevens, Jr. as Trustee of the George C. Stevens, Jr. Trust, George L. Stimson, Jr., George L. Stimson, Jr. as Trustee of the George L. Stimson, Jr. Trust, Tejon Ranch, Mark E. Thompson A P

and the same

C Profit Sharing Plan, Tierra Bonita Ranch Company, Tiong D. Tiu, Beverly J. Tobias, Beverly J. Tobias as Trustee of the Tobias Family Trust, Jung N. Tom, Wilma D. Trueblood, Wilma D. Trueblood as Trustee of the Trueblood Family Trust, Unison Investment Co., LLC, Delmar D. Van Dam, Gertrude J. Van Dam, Keith E. Wales, E C Wheeler LLC, William Bolthouse Farms, Inc., Alex Wodchis, Elizabeth Wong, Mary Wong, Mike M. Wu, Mike M. Wu as Trustee of the Wu Family Trust, State of California 50th District and Agricultural Association, and U.S. Borax, Inc.

12. The Public Water Suppliers are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that cross-defendant Roes 1 through 100,000 are the owners, lessees or other persons or entities holding or claiming to hold ownership or possessory interests in real property within the boundaries of the Basin; extract water from the Basin; claim some right, title or interest to water located within the Basin; or that they have or assert claims adverse to the Public Water Suppliers' rights and claims. The Public Water Suppliers are presently unaware of the true names and capacities of the Roe cross-defendants, and therefore sue those cross-defendants by fictitious names. The Public Water Suppliers will seek leave to amend this cross-complaint to add names and capacities when they are ascertained.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 13. The Public Water Suppliers bring this action against all persons similarly situated. The class will be composed of all owners of land within the adjudication area that is not within the service area of a public entity, public utility, or mutual water company. The persons in this class are so numerous, consisting of approximately 65,000 parcels, that the joinder of all such persons is impracticable and that the disposition of their claims in a class action rather than in individual actions will benefit the parties and the court.
- 14. There is a well-defined community of interests in the questions of law and fact affecting the defendant class members in that they each allege an identical overlying right to take

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native groundwater from a common supply for their reasonable and beneficial use. As they each seek a common right, they have predominantly common issues of fact and law. Additionally, each class member will have common defenses against competing water rights including a claim by the United States that it has a Federal Reserved right. These questions of law and fact predominate over questions that affect only the individual class members. The claims and defenses of the class members and the class representative are typical of those of the class and the class representative will fairly and adequately represent the interests of the class.

THE UNITED STATES IS A NECESSARY PARTY TO THIS ACTION

- 15. This is an action to comprehensively adjudicate the rights of all claimants to the use of a source of water located entirely within California, *i.e.*, the Basin, and for the ongoing administration of all such claimants' rights.
- 16. The Public Water Suppliers are informed and believe, and on that basis allege, that the United States claims rights to the Basin water subject to adjudication in this action by virtue of owning real property overlying the Basin, including Edwards Air Force Base.
- 17. For the reasons expressed in this cross-complaint, the United States is a necessary party to this action pursuant to the McCarran Amendment, 43 U.S.C. § 666.
- 18. Under the McCarran Amendment, the United States, as a necessary party to this action, is deemed to have waived any right to plead that the laws of California are not applicable, or that the United States is not subject to such laws by virtue of its sovereignty.
- 19. Under the McCarran Amendment, the United States, as a necessary party to this action, is subject to the judgments, orders and decrees of this Court.

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HISTORY OF THE ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER BASIN

- 20. For over a century, California courts have used the concept of a groundwater basin to resolve groundwater disputes. A groundwater basin is an alluvial aquifer with reasonably well-defined lateral and vertical boundaries.
- Desert, about 50 miles northeast of the City of Los Angeles. The Basin encompasses about 1,000 square miles in both Los Angeles and Kern Counties, and is separated from the northern part of the Antelope Valley by faults and low-lying hills. The Basin is bounded on the south by the San Gabriel Mountains and on the northwest by the Tehachapi Mountains. The Basin generally includes the communities of Lancaster, Palmdale and Rosamond as well as Edwards Air Force Base.
- 22. Various investigators have studied the Antelope Valley and some have divided the Basin into "sub-basins." According to the Public Water Suppliers' information and belief, to the extent the Antelope Valley is composed of such "sub-basins," they are sufficiently hydrologically connected to justify treating them as a single source of water for purposes of adjudicating the parties' water rights.
- 23. Before public and private entities began pumping water from the Basin, its natural water recharge balanced with water discharged from the Basin. Its water levels generally remained in a state of long-term equilibrium. In approximately 1915, however, agricultural uses began to pump groundwater and since then, greatly increased agricultural pumping has upset the Basin's groundwater equilibrium causing a continuous decline in the Basin's groundwater storage.
- 24. Although private agricultural entities temporarily curtailed their pumping activities when groundwater levels were extremely low, agricultural pumping has increased overall during

the past decade. During the same time, urbanization of the Antelope Valley has resulted in increased public demand for water.

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25. Groundwater pumping in the Basin has never been subject to any limits. This lack of groundwater management caused the Basin to lose an estimated eight million acre feet of water over the past eighty years.

(heard)

26. Uncontrolled pumping caused repeated instances of land subsidence. It is the sinking of the Earth's surface due to subsurface movement of earth materials and is primarily caused by groundwater pumping. The Public Water Suppliers are informed and believe, and thereupon allege, that portions of the Basin have subsided as much as six feet because of chronically low groundwater levels caused by unlimited pumping. The harmful effects of land subsidence observed in the Basin include loss of groundwater storage space, cracks and fissures on the ground's surface, and damage to real property. Land subsidence problems continue and will continue because of unlimited pumping.

27. The declining groundwater levels, diminished groundwater storage, and land subsidence damage the Basin, injure the public welfare, and threaten communities that depend upon the Basin as a reliable source of water. These damaging effects will continue, and likely worsen until the court establishes a safe yield for the Basin and limits pumping to the safe yield.

PUBLIC WATER SUPPLIERS SUPPLEMENT AND COMMINGLE THEIR SUPPLEMENTAL SUPPLY OF WATER WITH BASIN WATER

28. Due to the shortage of water in the Basin, certain Public Water Suppliers purchase State Water Project water from the Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency. State Project water originates in northern California and would not reach the Basin absent the Public Water Suppliers purchases.

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29. Public Water Suppliers purchase State Project water each year. They deliver the State Project water to their customers through waterworks systems. The Public Water Suppliers' customers use the State Project water for irrigation, domestic, municipal and industrial uses. After the Public Water Suppliers' customers use the water, some of the imported State Project water commingles with other percolating groundwater in the Basin. In this way, State Project water augments the natural supply of Basin water.

30. Public Water Suppliers

30. Public Water Suppliers depend on the Basin as their source of water. But for the Public Water Suppliers' substantial investment in State Project water, they would need to pump additional groundwater each year. By storing State Project water or other imported water in the Basin, Public Water Suppliers can recover the stored water during times of drought, water supply emergencies, or other water shortages to ensure a safe and reliable supply of water to the public.

THE BASIN HAS BEEN IN A STATE OF OVER-DRAFT FOR OVER FIVE YEARS

31. The Public Water Suppliers are informed and believe, and upon that basis allege, that the Basin is and has been in an overdraft condition for more than five (5) consecutive years before the filing of this cross-complaint. During these time periods, the total annual demand on the Basin has exceeded the supply of water from natural sources. Consequently, there is and has been a progressive and chronic decline in Basin water levels and the available natural supply is being and has been chronically depleted. Based on the present trends, demand on the Basin will continue to exceed supply. Until limited by order and judgment of the court, potable Basin water will be exhausted and land subsidence will continue.

32. Upon information and belief, the cross-defendants have, and continue to pump, appropriate and divert water from the natural supply of the Basin, and/or claim some interest in the Basin water. The Public Water Suppliers are informed and believe, and upon that basis allege, that cross-defendants' combined extraction of water exceeds the Basin's safe yield.

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Source, 33. Upon information and belief, each cross-defendant claims a right to take water and 2 threatens to increase its taking of water without regard to the Public Water Suppliers' rights. Cross-defendants' pumping reduces Basin water tables and contributes to the deficiency of the 3 Basin water supply as a whole. The deficiency creates a public water shortage. 4 5 34. Cross-defendants' continued and increasing extraction of Basin water has resulted 6 7 in, and will result in a diminution, reduction and impairment of the Basin's water supply, and land subsidence. 8 10 35. Cross-defendants' continued and increasing extraction of Basin water has and will 11 deprive the Public Water Suppliers of their rights to provide water for the public health, welfare 12 and benefit. 13 14

THERE IS A DISPUTE AMONG THE PARTIES REGARDING THE EXTENT AND PRIORITY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE WATER RIGHTS

- 36. The Public Water Suppliers are informed and believe, and thereon allege, there are conflicting claims of rights to the Basin and/or its water.
- 37. The Public Water Suppliers are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that cross-defendants who own real property in the Basin claim an overlying right to pump Basin water. The overlying right is limited to the native safe yield of the Basin. The Public Water Suppliers allege that, because subsidence is occurring in the Basin, cross-defendants have been pumping, and continue to pump water in amounts greater than the Basin's safe yield.
- 38. The Public Water Suppliers are informed and believe, and thereon allege, they have appropriative and prescriptive rights to groundwater in the Antelope Valley Basin. The Public Water Suppliers are informed and believe, and thereon allege, they and/or their predecessors-in-interest, have pumped water from the Antelope Valley Basin for more than five

years prior to the filing of this cross-complaint.

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39. The Public Water Suppliers have pumped water from, and/or stored water in the Antelope Valley Basin, by reasonable extraction means. They have used the Basin and/or its water for reasonable and beneficial purposes; and they have done so under a claim of right in an actual, open, notorious, exclusive, continuous, uninterrupted, hostile, adverse use and/or manner for a period of time of at least five years and before filing this cross-complaint.

40. To provide water to the public, the Public Water Suppliers have and claim the following rights:

- (A) The right to pump groundwater from the Antelope Valley Groundwater

 Basin in an annual amount equal to the highest volume of groundwater extracted by each of the

 Public Water Suppliers in any year preceding entry of judgment in this action;
- (B) The right to pump or authorize others to extract from the Antelope Valley
 Groundwater Basin an amount of water equal in quantity to that amount of water previously
 purchased by each of the Public Water Suppliers from the Antelope Valley-East Kern Water
 Agency; and which has augmented the supply of water in the Basin in any year preceding entry of
 judgment in this action.
- (C) The right to pump or authorize others to extract from the Antelope Valley
 Groundwater Basin an amount of water equal in quantity to that amount of water purchased in the
 future by each of the Public Water Suppliers from the Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency
 which augments the supply of water in the Basin; and
- (D) The right to pump or authorize others to extract from the Antelope Valley
 Basin an amount of water equal in quantity to that volume of water injected into the Basin or
 placed within the Basin by each of the Public Water Suppliers or on behalf of any of them.

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FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Declaratory Relief - Prescriptive Rights - Against All Cross-Defendants Except the United States And Other Public Entity Cross-Defendants)

- 41. The Public Water Suppliers re-allege and incorporate by reference each and all of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 42. For over fifty years, the California Supreme Court has recognized prescriptive water rights. The Public Water Suppliers allege that, for more than five years and before the date of this cross-complaint, they have pumped water from the Basin for reasonable and beneficial purposes, and done so under a claim of right in an actual, open, notorious, exclusive, continuous, hostile and adverse manner. The Public Water Suppliers further allege that each cross-defendant had actual and/or constructive notice of these activities, either of which is sufficient to establish the Public Water Suppliers' prescriptive rights.
- 43. Public Water Suppliers contend that each cross-defendant's rights to pump water from the Basin are subordinate to the Public Water Suppliers' prescriptive rights and to the general welfare of the citizens, inhabitants and customers within the Public Water Suppliers' respective service areas and/or jurisdictions.
- 44. An actual controversy has arisen between the Public Water Suppliers and cross-defendants, and each of them. Public Water Suppliers allege, on information and belief, that each cross-defendant disputes the Public Water Suppliers' contentions, as described in the immediately preceding paragraph.
- 45. Public Water Suppliers seek a judicial determination as to the correctness of their contentions and a finding as to the priority and amount of water they and each cross-defendant are entitled to pump from the Basin.

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SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Declaratory Relief - Appropriative Rights - Against All Cross-Defendants)

- 46. The Public Water Suppliers re-allege and incorporate by reference each and all of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 47. Public Water Suppliers allege that, in addition or alternatively to their prescriptive rights, they have appropriative rights to pump water from the Basin.
 - 48. Appropriative rights attach to surplus water from the Basin.
- 49. Surplus water exists when the pumping from the Basin is less than the safe yield. It is the maximum quantity of water which can be withdrawn annually from a groundwater Basin under a given set of conditions without causing an undesirable result. "Undesirable results" generally refer to gradual lowering of the groundwater levels in the Basin, but also includes subsidence.
- 50. Persons and/or entities with overlying rights to water in the Basin are only entitled to make reasonable and beneficial use of the Basin's native safe yield.
- 51. An actual controversy has arisen between the Public Water Suppliers and cross-defendants, and each of them. The Public Water Suppliers allege, on information and belief, that all cross-defendants, and each of them, seek to prevent the Public Water Suppliers from pumping surplus water.
- 52. The Public Water Suppliers seek a judicial determination as to the Basin's safe yield, the quantity of surplus water available, if any, the correlative overlying rights of each cross-defendant to the safe yield and a determination of the rights of persons an/or entities with

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overlying, appropriative and prescriptive rights to pump water from the Basin.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Declaratory Relief - Physical Solution - Against All Cross-defendants)

- 53. The Public Water Suppliers re-allege and incorporate by reference each and all of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 54. Upon information and belief, the Public Water Suppliers allege that cross-defendants, and each of them, claim an interest or right to Basin water; and further claim they can increase their pumping without regard to the rights of the Public Water Suppliers. Unless restrained by order of the court, cross-defendants will continue to take increasing amounts of water from the Basin, causing great and irreparable damage and injury to the Public Water Suppliers and to the Basin. Money damages cannot compensate for the damage and injury to the Basin.
- 55. The amount of Basin water available to the Public Water Suppliers has been reduced because cross-defendants have extracted, and continue to extract increasingly large amounts of water from the Basin. Unless the court enjoins and restrains cross-defendants, and each of them, the aforementioned conditions will worsen. Consequently, the Basin's groundwater supply will be further depleted, thus reducing the amount of Basin water available to the public.
- 56. California law makes it the duty of the trial court to consider a "physical solution" to water rights disputes. A physical solution is a common-sense approach to resolving water rights litigation that seeks to satisfy the reasonable and beneficial needs of all parties through augmenting the water supply or other practical measures. The physical solution is a practical way of fulfilling the mandate of the California Constitution (Article X, section 2) that the water resources of the State be put to use to the fullest extent of which they are capable.

57. This court must determine, impose and retain continuing jurisdiction in order to The second enforce a physical solution upon the parties who pump water from the Basin, and thereby prevent irreparable injury to the Basin. Available solutions to the Basin problems may include, but are not limited to, the court appointment of a watermaster, and monetary and metering and assessments upon water extraction from the Basin. Such assessments would pay for the purchase, delivery of supplemental supply of water to the Basin. FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Declaratory Relief - Municipal Priority - Against All Cross-Defendants)

- 58. The Public Water Suppliers re-allege and incorporate by reference each and all of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 59. The Public Water Suppliers have rights to pump water from the Basin to meet existing public water needs, and also to take increased amounts of Basin water as necessary to meet future public needs. The Public Water Suppliers' rights to Basin water exist both as a result of the priority and extent of their appropriative and prescriptive rights, and as a matter of law and public policy of the State of California: "It is hereby declared to be the established policy of this State that the use of water for domestic purposes is the highest use of water and that the next highest use is for irrigation." (Water Code §106.)
- 60. Water Code Section 106.5 provides: "It is hereby declared to be the established policy of this State that the right of a municipality to acquire and hold rights to the use of water should be protected to the fullest extent necessary for existing and future uses. . . ."
- 61. Under *Water Code* sections 106 and 106.5, the Public Water Suppliers have a prior and paramount right to Basin water as against all non-municipal uses.

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- 62. An actual controversy has arisen between the Public Water Suppliers and cross-defendants. The Public Water Suppliers allege, on information and belief, that cross-defendants dispute the contentions in Paragraphs 1 through 43, inclusive, of this cross-complaint. The Public Water Suppliers are informed and believe, and on that basis allege, that the majority of the cross-defendants pump groundwater from the Basin for agricultural purposes.
- 63. The Public Water Suppliers seek a judicial determination as to the correctness of their contentions and to the amount of water the parties may pump from the Basin. The Public Water Suppliers also seek a declaration of their right to pump water from the Basin to meet their reasonable present and future needs, and that such rights are prior and paramount to the rights, if any, of cross-defendants to use Basin water for irrigation purposes.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Declaratory Relief - Storage Of Imported Water - Against All Cross-defendants)

- 64. The Public Water Suppliers re-allege and incorporate by reference each and all of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 65. The Public Water Suppliers purchase and use water from the State Water Project. State Project water is not native to the Basin. Importing State Project water decreases the Public Water Suppliers' need to pump water from the Basin. The Public Water Suppliers' purchase and delivery of State Project water is the reason it has been brought to the Basin. The Public Water Suppliers pay a substantial annual cost to import State Project water; this amount is subject to periodic increases.
- 66. The Public Water Suppliers allege there is underground space available in the Basin for storing imported State Project water.

- 67. As importers of State Project water, the Public Water Suppliers have the right to store imported State Project water underground in the Basin, and also have the sole right to pump or otherwise use such stored State Project water. The rights of cross-defendants, if any, are limited to the native supply of the Basin and to their own imported water. Cross-defendants' rights, if any, do not extend to water imported into the Basin by the Public Water Suppliers.
- 68. An actual controversy has arisen between the Public Water Suppliers and cross-defendants. The Public Water Suppliers allege, on information and belief, that cross-defendants dispute their contentions in Paragraphs 1 through 39, of this cross-complaint.
- 69. The Public Water Suppliers seek a judicial determination as to the correctness of their contentions that they may store imported State Project water in the Basin, recapture such imported State Project water, and that they have the sole right to pump or otherwise use such imported State Project water.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Declaratory Relief - Recapture Of Return Flows

From Imported Water Stored in The Basin - Against All Cross-defendants)

- 70. The Public Water Suppliers re-allege and incorporate by reference each and all of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 71. Some of the State Project water typically returns and/or enters the Basin, and will continue to do so. This water is commonly known as "return flows." These return flows further augment the Basin's water supply.
- 72. The Public Water Suppliers allege there is underground space available in the Basin to store return flows from imported State Project water.

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The Public Water Suppliers have the sole right to recapture return flows 73. attributable to their State Project water, or such water imported on their behalf. The rights of cross-defendants, if any, are limited to the Basin's native supply and/or to their imported water, and do not extend to groundwater attributable to the Public Water Suppliers' return flows.

- An actual controversy has arisen between the Public Water Suppliers and cross-74 defendants. The Public Water Suppliers allege, on information and belief, that cross-defendants dispute their contentions in Paragraphs 1 through 43 of this cross-complaint.
- The Public Water Suppliers seek a judicial determination as to the correctness of 75. their contentions, and that they have the sole right to recapture return flows in the Basin, both at present and in the future.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Unreasonable Use Of Water - Against All Cross-Defendants Except Public Entity Cross-Defendants)

- The Public Water Suppliers re-allege and incorporate by reference each and all of 76. the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- The California Constitution (Article X, Section 2) provides the cardinal principle 77. of California water law, superior to any water rights priorities and requires that water use not be unreasonable or wasteful. The reasonable use of water depends on the facts and circumstances of each case; what may be reasonable in areas of abundant water may be unreasonable in an area of scarcity; and, what is a beneficial use at one time may become a waste of water at a later time.
- The Public Water Suppliers are informed and believe, and on that basis allege, that 78. some cross-defendants' use of water is unreasonable in the arid Antelope Valley and therefore

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constitutes waste, unreasonable use or an unreasonable method of diversion or use within the meaning of the California Constitution (Article X, section 2). Such uses are thereby unlawful.

- 79. An actual controversy has arisen between the Public Water Suppliers and cross-defendants. The Public Water Suppliers allege, on information and belief, that the cross-defendants dispute their contentions in Paragraphs 1 through 43 of this Cross-Complaint.
- 80. The Public Water Suppliers seek a judicial declaration that cross-defendants have no right to any unreasonable use, unreasonable methods of use, or waste of water. Cross-defendants' rights, if any, must be determined based on the reasonable use of water in the Antelope Valley rather than upon the amount of water actually used.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Declaratory Relief Re Boundaries Of Basin)

- 91. The Public Water Suppliers re-allege and incorporate by reference each and all of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 92. An actual controversy has arisen between the Public Water Suppliers and cross-defendants, and each of them, regarding the actual physical dimensions and description of the Basin for purposes of determining the parties rights to water located therein. The Public Water Suppliers allege, on information and belief, that cross-defendants dispute the Public Water Suppliers' contentions, as set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 38, inclusive, of this cross-complaint.
- 93. The Public Water Suppliers seek a judicial determination as to the correctness of their contentions and a finding as to the actual physical dimensions and description of the Basin.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Public Water Suppliers pray for judgment as follows:

1. Judicial declarations consistent with the Public Water Suppliers' contentions in the

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A STATE OF THE STA	First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh and Eighth Causes of Action in this cross-			
2	complaint;			
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4	2.	For preliminary and perman	ent injunctions which prohibit cross-defendants, and	
5	each of them,	, from taking, wasting or failing	ng to conserve water from the Basin in any manner	
6	which interfe	res with the rights of the Publ	ic Water Suppliers to take water from or store water in	
7	the Basin to meet their reasonable present and future needs;			
8				
9	3.	For prejudgment interest as	permitted by law;	
10	-			
1.1	4.	For attorney, appraisal and	expert witness fees and costs incurred in this action;	
12	and			
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14	5.	Such other relief as the coun	rt deems just and proper.	
1.5	Dated: Janua	irv 10. 2007	BEST BEST & KRIEGER LLP	
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18	rigidipolishi da		BRIGL. GARNER JEFINEY V. DUNN	
19	And an analysis of the state of		STEFANIE D. HEDLUND Attorneys for Cross-Complainants	
20	The state of the s		ROSAMOND COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT and LOS ANGELES	
21	And the state of t		COUNTY WATERWORKS DISTRICT NO. 40	
22	Accordance to the control of the con			
23	ORANGE/32819.1			
24	and the state of t	κ_i :		
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LAW OFFICES OF BESTRESTS KRIEGEP LLP 5 PARK PLAZA, SUITE I SOO (RWNE, CALIFORNIA 923) 4

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PROOF OF SERVICE

I, Kerry V. Keefe, declare:

I am a resident of the State of California and over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action; my business address is Best Best & Krieger LLP, 5 Park Plaza, Suite 1500, Irvine, California 92614. On March 13, 2007, I served the within document(s):

FIRST-AMENDED CROSS COMPLAINT OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLIERS FOR DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVED RELIEF AND ADJUDICATION OF WATER RIGHTS

	by posting the document(s) listed above to the Santa Clara County Superior Court website in regard to the Antelope Valley Groundwater matter.
estation of the second	by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at Irvine, California addressed as set forth below.
encentralization of the contralization of th	by causing personal delivery by ASAP Corporate Services of the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.
nativation and all and a second a second and	by personally delivering the document(s) listed above to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below.
- removables	I caused such envelope to be delivered via overnight delivery addressed as indicated on the attached service list. Such envelope was deposited for delivery by Federal Express following the firm's ordinary business practices.
Service on that am aware that	I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing e for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal same day with postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business. I on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation e meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.
above is true a	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the nd correct.
	Executed on March 13, 2007, at Irvine, California.
	Kerry V Kbefe
ORANGEKKEEFE	24201.1 - 1 -

PROOF OF SERVICE

EXHIBIT C

EXEMPT FROM FILING FEES UNDER H. Jess Senecal (CSB #026826) Thomas S. Bunn III (CSB #89502) **GOVERNMENT CODE § 6103** 2 LAGERLOF, SENECAL, GOSNEY & KRUSE, LLP 301 N. Lake Avenue, 10th Floor 3 Pasadena, CA 91101-4108 (626) 793-9400 Telephone: (626) 793-5900 4 Facsimile: 5 Attorneys for Palmdale Water District and Quartz Hill Water District 6 7 8 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 9 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES - CENTRAL DISTRICT 10 11 Judicial Council Coordination Proceeding Coordination Proceeding No. 4408 Special Title (Rule 1550(b)) 12 ANTELOPE VALLEY GROUNDWATER Santa Clara Case No. 1-05-CV-049053 13 **CASES** Assigned to The Honorable Jack Komar, D17 14 ANSWER TO ALL CROSS COMPLAINTS 15 BY PALMDALE WATER DISTRICT AND **QUARTZ HILL WATER DISTRICT** 16 17 Defendants Palmdale Water District and Quartz Hill Water District ("Districts") answer all cross 18 19 complaints in these coordinated proceedings as follows. These include without limitation the cross complaints filed by City of Palmdale, Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency, County Sanitation 20 Districts Nos. 14 and 20, Diamond Farming Company, Bolthouse Properties, LLC, Antelope Valley 21 Groundwater Agreement Association (First Amended Cross Complaint), and any other cross complaints 22 that now or hereafter assert claims against Districts. Each District answers for itself and for no other 23 defendant, and the use of the word "Districts" to refer to both Districts is a matter of readability and 24 25 convenience and is not intended to imply a joint answer. 26 Districts generally deny the allegations of the cross complaints. 27 1. 28 G:\PALMDALE\Antelope Valley Groundwater\Pleadings\Answer to all cross complaints.doc

ANSWER TO ALL CROSS COMPLAINTS BY PALMDALE WATER DISTRICT AND QUARTZ HILL WATER DISTRICT

1	FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE
2	(Failure to State a Cause of Action)
3	2. Cross Complainants have failed to state facts sufficient to state a cause of action agains
4	Districts.
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6	SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE
7	(Uncertainty)
8	3. The Cross Complainants have failed to describe with specificity the groundwater basin
9	from which Cross Complainants contend they enjoy rights to produce percolating groundwater.
10	
11	THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE
12	(Non-Interference)
13	4. On information and belief, Districts' water production does not interfere in any way wi
14	Cross Complainants' claimed water rights.
15	
16	FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE
17	(Consent, Waiver, Estoppel, Laches)
18	5. On information and belief, the Cross Complainants and their predecessors have been
19	aware for many years of the Districts' production of groundwater, and of Districts' spending significant
20	amounts of public money, time and resources to develop the facilities necessary to extract the
21	groundwater and deliver it to their customers, in reliance on their right to extract groundwater. The
22	Cross Complainants, by their silence and inaction, have acquiesced to the Districts' extraction of
23	groundwater. Cross Complainants have unreasonably delayed commencement of this action to the
24	prejudice of Districts.
25	
26	FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE
27	(Civil Code, Section 1007)
28	6. The relief sought by Cross Complainants is barred by Civil Code, Section 1007.
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SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Statute of Limitations)

7. Cross Complainants are barred from relief by the provisions of one or more of sections 318, 319, 321, 338, or 343 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Failure to Join Necessary Parties)

8. Cross Complainants have failed to join indispensable and necessary parties, namely other landowners and water producers within the Antelope Valley Basin.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Stream Rights)

9. Palmdale Water District has a license to divert water from Little Rock Creek, which is one of the sources of water to the Basin. Its right to continue to divert water from Little Rock Creek is superior in priority to the rights claimed by Cross Complainants.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Right to recapture imported water)

- 10. Districts purchase water imported from outside the watershed, and distributes the purchased water through the Districts' waterworks systems to its customers. After use by the customers for irrigation, domestic, municipal and industrial uses, a portion of these imported waters percolates into the ground and commingles with the percolating ground waters contained in the Basin and thereby augments the natural supply of water in the Basin.
- 11. Districts have a right to extract from the Basin an amount of water equal to the portion of the water imported by Districts from outside the watershed that augments the supply of water in the Basin. This right is superior in priority to the rights claimed by Cross Complainants.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Appropriative/Prescriptive Rights)

- 12. For many years, Districts have produced groundwater from the Basin and distributed the water through its waterworks system to its customers for reasonable and beneficial uses. Districts' production of groundwater from the Basin has been open, notorious and under claim of right, hostile to any rights of Cross Complainants and has continued for a period of more than five consecutive years, during which time, Districts are informed and believes, there existed a period of five consecutive years during which the Basin was in a state of overdraft.
- 13. By reason of their historical production of groundwater, Districts have acquired an appropriative or prescriptive right to groundwater that is equal or superior in priority to that of the Cross Complainants.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Dedication to Public Use)

- 14. All the groundwater extracted by Districts from the Basin is devoted to the public use of distributing the same through their waterworks systems for irrigation, domestic, municipal, and industrial uses by the Districts' customers.
- 15. As a result of this dedication to public use, Cross Complainants cannot obtain any judicial relief that will in any way restrain or prevent Districts from exercising their rights to extract groundwater from the Basin.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

(Physical Solution)

16. In the event of the imposition of a physical solution or some form of declaratory relief, due regard must be given to the water rights of the Districts.